Final Request for Proposals (RFP)

Construction Manager (CM) Services for the Preconstruction Phase of the Project

I-270 Critical Bridge Replacements Project Mile Point (MP) 0.9 to MP 2.0



PROJECT NUMBERS: FBR 2706-44/C R100-364
PROJECT LOCATION: I-270 from York St. to Vasquez Blvd.
PROJECT CODE: 24947/24527

November 18, 2022

Colorado Department of Transportation 4670 Holly Street Denver, CO 80216



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SECTION 1 – SCOPE OF WORK AND PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1. CM SERVICES SCOPE OF WORK

CDOT is soliciting Construction Manager services for the I-270 Critical Bridge Replacements Project (the "Project"). The Project includes the replacement of eight bridges (four pairs) on I-270 between the York Street Interchange and the Vasquez Boulevard. Interchange. The Successful Proposer (also referred to as "Construction Manager (CM))", will provide CM services for the pre-construction phase and will have the opportunity to negotiate a price to complete the construction of any package(s). If negotiation is successful, the CM will become the General Contractor (GC) with CDOT to fulfill the Project's construction phase. The GC Construction Project Contract award to the CM is not guaranteed but is contingent on a successful negotiation of a Construction Agreed Price (CAP).

The Project Scope Elements are described in **Section 1.3.B** of this Request for Proposal (RFP). The Project Scope Elements may be modified based on packaging, CM input, Stakeholder input, and final design refinements. This project is fully funded through State resources including Bridge and Tunnel Enterprise (BTE), Senate Bill 1, and Senate Bill 267 funds. CDOT is currently pursuing additional Federal discretionary funding that may become available through the FHWA Bridge Investment Program (BIP). Any BIP funding will be used to replace state funding already committed to the project, and will not result in an increase of scope.

The scope of work reflects an approach based on the Project Goals and known risks. A primary benefit of CM/GC is the ability to contractually allocate risks to the party best able to manage the risk. Risk assessment will be a continual process throughout the pre-construction and construction phase of the project. The process will incorporate risk sharing between public and private parties holding the both parties accountable for performance and expenditure of public resources.

The Successful Proposer shall analyze the Project Goals, evaluate work elements, identify risks, quantify risk, and mitigate risks. The Successful Proposer shall also articulate a clear, well thought out, plan for delivering the Project on time and on budget, with accountability of public resources throughout the process. The Successful Proposer shall consider new approaches, innovation, modifying the Project work elements, the Project sequencing, and/or the Project packaging to increase the efficiency of the Project delivery.

The CM shall partner with an integrated design team (Design Team) which will consist of CDOT, the Design Consultant, and the Independent Cost Estimator (ICE). The CM will provide input on schedule, phasing, constructability, quality assurance of the design, and project cost estimating throughout the preconstruction phase of the Project as well as general support services to ensure complete and efficient scoping of the different Project Elements. The CM will offer innovative ideas and risk mitigation measures throughout the design phase to proactively assist the Design Team. In addition to the base input expected of the CM, the CM shall also provide opportunities, means, and methods to protect the safety of the traveling public and reduce the construction duration to minimize impacts to traveling public and reduce costs.

If it is determined to be in the interest of the CDOT, CDOT may forgo negotiations of any portion of the project, and advertise/procure those portions of the Project separately. In the event that this happens, the CM's Firm will not be eligible to submit a bid, for any package, advertised or procured separately, in which the CM's Firm participated in the preconstruction activities.

The CM's tasks during the preconstruction phase include, but are not limited to:



A. Design Review:

- Thorough review of all plans, specifications, reports, diagrams, shop drawings, as-built plans, site conditions, specifications, and all other necessary Project documentation to provide design validation from a construction expertise perspective.
- Conduct and analyze preliminary field work (coring, sampling, test holes, etc.) to assist with the design phase.
- Independently calculate quantities for verification purposes of construction packages, independent from both the Design Consultant and the Independent Contract Estimator.
- Provide constructability input on all facets of the Project including, but not limited to:
 - o Bridge Construction Methods and Elements,
 - o Structural Foundations and Walls,
 - o Geotechnical,
 - o Geohazards,
 - Resiliency,
 - Environmental Commitments including, but not limited to, reduction of air pollution throughout the lifecycle of the project,
 - Roadway and Safety Improvements,
 - o Intelligent Transportation Systems,
 - o Maintaining Traffic Operations and the Existing Capacity of I-270,
 - o Minimizing impacts of Construction to the traveling public,
 - o Material Availability,
 - o Staging,
 - Stormwater Management Plan,
 - Roadway Drainage,
 - Shoring and Phasing Techniques,
 - o Accelerated Construction Techniques and
 - o Existing Subsurface Utilities.
 - Quality assurance of design deliverables specific to mitigation of error and omission prior to negotiation
- Provide written reviews or reports and details/redlines of the Project plans and specification
 packages at Project milestones. Comments should be related to constructability, construction
 phasing, clarifications, design errors or omission mitigation and tracking, impacts to
 schedule, impacts to cost, risk identification, and recommendations to increase efficiencies of
 the Project.



- Coordinate with the Design Team to make determinations whether multiple independent and severable CAP packages are:
 - o Efficient.
 - Add value to the Project,
 - o Provide an overall benefit to the Project,
 - o Have the potential to accelerate the start of construction, and
 - o Bring the overall Project measurably under the Construction Budget.
- Coordinate with the Design Team to make determinations whether early procurement packages for materials (long lead-time procurement "LLTP") are:
 - Viable and cost effective,
 - o Have the potential to reduce the construction schedule, and
 - o Provide an overall benefit to the Project.
 - O Procurement of any LLTP materials may be done by the CM through a separate early GC Construction Project Contract with CDOT ahead of construction but not prior to completion of the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA") process resulting in a signed decision document.
- Actively participate in discussions to study the feasibility of design options and provide input on constructability, pricing, innovation, value, risk mitigation, and quality.
- Provide additional milestone reviews depending on package complexity.
- Provide timely feedback from design reviews to assist in decision making.

B. Cost Estimating:

Ongoing Tasks

- The CM shall provide rough order of magnitude ("ROM") cost estimating along with schedule impacts as design concepts/alternatives are being developed and evaluated throughout the preconstruction phase to help inform decisions. This may include:
 - Evaluating means and methods of various construction techniques that may influence design solutions with considerations of cost and schedule impacts.
 - Evaluating industry standard operating and maintenance costs to determine life-cycle costs.
 - Proposing design alternatives to reduce cost. All design alternatives must adhere to the ongoing I-270 Environmental Assessment and will be approved by CDOT and the Project stakeholders. Cost savings on any of the initial scope will be reinvested into other Project Scope Elements.

CM Tasks at Milestones

- Providing initial ROM construction estimate and associated schedule for the full Project within one month of CDOT's issuance of the pre-construction CM phase's Notice to Proceed (NTP).
- Collaborating with CDOT to establish the expectations and the format of the Cost Model for



construction packages through a series of Cost Model meetings. See **Section 1.21** of this RFP for additional information regarding the Cost Model.

- Providing construction cost estimates at milestones that shall include the following activities:
 - Item identification that is compatible with CDOT's cost estimating, standards, and specifications.
 - Submission of Opinion of Probable Construction Costs ("OPCCs") at 30%, 60% and 90% milestones for each construction package. Analysis should include availability of labor, equipment, and materials. Additional OPCCs may be required at the request of CDOT if: the package complexity indicates an added benefit, analysis of proposed alternatives is necessary, analysis of means and methods is necessary, or work is added to the Project.
 - Additional OPCCs may be required before determining the CAP proposal if CDOT agrees on their necessity. To facilitate comparisons with ICE estimates, both Contractor and subcontractor cost estimates will be included in an open book review.
 - The CM shall submit a CAP proposal when both the CM and CDOT agree the design has progressed to the appropriate level, typically at 90%.
 - Quantity and schedule reconciliation will be required between the CM, Design Consultant, the ICE, and CDOT. This may include verification of assumptions, and means of methods between CDOT, the Design Consultant and the ICE.
 - CDOT will request the CM submit a CAP proposal on early construction packages or for the procurement of long-lead items.
 - During CAP proposal reviews, the CM shall provide CDOT all production rates, material assumptions, indirect costs, and any other information as requested by CDOT to aid in reaching an agreement on a CAP proposal.
 - If a CAP proposal is successfully negotiated and accepted, the CM shall submit those CAP proposals as an Electronic Bid Submittal ("EBS").

C. Project Schedule:

- CDOT's goal is to have construction for the full Project completed as soon as possible. It is anticipated that construction can be completed within 30 months of commencement.
- Impacts to the traveling public must be minimized and is a high priority consideration in the determination of daily working time schedules allowed. The CM and/or GC must work and communicate with Project stakeholders and citizens before and during construction. Seasonal, weekly, and daily traffic patterns must be considered when planning and scheduling work.
- Notable Project schedule constraints to be considered:
 - o Environmental Requirements
 - All work is anticipated to conform to the EA and associated decision document that is expected to be completed in 2023.
 - Any early packages shall have the appropriate environmental clearances, approvals, and permits before CAP negotiation, and CAP package construction.
 - Required on-going environmental work during the design process will also be considered. Those tasks are listed in Section 1.3.E of this RFP.



- Lane Closure Policy See **Section 1.3.F** of this RFP for additional information.
- O Utility Relocation See **Section 1.3.G** of this RFP for additional information.
- o Resources (including DBE) availability due to other major regional projects.
- See Section 1.9 of this RFP for additional information regarding the Project Schedule.

D. Risk:

Risk is defined as an uncertain event or condition that, if it occurs, has a negative or positive impact on a project's goals and objectives. The CM/GC delivery method provides a forum to communicate and discuss risk in the design phase and to collaboratively address and reduce risk with the Owner, CM and the Design Consultant. A primary benefit of CM/GC is the ability to contractually allocate risks to the party best able to manage the risk. Risk assessment will be a continual process throughout the pre-construction and construction stage with risk sharing between public and private parties that holds both accountable for performance and expenditure of public resources.

Risk management will be a topic at both the 2-day Kickoff meeting and an initial Risk Management and Assessment Workshop which shall be scheduled by the CM early in the preconstruction phase. Regular risk meetings, facilitated by the CM, will be held to monitor progress. Risk responsibilities include:

- Facilitate quantitative and qualitative risk management discussions to identify risks, quantify probabilities, quantify impacts, develop mitigation strategies, and assign risk responsibility.
- Set risk meeting frequencies and prepare and update the Project Risk Matrix throughout the Project lifecycle.
- Collaborate with the Project Team to develop a Risk Management Plan, perform risk assessments, and prepare and update the Risk Matrix.

E. Innovation:

- The innovation process will be a topic of the Kick-Off Workshop, see **Section 1.1.F** of this RFP. The innovation process is intended to be an interactive and cooperative process to generate value for the Project. Following the Kick-Off Workshop,
- A combined Project Innovation and Value Engineering Workshop will be scheduled for early in the preconstruction phase.
- The innovation process during pre-construction will be an ongoing integrated process as the
 design progresses. The CM shall provide ongoing analysis specifically focused on seeking
 opportunity for innovation during all phases of the Project's development and construction.
 The CM will document this analysis through regularly submitted written reports and
 recommendations.
- Major cost elements of the Project will be discussed at the regular progress meeting and the topic will include innovations that may result in potential cost and schedule savings. CDOT expects cost savings greater than the fee paid for preconstruction services, which will result in better project value.



F. Meetings:

- The Kick-Off Workshop will emphasize the importance of partnering within the CM/GC delivery method by focusing on team building and partnering over a 2-day period. This workshop is mandatory for all key team members including key subcontractors. This workshop will be facilitated by CDOT and will cover at a minimum the following items:
 - o Introduction to the Project, CM/GC, partnering, Project stakeholder engagement, identification of roles and responsibilities. Subcontractors performing major and high-risk work items should be in attendance.
 - o The Team will review Project status, vision, goals, objectives, funding, preliminary preconstruction schedule, what success would look like, current design, etc.
 - o Initial discussion of preliminary innovations, phasing, and risk mitigations being proposed by the CM, Design Consultant, and ICE.
 - o Discussion of the Cost Model review and coordination with the ICE during OPCCs.
 - Cost Model components.
 - o Coordinate Project Schedule meetings in accordance with **Section 1.9** of this RFP.
 - Coordinate progress meeting frequencies and initiate working groups for various elements of the Project. Progress meetings may include project management meetings, design meetings, discipline/specialty meetings, stakeholder meetings, and public meetings.
 - Strategy, timing, and approach for the Project Innovation and Value Engineering Workshop.
- The Project Innovation and Value Engineering Workshop will be co-facilitated by CDOT, the CM, ICE, and the Design Consultant. Attendance and duration will be outlined at the Kick-Off Meeting. It is also anticipated that Project stakeholders' input will also be incorporated into this workshop. The approach, agenda, format, and duration for the workshop will be developed in collaboration with CDOT, the CM, ICE, and the Design Consultant. The CM shall provide input into how to achieve the desired results for the Project. This workshop could require several sessions, over an extended period. The purpose of this workshop is to evaluate the Preferred Alternative, consider any CM innovations or design refinements for the Project, incorporate value engineering principles to the Project, incorporate stakeholder input and get support for endorsement of any potential changes to the Preferred Alternative.
- The CM shall, unless otherwise directed, meet with CDOT at the CDOT Region 1 North Program Office at 4670 Holly Street, Denver, CO 80216. Meetings are to be attended in person unless otherwise negotiated. If meeting in person is prohibited, the meeting may be attended virtually.
- The following meetings are key to success on this project and attendance by the CM shall be anticipated. Other meetings may be deemed useful and necessary. Attendance to any additional meetings by the CM shall be coordinated with CDOT.:
 - o Kick-Off Workshop
 - Regular Partnering meetings
 - o Design Discipline Task Force Meetings (as agreed upon by Design Team and CM)



- Project Innovation and Value Engineering Workshop
- Field Inspection Review (FIR) for each construction scope package 30%
- Design Office Review (DOR) for each construction scope package 60%
- Final Office Review (FOR) for each construction scope package 90%
- Cost Model Review Meetings
- Quantity Reconciliation Meetings
- o Risk Management Meetings
- o Innovation Meetings
- o OPCC Review Meetings
- CAP Review Meetings
- o CAP Negotiations and Assumption Resolution Meetings (if applicable)
- o Ongoing Lessons Learned
- Other Project Meetings:
 - Weekly Project updates with CDOT Project Management Team
 - Bi-Weekly Public Information Planning Meetings (twice a month)
 - Monthly Project Leadership Team (PLT) Meetings 14 estimated
 - Monthly Technical Team (TT) Meetings 14 estimated
 - Preconstruction Public Meetings 2 estimated
- The CM shall be prepared to conduct Project Vision Meetings to analyze how Project progress is aligning and tracking with Project Goals. Items of focus include priorities, commitments, approach, scope, schedule, and cost reasonableness. The Project Vision Meetings are anticipated to be scheduled quarterly, at a minimum, to track and trend the pursuit of the Project Goals.

G. Deliverables:

- The CM shall develop and produce the following reports and deliverables:
 - Geotechnical Exploration Plan
 - Subcontractor Selection Plan
 - Material Sourcing Plan
 - Worker and Public Safety Plan
 - Risk Management Plan
 - o Comments, input, and support that will be incorporated into the Value Engineering Report (the CM will not be creating the actual document)
 - Innovation Tracking and Performance Report
 - Procurement Review Report for each LLTP CAP (GC Construction Project Contract) if required



 Submit monthly invoices and project reports to support payment of preconstruction CM services

H. Other Tasks:

- If CAP proposals are accepted by CDOT, then a separate GC Contract will be awarded to the CM, and they shall become the GC. The GC shall ensure all environmental, safety, and permit commitments that are specified in the plans, specifications, and contract documents are implemented during construction in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
- The Design Consultant will develop the Stormwater Management Plan during preconstruction with input from the CM. CDOT will review the plan throughout the development process and apply for the permit. If a CAP proposal is successfully negotiated and agreed upon, the GC will be added to the permit after the award.
- The CM shall commit to integrating Disadvantaged Business Enterprises ("DBEs") in the Project as required by the goals determined by the CDOT Region 1 Civil Rights Office. See Section 1.19 of this RFP for additional DBE Program Requirements.
- Coordinating with CDOT's Public Information Officer during pre-construction to ensure a smooth transition of communication into construction. Coordination will include involvement of the CM's proposed Public Information Manager to help develop the Public Information Plan prior to construction, to aid in public/stakeholder outreach and public meetings during pre-construction.
- Assisting in the preparation and attendance of public meetings and/or open houses.

1.2. PROJECT GOALS

The CDOT Project Goals reflect the values that this Project holds and expects. An exceptional proposal will demonstrate how each of the Project Goals will be pursued by the Proposer.

- 1. Traffic Control and phasing concepts shall seek to limit impacts to the traveling public.
- 2. Replace and decommission all deteriorating structures as efficiently as possible.
- 3. Anticipate and accommodate environmental requirements in both design and construction.

1.3. PROJECT DESCRIPTION/SCOPE OF WORK

A. Project Background

The I-270 corridor provides a vital connection from I-70 to I-25. Over 100,000 vehicles per day utilize this corridor to bypass the friction of downtown Denver to move goods, services, information, and people between northern and eastern parts of the city.

Within the I-270 corridor there are eight (8) bridge structures within a one mile stretch between York Street and Vasquez Boulevard that are the source of many challenges to the mission of this corridor. These structures have been in service for over 50 years and are requiring frequent emergency repairs. Over 300 emergency repairs have been performed to the bridges along this corridor since 2006. Each repair requires significant lane closures impacting travel time reliability in this corridor. This corridor lacks redundancy, and any detours during these emergency repairs require use of local roads or significant out-of-direction movements. Bridge inspections rated 6 of the 8 bridges in this one-mile segment as 'poor', which makes them eligible for Bridge & Tunnel Enterprise (BTE) funding for full replacement.



The Critical Bridge Replacements Project is expected to be cleared with the on-going Corridor Improvements Environmental Assessment (EA) and will replace 8 of the 12 existing bridges in the corridor. For more information and status on the Tier 2 NEPA Environmental Assessment (EA) study I-270 Corridor Improvements visit: https://www.codot.gov/projects/i270.

B. Project Information and Definition

The goal of the Project is to construct the below Project scope elements in their entirety while minimizing impacts to the traveling public and other stakeholders. The Project Scope Elements may be modified based on packaging, CM input, Stakeholder input, and final design refinements.

Project Scope Elements

Project Scope Elements include but are not limited to:

- CDOT is currently conducting an assessment of the immediate bridge maintenance needs within the project limits. The intent of the assessment is to potentially provide a strategic investment for interim repair solutions for portions of the existing structures that will mitigate the need for emergency repairs that could require emergency lane closures prior to the beginning of permanent replacement efforts. CDOT may opt to negotiate this work as an early assessment package for the Project or advertise the work separately. If CDOT elects to negotiate a Construction Agreed upon Price (CAP) with the Successful Proposer, a subsequent General Contract will be executed to complete the work.
- Replacement of (8) existing I-270 mainline structures:
 - E-17-ID WB over South Platte River
 - o E-17-IE EB over South Platte River
 - o E-17-IF WB over Burlington Canal (FRICO)
 - o E-17-IG EB over Burlington Canal (FRICO)
 - E-17-IH WB over Brighton Blvd, UPRR & BNSF
 - o *E-17-II EB over Brighton Blvd, UPRR & BNSF
 - o E-17-IJ WB over E. 60th, BNSF Railroad
 - o *E-17-IK EB over E. 60th, BNSF Railroad
 - * (NOT eligible for Bridge & Tunnel Enterprise (BTE) funds)
- Pavement reconstruction at bridge approaches to tie in new construction to existing profiles.
- Retaining walls as needed to reduce toe-of-slope, that impact Right of Way
- Advise CDOT on ROW/Easements needs for permanent features and temporary construction access
- Floodplain Management Coordination (MHFD/Adams County)

C. Project Features and Specialty Work

Major work items may include but are not limited to: bridge replacement, approach reconstruction, earthwork, landfill mitigation, retaining wall construction, major and minor drainage features, ITS infrastructure, signing/striping, and revegetation.



D. Major Project Risks

Below is a general description (but not limited to) of the Major Project Risks:

- Construction Phasing and Maintenance of Traffic: High volume interstate traffic through a highly populated and congested area with minimal or no detour route. I-270 is identified as a Hazardous Materials Route which cannot be detoured to I-70 through the Denver Metro Area. Phasing for work will be required to minimize impacts to the traveling public, encourage driver expectancy, provide access to the local communities, and shall accommodate first responder needs throughout the project limits. See Section 1.3.F of this RFP for more information regarding Maintenance of Traffic.
- Safety: High speed differentials between fast-and-slow moving vehicles present a safety hazard in a construction zone to the workers and to the traveling public. This corridor sees higher than average truck traffic for an urban interstate within Colorado. Historical data reports up to 16% trucks utilizing the corridor and contributing to speed differentials.
- Schedule: With a large scope and the likelihood of multiple construction packages, there is a greater risk that there could be greater impacts to the traveling public if construction phasing and durations are not well thought out.
- Environmental: Timing of the Environmental Assessment Signature and Decision Document, which is anticipated in 2023.
- Water Quality: The Project rebuilds the structures over the South Platte River and the Burlington Canal, which are water sources for local and regional communities. The project will also be subject to Waterways of the US permitting.
- Stakeholder Involvement: Many stakeholders need to remain involved with the Project
 throughout design and into construction. A major component of the Project will be meeting
 the commitments of the EA/decision document and continuing to engage and involve major
 stakeholders as the design progresses.
- Third Party Agreements: These bridges span the South Platte River, the Burlington Canal (FRICO), the Union Pacific Railroad (UPRR) and the Burlington Northern Santa Fe Railroad (BNSF). Each third party has a unique set of guidelines and approval processes for activities within their respective Right-of-Ways.
- High Profile Project: Large project, on a highly congested corridor, in a very high-profile area. This Project will require well thought out communications plans and must be delivered with the highest quality and safety.
- Hazardous Materials: I-270 is the one of only two hazardous materials routes through the Denver Metropolitan Area. Closure of this route for any amount of time would require rerouting Hazardous Materials with a significant out of direction detour.
- Geology: A portion of I-270 alignment is built on an existing landfill, including the approaches to several of the Critical Bridges.

E. Project Design and Development Status

Below is a general description of work progressed to date through the I-270 Environmental Assessment and anticipated ongoing work, milestones, and potential early packages:

• Design: Preliminary activities have been conducted to advance critical Project elements and define potential environmental and Right-of-Way ("ROW") impacts. Design in most areas



will remain flexible to accommodate input from the CM in the pre-construction phase. Preliminary design has been advanced to an estimated 15% depending on the level of design needed to identify potential environmental and ROW impacts.

- Roadway/Alignment: A conceptual roadway design for the corridor has been developed to an
 estimated 15% level which generally represents feasible geometric and resiliency
 improvements acceptable to CDOT.
- Hydrology/Hydraulics: A conceptual hydrology study of the area and hydraulic analysis has been performed to determine the potential environmental and ROW impacts. A preliminary Hydrology and Hydraulics Report has been completed.
- Structural: An evaluation of the existing and proposed future bridge structures has been performed, however the structure type will be selected with contractor input considered.
- Geotechnical: A preliminary geotechnical investigation has been performed with an accompanying Preliminary Geotechnical Report.
- Environmental: CDOT is currently preparing an EA for the I-270 Corridor. Continued analysis of environmental impacts, mitigation measures, and public engagement are ongoing.
- Permitting and Certifications:
 - o It is anticipated that CDOT will obtain a Section 404 Permit.
 - It is anticipated that the GC will need to obtain Construction Access Permits,
 Dewatering Permit, as well as any other permits required for construction of the Project.
- ROW: The Project has performed a preliminary ROW analysis based on the Proposed Action and has determined that most of the Project is within existing ROW. The ROW acquisition process, if needed, will start as soon as NEPA is completed. It is anticipated that initial Project packages could proceed within existing ROW with appropriate environmental clearances prior to ROW acquisition being completed for the entire Project.

F. Existing Operations and Traffic Restrictions

Traffic operations on the corridor are a priority for CDOT. Unless permitted by the CDOT Region 1 Lane Closure Strategy, the existing number of lanes shall be maintained, through all phases of the Project. The existing number of lanes is generally described as two general purpose lanes in each direction on mainline I-270.

The latest CDOT Region 1 Lane Closure Strategy outlines lane closure restrictions for I-270 through the Project area for each month of the year and is available at:

https://www.codot.gov/safety/traffic-safety/assets/work-zones/lane-closure-strategies/R1_Lane_Closure_Report.pdf.

The CM may propose changes to the Lane Closure Strategy, should the changes be needed for constructability or provide a benefit to the Project/traveling public. The process to request a change to the current restrictions is outlined in the CDOT Region 1 Lane Closure Strategy and shall also include a traffic analysis and a public information plan, to support the request. The CM may seek approval for variances to the Lane Closure Strategy, however approval is at the sole discretion of CDOT.



General Construction Constraints and Limitations:

- All work and staging must be maintained within the existing or proposed CDOT ROW.
- Environmental clearances (NEPA) for identified elements within a package must be received and approved before a CAP proposal is negotiated and before CDOT issues an NTP.
- Changes to the Project concept and scope may trigger an environmental re-evaluation, or a modification of the transportation plan from DRCOG and transportation improvement program. CDOT must comply with the metropolitan and statewide transportation planning requirements in 23 CFR part 450 and the transportation conformity requirements (40 CFR parts 51 and 93) in air quality nonattainment and maintenance areas. CDOT must provide appropriate approval notification to the GC for such changes.

G. Project Coordination Efforts

<u>Lead and Supporting Agencies</u>: CDOT is the lead agency and Owner of the Project. Oversight is provided by FHWA.

<u>Stakeholders</u>: Primary Project stakeholders and their role or involvement in the Project are listed in the following table:

Stakeholders

Agency/Stakeholder Role or Involvement				
Federal Highway Administration ("FHWA")	 Project oversight Member of the Project Leadership Team (PLT) and Technical Team (TT) 			
Adams County	Member of the Project Leadership Team (PLT) and Technical Team (TT)			
City of Commerce City	 All bridges fall within City limits Member of the Project Leadership Team (PLT) and Technical Team (TT) 			
Colorado Motor Carriers Association	 Input on freight consideration, HazMat route maintenance and temporary detour decisions Member of the Technical Team (TT) 			
UPRR	Reviews and agreements required for proposed I-270 overpass reconstruction			
BNSF	Reviews and agreements required for proposed I-270 overpass reconstruction			
The Farmers Reservoir and Irrigation Company (FRICO)	 Reviews and agreements for proposed E-17- IF/IG crossing over Burlington Canal 			



Additional Coordination Contacts

Other Stakeholders	Role or Involvement
Private Property Owners	 ROW/Easement impacts Travel impacts/delays/detours coordination and notification
RTD and Traveling public	 Roadway safety/trip reliability input Travel impacts/delays/detours coordination and notification
Recreational users	 Colorado Front Range Trail temporary detours Sand Creek Greenway temporary detours Travel impacts/delays/detours coordination and notification
Emergency Responders/Incident Command	 Emergency response/access input Travel impacts/delays/detours coordination and notification Local emergency responders are on the Members of the Project's Technical Team Incident Management and Planning for all potential impacts CDOT Executive Leadership CDOT Traffic Operations Center (CDOT TOC)
Utilities	See table below.



Anticipated Utility Coordination/Relocations

Utility Identification	Facility type	Relocation Required?
Cable Television (Comcast)	Comcast provides cable television service to the corridor communities. There is one buried fiber conduit and several cables throughout the project area	TBD
Electric (Xcel Energy)	Xcel Energy has two main feeder lines and numerous smaller distribution lines in the western part of the study area	TBD
Telecommunications (CDOT and Zayo)	CDOT and Zayo have buried fiber optic and copper cable lines throughout the study area.	TBD
Gas (Xcel Energy)	Low- and High-Pressure lines are potentially within the project area	TBD
Sanitary Sewers (South Adams County Water & Sanitation District)	Location and potential conflicts to be further investigated	Not anticipated
Water	Location and potential conflicts to be further investigated	Not anticipated
Storm Sewer (CDOT)	CDOT has a storm sewer collection system within the corridor	Yes

H. Adjacent Project Coordination and Communication

During the preconstruction phase, the CM shall coordinate and consider adjacent projects when analyzing construction phasing and construction traffic control. Known projects within or adjacent to the described project limits are listed below. If other adjacent projects are identified, the CM must also closely coordinate with those projects.

- CDOT Central 70 Project
- CDOT I-76 York Street to Dahlia Street Bridge Replacement Project

1.4. PROJECT FUNDING

This project is fully funded through State resources including Bridge and Tunnel Enterprise (BTE), Senate Bill 1, and Senate Bill 267 funds. CDOT is currently pursuing additional Federal discretionary funding that may become available through the FHWA Bridge Investment Program (BIP). Any BIP funding will be used to replace state funding already committed to the project and will not result in an increase of scope.

1.5. PROJECT DURATION

It is estimated that the Project can be constructed in 30 months from commencement. CDOT anticipates that the start of construction on the Project will begin no later than 2024. The CM shall explore opportunities to measurably reduce this construction duration to minimize impacts to the traveling public and to reduce costs.



1.6. PROJECT ADMINISTRATION

The CM shall utilize the following project administration contacts for the Project:

A. CDOT Project Director

Katie Dawson, PE I-270 Corridor Reconstruction 4670 Holly Street Denver, CO 80216 W: 303.398.6766

katie.dawson@state.co.us

B. Contract Officer

Janette Walker CDOT Alternative Delivery Program 2829 W Howard Place Denver, CO 80204

W: 303-757-9296

Primary means of communication: jan.walker@state.co.us

1.7. PROJECT COORDINATION

The CM shall utilize the following project coordination items for the Project:

A. Routine Working Contact

The routine working contact will be between the Project Management Team ("PMT"), which will be comprised of the CDOT Program Engineer, CDOT Project Director, the CDOT Design PM, CDOT Construction Manager, CDOT Environmental Program Manager, the Design Consultant Project Manager ("DC PM"), the Independent Cost Estimator ("ICE") Project Manager, and the Construction Manager Project Manager ("CM PM").

B. Project Management Team Correspondence/Communication Requirements

The PMT members are expected to communicate relevant contacts, coordination efforts, conversations, and emails where important Project Information is discussed.

C. Coordination

In addition to the stakeholders listed in **Section 1.3.G**, the CM shall partner and coordinate with the groups below. The CDOT Project Management Team (defined below) shall be included in all coordination.

- Executive Oversight Committee
- CDOT Project Management Team
 - CDOT Project Director Katie Dawson, PE
 - CDOT Regional Environmental Manager Basil Ryer, MLA, MUD
 - CDOT Design Project Manager TBD
 - CDOT Construction Project Manager TBD
- CDOT Specialty Groups
 - Region 1 Materials
 - Region 1 Traffic



- Region 1 Hydrology and Hydraulics
- Region 1 Survey
- Region 1 Environmental
- Region 1 Right-of-Way
- Region 1 Utilities
- CDOT Staff Bridge
- CDOT Staff Geotech
- CDOT Public Information Office
- CDOT Operations Center
- Design Consultant and Subconsultants
- Project Construction Manager (Owner's representative in construction) and any subcontractors
- CDOT Engineering Estimates and Market Analysis (EEMA) Group
- CDOT Maintenance Forces
- Headquarters and Regional Civil Rights Manager
- Colorado Transportation Investment Office (CTIO)
- Bridge and Tunnel Enterprise (BTE)

D. Project Co-Location

A determination whether or not co-location is essential to the success of the project and will occur after selection. The location and timeframe for co-location is to be determined but is anticipated to be in the Denver Metro or within the Project vicinity. Co-location is at the discretion of CDOT.

1.8. CONSTRUCTION BUDGET

The Construction Budget is defined as the portion of the Project budget estimated for General Contracts for Construction. The estimated required Construction Budget for this Project is \$140 million. This amount <u>does not</u> include non-construction Project costs (which are in addition to this amount) and are still being evaluated by CDOT with the goal of optimizing efficiency.

It is estimated that each General Contract for Construction shall include:

- Agreed upon CAP amount;
- The Management Price Percentage (MPP) applied to each construction item, see **Section 2.8** of this RFP for additional information;
- GC indirect costs allowed as indicated in **Appendix C** of this RFP;
- Force accounts, and risk pools that are associated with the construction of all elements of the Work described in the General Contract for Construction;
- Performance and Payment Bonds; and
- Insurance Certificate(s) for Policy Requirements identified in CDOT's Standard Specifications.



Note: Additional Exhibits, Attachments, Terms and Conditions that are a part of CDOT's standard Construction Contract Document for a Work Package will be provided at the time of issuance of a Notice of Award for a Work Package.

1.9. PROJECT SCHEDULE

Upon CM contract award, the CM shall establish a Pre-Construction Schedule according to the Project Scope Elements listed in **Section 1.3B** of this RFP in coordination with the Design Team. The CM shall incorporate the preconstruction roles and responsibilities as defined in **Appendix A** of this RFP. The Preconstruction Schedule will be used to establish the initial schedule for the Project and shall include/consider a proposed construction schedule as well.

After the scope, schedule, and budget is established for each package, an analysis shall be performed as to the status of the Project when compared to the Preconstruction Schedule. The CM shall provide continuous schedule validation for construction schedules and the overall schedule for the duration of the CM preconstruction phase.

The CM shall use either of the scheduling software programs listed in **Section 1.14** of this RFP and the CM shall maintain the schedule in the same format throughout the duration of the Project. The CM shall submit monthly schedule updates to the CDOT Project Director, or after any significant change to the Project, or as otherwise directed by CDOT.

It is anticipated that the CM will incorporate or perform the following items while developing the Preconstruction Schedule and maintaining it for the duration of the CM preconstruction phase:

- Incorporate all pre-construction activities for both the Design Team and the CM.
- Develop a preliminary construction schedule and construction packaging strategy within CDOT's Construction Budget. Collaborate with the Design Team to determine if early construction packages are viable, cost effective and provide an overall benefit to the Project.
- Assist in determining the scope for any potential early construction packages.
- Prepare construction schedules and phasing alternatives at each pre-construction milestone to support development of OPCCs, validate deadlines, and help develop Project delivery strategies.
- Develop a resource-loaded, critical path method, construction schedule at 30%, 60% and 90% OPCC milestones, as well as for all CAP proposals.
- Ensure each CAP package will be severable; will have specific beginning and end points; and will have independent overhead, mobilization, traffic control, and Project costs. Each CAP package will include provisions for liquidated damages, incentive/disincentive, and roadway user costs as determined by CDOT in its sole discretion. The CM and CDOT are responsible for ensuring the severability of each package.
- Compare and verify construction schedules and all assumptions with the ICE.

1.10. PRELIMINARY DOCUMENTS AND DRAWINGS

The Project is currently in the NEPA phase; therefore, design work, preliminary drawings, and reports are limited and conceptual in nature. The environmental documents as well as other design related materials that CDOT has made public can be found on the Design Consultant Services procurement page, through the Reference Documents in Google Drive link:

https://www.codot.gov/business/consultants/advertised-projects/2022/region-1-project-specific-i-270-critical-bridge-replacements-design-engineering-services



The CM shall note the design related files are subject to the Electronic CAD Resources disclaimer found at the above link.

1.11. SPECIFICATIONS

The most current version of CDOT's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction at the time of each successful CAP proposal negotiation shall control construction of that CAP package. The 2022 CDOT Standard Specification book is the most current version. The Project team will develop the project special provisions and standard special provisions that will take precedence over the Standard Specifications and plans during development of each scope package.

1.12. OWNERSHIP OF THE DOCUMENTS

All tracings, bids, plans, manuscripts, specifications, data, maps, etc., prepared by or obtained by the CM because of working on this contract shall be delivered to and become the property of CDOT. All proposals submitted in response to this Request for Proposal, shall become the property of CDOT, including all unsuccessful proposals. All proposals will be confidential until award, and then will be subject to the provisions of the Colorado Open Records Act (C.R.S. 24-72-201, *et seq.*) and any other laws and regulations applicable to the disclosure of documents submitted under this RFP.

1.13. REQUIRED PERCENTAGE OF WORK SELF-PERFORMED BY CM

The Proposer shall self-perform no less than 30% of the total work for CM services in the preconstruction phase by its own staff, not through subcontractors. For any awarded General construction contracts, the GC must self-perform work valued at not less than 30% of the total construction work by its own staff, not through subcontractors.

1.14. PROJECT COMPUTER SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall utilize the most recent CDOT adopted software. Latest version is defined as the version in use by CDOT at the release of this RFP. Upgrades to the version of any software on this list that occur for the duration of the Project, will be evaluated for efficacy on a case-by-case basis. The primary software used by CDOT is as follows:

A. Estimating

Microsoft Excel (latest version) or other software that is compatible with providing pricing in the CDOT Schedule of Bid Items standard format using the most current CDOT Item Code Book.

B. Scheduling

Microsoft Project (latest version) or Primavera (latest version)

C. Specifications

Microsoft Word (latest version)

D. CADD

Bentley OpenRoads Designer (latest version) & Bentley ProjectWise Cloud (latest version)



1.15. REQUIRED AVAILABILITY OF KEY PERSONNEL

Key Personnel in the Project Management Team section of the Proposal, see **Section 3.1** of this RFP, constitutes an agreement by the Proposer to make the Key Personnel available to complete the services of the contract at the level the Project requires. CDOT requires that all Key Personnel be engaged to perform their specialty for all services required by this contract, and the Key Personnel shall be retained for the life of this contract to the extent practicable and to the extent that such services maximize the quality of work hereunder.

If the CM or a subcontractor decides to replace any of its Key Personnel, the CM shall notify the CDOT Project Director in writing of the desired change. No such changes shall be made until at least two qualified replacement candidates are recommended by the CM and a replacement is approved in writing by the Project Director or its designated representative. The approval shall not be unreasonably withheld. Failure of the CM to comply with the requirements of this provision may be the cause for CDOT's termination of the contract.

The Project Director or its designated representative will respond to the CM's written notice regarding replacement of Key Personnel within fifteen working days after receipt of the list of proposed changes. If the Project Director or its designated representative does not respond within that time, the listed changes shall be deemed to be approved.

If, during the term of the contract, the Project Director or its designated representative determines that the performance of approved Key Personnel is not acceptable, a notification shall be sent to the CM. The notification shall include a reasonable timeframe to cure the unacceptable performance. Thereafter the CM may be required to reassign or replace such Key Personnel. If the Project Director or its designated representative notifies the CM that certain Key Personnel of a subcontractor should be replaced, the CM shall use its best efforts to replace such Key Personnel within a reasonable time, but not to exceed fifteen working days from the date of the notice.

1.16. ORGANIZATIONAL CONFLICTS AND INELIGIBLE FIRMS

The Proposer shall include a full disclosure of all potential organizational conflicts of interest in its Proposal. An organizational Conflict of Interest exists when a person or business entity has an unfair competitive advantage because of other activities or relationships with other persons. No Person or business entity prior to Proposal submission, that was engaged by the State of Colorado in the preparation of this Request for Proposal, that had access to procurement sensitive information related to this Request for Proposal including but not limited to Requirements, Statements of Work, or Evaluation Criteria will be eligible to directly submit or participate in the submittal of a proposal for this initiative.

By submitting its Proposal, each Proposer agrees that, if an organizational conflict of interest is thereafter discovered, the Proposer will make an immediate and full written disclosure to CDOT that includes a description of the action that the Proposer has taken or proposes to take to avoid or mitigate such conflicts. If an organizational conflict of interest is determined to exist without satisfactory mitigation, CDOT may, at its discretion, cancel the award or terminate the contract.

If the Proposer was aware of an organizational conflict of interest prior to the award of the contract and did not disclose the conflict to CDOT, CDOT may terminate the contract for Default. No firm that is ineligible for State contracts may be part of any Proposer Team. Each Proposer is responsible for determining the eligibility of its team members.



1.17. APPLICABLE FEDERAL REGULATIONS, STATE REGULATIONS AND INDUSTRY STANDARDS

The Proposer shall conform to all applicable State and Federal laws and regulations and recognized industry, safety, environmental, and design standards.

1.18. NONDISCRIMINATION

The CM shall comply with all applicable legal requirements that: enumerate unlawful employment practices including discrimination because of race, religion, color, gender, age, disability, or national origin, and define actions required for affirmative action and minority/disadvantaged business programs. The CM shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, national origin, religion, gender, age, or physical handicap.

The CM shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, color, gender, age, disability, or national origin. Such action shall include the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The CM agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

1.19. DBE PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS

The contract goal for DBE participation during the preconstruction services is five percent (5%).

A DBE contract goal will be required for all GC Construction Project Contracts and will be set at the 90% design level based on its scope and size. The CM will be able to provide input as this deadline approaches. CDOT Civil Rights staff shall also be involved so they understand the goal in relation to the scope.

Sufficient good faith efforts to meet the DBE contract goal and any mitigation requirements of the ongoing NEPA document shall be a condition of award for each General Contract for Construction. Sufficient good faith efforts to meet the On-the-Job Training Goals ("OJT") shall also be a condition of award for each General Contract for Construction. DBE documentation and subcontractor selection must be provided before a General Contract for Construction is awarded.

The Proposer shall conform to all applicable State and Federal regulations regarding Civil Rights compliance.

1.20. MAXIMUM COMPENSATION FOR CM PRECONSTRUCTION SERVICES

As stated in **Section 1.8** of this RFP, the Construction Budget is defined as the portion of the Project budget estimated for General Construction Contracts . The estimated required Construction Budget for this Project is \$140 million. This amount <u>does not</u> include non-construction Project costs (which are in addition to this amount). The funding for the Project has been fully identified at the time of this RFP.

The successful Proposer will be paid an amount not to exceed \$1.4 for the CM preconstruction services described in this RFP. Please see Form B-1 in Appendix B.

The CM shall submit monthly invoices to the CDOT Project Director for payment as work progresses. The estimated percentage of CM preconstruction services completed will be discussed and agreed upon with the CDOT Project Director prior to payment.



If it is in CDOT's interest any portion of the preconstruction scope described in this RFP, may be withheld, and the fee for preconstruction services will be adjusted, appropriate to the deducted scope.

1.21. EXPLANATION OF CAP

A reviewed, negotiated, and agreed upon CAP proposal is the amount that may be incorporated into the standard General Contract for Construction.

The CAP is the sum of the direct Cost of Construction and the Management Price Percentage for a specific construction package. The Cost Model consists of bid items, quantities, risks, and assumptions for the construction package, etc. and will be refined and finalized through a series of Cost Model meetings.

The CM will propose a CAP to provide Construction services; CDOT and the CM will negotiate the direct Cost of Construction for that package with the goal of agreeing on a final CAP. CDOT makes no guarantees that it will accept or agree to a CAP proposal submitted by any party. If CDOT successfully negotiates, agrees, and accepts a CAP proposal, then payment for the construction of the Project will be based on the negotiated and accepted CAP which includes, but is not limited to, a Schedule of Bid items as per the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction.

CDOT anticipates requesting CAP proposals when both the CM and CDOT agree the design has progressed to the appropriate level, typically at 90%, for each individual construction package. If CDOT and the CM have negotiated, agreed on, and accepted a CAP proposal, the CM shall then submit the CAP proposal via the Electronic Bid Submittals ("EBS") system. The CM may develop multiple CAP proposal packages, and CDOT may negotiate and accept those CAP proposals during the design and construction phases of this Project. CDOT reserves the right not to award any part(s) or all the General Contracts for Construction Services, and bid/award some or all of the construction work separately. The CM shall deliver to CDOT a proposed GC CAP and GC CAP supporting documents for any appropriate milestones identified at the Project Scoping Workshop, and for any appropriate LLTP or construction phase.

Except for change orders due to unforeseen conditions or negotiated overrun items and agreed upon risk pool items approved by CDOT, a General Contract for Construction Services price will not be increased. The GC assumes all risk with performance of the bid items, including management of its subcontractors, suppliers, and any associated cost impacts over and above a General Contract for Construction Services price not negotiated as overrun items in the construction specifications or agreed to as risk pool items in the executed Risk Register.

A CAP proposal can be offered and negotiated three times. If the third attempt at a CAP negotiation fails, CDOT reserves the right to prepare the plans, specifications, and estimate package for public, low-bid, advertisement. The CM services contractor is not allowed to bid on this public advertisement.

CDOT will review and determine whether to accept the risk and shared risk contingency pools with the CM during the preconstruction phase, if accepted, the risk and shared risk contingency pools could potentially be incorporated into a negotiated CAP proposal. The purpose of the contingency risk-sharing pool is to develop a budget for items foreseen at the time of negotiating a CAP proposal but were not detailed enough for itemized pricing. All items fitting this category will be identified separately in a CAP proposal by CDOT and the CM and will be monitored for progress and cost by CDOT.

In developing this shared risk contingency pool, CDOT may agree to share any residual risk pool budget at the completion of construction (not attributed to any reduction in the scope of work or reduction in operating performance for the corridor).



1.22. PUBLIC INFORMATION

The section of I-270 through the Project area serves as one of only two Hazardous Materials Routes in the Denver Metro Area and serves as a link between the state's major north-south (I-25) and east-west (I-70) interstates. I-270 is part of the National Highway Freight Corridor and is a critical piece of infrastructure that plays a large role in economic vitality throughout the state of Colorado. The corridor sees a high volume of traffic, a high percentage of commercial vehicles (16%), and sees peak daily averages surpassing 100,000 vehicles per day. Congestion relief along I-270 is one of the state's highest transportation priorities, affecting millions of Colorado residents, tourists, and the movement of freight.

The CM Public Information Manager ("PIM") will be expected to execute and support CDOT's communication needs for this Project with a variety of audiences in the corridor including residents, business owners, the traveling public, tourists, recreation patrons, the freight industry, and others during the project development phase.

During the project development phase, CDOT will be the primary point of contact responsible for Public Information. If a General Contract for Construction Services is awarded, then CDOT will still be the primary point of contact, however, the GC will be required to provide timely updates and responses for Public Information requests for the duration of construction.

The cost for Public Information effort during construction shall be included in the individual construction packages. This work consists of providing regular and continuous communications services throughout the duration of construction including community and stakeholder outreach as well as media support.



SECTION 2 – CM PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS

2.1. PROPOSAL GENERAL INFORMATION

This RFP is a two-phase procurement process that includes a Proposal (Phase 1), followed by a short listing of Proposers by the Selection Panel (Phase 2) and followed by an interview of the shortlisted Proposers. CDOT intends to identify three shortlisted Proposers but reserves the right to identify as few as two and as many as four. The shortlisted Proposers will continue to Phase 2 of the procurement, which is the interview.

Proposal packages in response to the RFP shall be submitted in one package for pre-construction CM services. The Proposers Technical Score and their Interview Score will be summed and tabulated which will be referred to as their "Total Score", The Proposers "Total Scores" will be ranked and the Proposer with the highest "Total Score" will be considered the apparent successful Proposer in accordance with the evaluation criteria set forth in **Section 3** of this RFP.

All Proposers to this RFP accept the conditions of this RFP, including, but not limited to, the following:

- A. Multiple proposals from a single Proposer will be considered non-responsive and will not be evaluated or scored.
- B. The costs associated with the preparation of the Proposal, required documentation, interviews, presentations, discussions, the selection process, the contract negotiation process, and/or any related activities are the sole responsibility of the Proposer, reimbursement will not be made by CDOT.
- C. The Proposer shall include a full disclosure of all potential organizational conflicts of interest as outlined in **Section 1.16** of this RFP.
- D. Any proposal received by CDOT after the time specified in **Section 2.3** of this RFP shall be deemed non-responsive and shall not be evaluated or scored.
- E. This RFP, including all material submitted by Proposers, at any stage, including but not limited to the Procurement phase, selection, and any resulting contracts, are subject to the provisions of the Colorado Open Records Act (C.R.S. 24-72-201, *et seq.*) and any other laws and regulations applicable to the disclosure of documents submitted under this RFP.

Material subject to open records laws includes, but is not limited to, all records, documents, drawings, plans, specifications, and other materials relating to the Project, the solicitation, and the conduct of CDOT business. CDOT will also follow and adhere to CDOT Policy Directive 508.2 for this RFP and resulting contracts.

The Proposer shall specifically identify and mark any proprietary information, trade secrets, or confidential commercial and financial information that a Proposer believes should be exempted from disclosure.

During the Procurement phase, CDOT will accept materials clearly and prominently labeled "PROPRIETARY", "TRADE SECRET", or "CONFIDENTIAL" by the Proposer.

Blanket, all-inclusive identifications by designation of whole pages or sections as containing proprietary information, trade secrets, confidential commercial or financial information shall not be permitted and shall be deemed invalid except that blanket identifications can be made in the Strategic Project Approach, Approach to Risk, Schedule, and the Management PricePercentage breakdown (Appendix C) as defined in **Section 2.8** of this RFP.



CDOT will follow CDOT Policy Directive 508.2 in determining disclosure of documents requested. CDOT will advise the Proposer of any request pursuant to the Colorado Open Records Act and any other applicable laws for the disclosure of any materials. Under no circumstances, however, will CDOT be responsible or liable to the Proposer or any other party for the disclosure of any such labeled materials, whether the disclosure is deemed required by law, by an order of the court, or occurs through inadvertence, mistake, or negligence on the part of CDOT or its officers, employees, contractors, or consultants.

CDOT will not advise the Proposer as to the nature or content of documents entitled to protection from disclosure under the Colorado Open Records Act or other applicable laws, as to the interpretation of the Colorado Open Records Act, or as to the definition of trade secret. The Proposer shall be solely responsible for:

- All determinations made by it under applicable laws; and
- Clearly and prominently marking each and every page or sheet of materials with "PROPRIETARY", "TRADE SECRET", or "CONFIDENTIAL" as the proposer determines to be appropriate.

Each Proposer is advised to contact its own legal counsel concerning the Colorado Open Records Act, other applicable laws, and their application to the Proposer's own circumstances.

In the event of litigation concerning the disclosure of any materials submitted by the Proposer. CDOT's sole involvement will be as a stakeholder retaining the material until ordered by a Court, and the Proposer shall be responsible for otherwise prosecuting or defending any action concerning the materials at its sole expense and risk.

All submittals will become the property of CDOT, will not be returned, and will be disposed of according to Department policies. The concepts and ideas in the information contained in the Proposal, including any proprietary, trade secret, or confidential information (exclusive of any patented concepts or trademarks) submitted by all Proposers, shall also become the property of CDOT.

- F. CDOT reserves the right to reject any or all Proposals. Proposals that do not meet the Minimum Proposal Requirements listed in **Section 2.2** of this RFP will be deemed non-responsive and will not be evaluated, evaluation will be ceased upon discovery of non-responsive determination and will not be scored.
- G. Unsuccessful proposers may elect to participate in a debriefing by submitting the request via email to Contract Officer identified in **Section 1.6.B** within 5 working days after the Announcement of the Successful Proposer. All debriefs shall be conducted within 10 working days of the Announcement.
- H. The successful Proposer will be contracted for CM preconstruction services for this Project. CDOT may terminate the CM services contract at the completion of the preconstruction phase for convenience.
- I. If CDOT and the successful Proposer fail to successfully negotiate a Construction Agreed upon Price for any portion of the Project and CDOT chooses to publicly advertise a new solicitation of the GC portion of this Project for bids, the successful Proposer will not be permitted to submit a bid.



2.2. MINIMUM PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS

All Proposals will be required to meet minimum proposal requirements to be considered for this Project. To be considered qualified, Proposers shall have, as a minimum:

- A. Submit a Letter of Interest to the Project Director. At least one member of the proposed Project Team will have submitted a Letter of Interest prior to September 30, 2022. Any proposal received without a corresponding LOI will be determined by CDOT to be non-responsive. The corresponding non-responsive proposal will not be evaluated or scored and will not continue in the procurement process. CDOT will accept proposals from Joint Ventures where at least one of the major partners submitted a Letter of Interest.
- B. Demonstrated a bonding capability up to \$140M for an individual project in addition to its current and anticipated bond commitment workload. Provided a letter from a surety company indicating that the Proposer is capable of obtaining Payment and Performance Bonds covering Project No. FBR 2706-44/C R100-364, I-270 Critical Bridge Replacements Project for at least \$140M. Letters indicating "unlimited" bonding/security capability are not acceptable.
 - The surety submitting the letter must be a surety company or companies licensed by the State of Colorado and listed in the current United States Department of the Treasury Circular 570 as acceptable sureties for the bond amount on Federal Bonds. Performance and Payment Bonds will be required at the time the Construction Agreed upon Price negotiation begins, for any portion of the Project. The final value of the Bonds will equal the final construction contract amount.
- C. Provided CDOT with evidence of insurability that meets the requirements of Subsection 107.15 of the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction. The Proposer is not required to provide Professional Liability insurance certificates.
 - CDOT may, at its election, implement an Owner Controlled Insurance Program ("OCIP") for the construction of this Project. Lines of insurance coverage may include any or all of the following: Workers Compensation, Commercial General and Excess/Umbrella Liability, Contractors Pollution Liability, and/or Builders Risk. CDOT reserves the right to determine who participates in the OCIP. The CM can assume that CDOT will make this determination at the 60% OPCC for each CAP package.
- D. Provided CDOT with evidence of having been pre-qualified with the CDOT Contracts and Market Analysis Branch at the greater than \$20,000,000 level and satisfy all requirements of pre-qualification per 2 CCR 601-10, Rules Governing Construction Bidding for CDOT Public Projects, within 14 calendar days of the Proposal submittal deadline as shown in **Section 2.3** of this RFP.
 - Federal and State regulations require certification by prospective participants (including contractors, subcontractors, and principals) as to current history regarding debarment, eligibility, indictments, convictions, or civil judgments.
- E. Meet all the Proposal Submittal requirements of **Section 2.8** (**Management Price Percentage**) and **Section 2.9** (**Proposal Submittal**) of this RFP.
- F. Provided CDOT with a signed Anti-Collusion Affidavit, CDOT form #606 with the initial proposal materials.



2.3. KEY EVENTS SCHEDULE AND RFP DATES

Proposers are required to meet the dates set for the Proposal submission, and the interviews. Proposers are also required to meet the information submittal dates outlined in the summary below. Failure to meet these dates will result in the Proposal being considered non-responsive. All times listed in the table below are Mountain Standard Time (MST). CDOT is fully committed to delivering the Project and meeting the milestones shown in the table below. CDOT does reserve the right to modify the timeframes if it is determined by CDOT to be in the best interest of the State, and the Project.

Key Event	Date	Time
Advertisement of Draft RFP for CM Services	10/27/2022	N/A
Optional One-On-One Briefings – Confidential (50-minutes)	11/09, 11/10, & 11/14/2022	as requested
Draft RFP Proposer Questions/Comments Due	11/16//2022	2:00 p.m.
Advertisement of Final RFP for CM Services	11/18/2022	N/A
Proposal Submission	12/09/2022	2:00 p.m.
Notification to Shortlisted Proposers	02/06/2023	N/A
Interviews	02/22/2023	N/A
Chief Engineer Selection Approval	03/03/2023	N/A
CM Notification	03/03/2023	N/A
Announcement of Successful Proposer	03/03/2023	N/A
Anticipated Contract Execution/NTP	04/28/2023	N/A

2.4. CONFIDENTIAL ONE-ON-ONE MEETINGS

The Optional One-On-One Meetings - Confidential are provided to allow the Proposer an opportunity to ask questions regarding the Project, established goals, the draft RFP and the CMGC Procurement Process. Proposers that have submitted a Letter of Interest may sign up for an Optional One-On-One Meeting with CDOT staff by emailing katie.dawson@state.co.us, with three, 50-minute meeting requests starting on the hour. Requested meeting times are between 9am and 4pm, November 9th, 10th, and 14th.

2.5. QUESTIONS AND CHANGES TO THE RFP

CDOT reserves the right to make changes to the RFP. Changes to the RFP generally consist of clarifications, scope changes, or time and/or date changes. All changes to the RFP prior to the receipt of proposals shall be made by an addendum to the RFP and shall be available publicly to all Proposers on the CDOT procurement webpage. Following receipt of proposals, changes to the RFP (If any) will be conveyed in writing directly to those Proposers determined to be responsive.

Proposers may submit questions, request clarification, or request a change to the Draft RFP by submitting a written request to the Contract Officer at the address set forth in **Section 1.6** of this RFP.

The request shall specify the provision and section of the Draft RFP in question, and, if a change is



requested, contain an explanation for the requested change. CDOT will not respond to questions or change requests received after time specified in the above table within **Section 2.3** of this RFP.

CDOT will evaluate any questions and/or requests submitted to determine merit but reserves the right to determine whether to respond or accept the requested change at its sole discretion. All questions, requests for clarification, or RFP Addendums, and CDOT's response will be posted at the following link:

https://www.codot.gov/business/alternativedelivery/opportunities/cm-gc-solicitations/i-270-critical-bridge-replacements

Proposers shall not rely on oral or written instruction changes or clarifications regarding this RFP, unless issued in writing by the CDOT Contract Officer as an addendum to this RFP.

Proposers must acknowledge all issued addenda in their submittal and proposal.

2.6. CONTRACTOR PROTEST RULES

Protests will be handled per 2-CCR 601-10 Rules Governing Construction Bidding for CDOT Public Projects, as follows:

Any actual or prospective contractor who is aggrieved in connection with a solicitation or award of a contract may protest to the Chief Engineer. The protest shall be submitted within seven working days after the aggrieved person knows or should have known of facts giving rise to the protest. A protest shall not stay the procurement.

The Chief Engineer or designee shall have the authority to settle and resolve a protest of a Contractor, actual or prospective, concerning the solicitation or award of a contract. A written decision regarding the protest shall be rendered within seven working days after the protest is filed.

The decision shall be based on and limited to a review of only those issues raised by the aggrieved Contractor, and will set forth each factor considered, in reaching the decision.

The decision will constitute the final agency action of the Colorado Department of Transportation regarding the protest.

Entitlement to costs: When a protest is sustained by the Chief Engineer or designee, or upon administrative or judicial review, and the Contractor should have been awarded the contract under the solicitation but was not, the protestor will be entitled to recover Proposal preparation costs. No other costs or fees will be permitted or awarded including, but not limited, to attorney's fees.

2.7. AWARD OF CONTRACT

CDOT intends to evaluate, select, and award one CM contract to the top ranked Proposer based on the result of the Responsiveness Review and the Total Score of the Proposal (The Total Score is a summation of their Technical Score and their Interview Score) with Chief Engineer Concurrence of the Selection Panel's recommendation. The apparent successful Proposer receiving Chief Engineer concurrence will be awarded a contract for CM Preconstruction Services.

The Selection Panel shall complete an evaluation of submitted Proposals and score them. Those scores will then be averaged, and points will be awarded. CDOT intends to shortlist three Proposers but reserves the right to Shortlist the top two to the top four proposers if it is in the interest of the Project. Those Proposers that have made the Shortlist will then participate in a second evaluation consisting of a scored Interview based on criteria in **Section 3.2** of this RFP.

Selection evaluation criteria and scoring of the proposals is detailed in **Appendix B** of this RFP. Contract Award and contract execution will be contingent on availability of proposed Key Personnel and



subcontractors, committed to by the CM in the proposal.

The successful Proposer has a potential, but no guarantee, to enter into a General Construction Contract with CDOT for GC construction services for this Project. Only if CDOT and the successful Proposer successfully negotiate, agree to and accept a CAP proposal, will all parties execute a CDOT drafted General Contract for Construction, of any portion or all the Project. The General Contract for Construction t (if any) will be separate from the CM contract.

All negotiations shall be open book. CDOT and their Independent Cost Estimating Consultant shall have access to all CAP proposal documents, quotations, takeoffs, and other construction cost estimates, including those for subcontractors, during negotiations.

Issuance of the General Contract for Construction will be subject to the CM's firm posting 100% performance and payment bonds and being compliant with CDOT procurement policies. The CM's firm will competitively procure and award qualified subcontractors in accordance with their proposed subcontracting plan, as described in **Section 2** and **Section 3** of this RFP.

2.8. MANAGEMENT PRICE PERCENTAGE

The Management Price Percentage is a percentage which will be applied to all Construction Phase CAP Proposals. The Management Price Percentage shall include all applicable line items in **Appendix C** of this RFP, including profit and indirect costs as defined in **Appendix C** of this RFP.

CDOT has established the Management Price Percentage for the Project at 10.5%. Proposer acceptance of the Management Price Percentage will be submitted with the Proposal using **Form B-2** in **Appendix B** of this RFP and the information in **Appendix C** of this RFP, collectively called Management Price Percentage Certification (MPPC).

The MPPC shall consist of a maximum of 3-total pages: (1) completed Form B-2 and (2) 2-page maximum limit of detailed information showing the breakout of the Management Price Percentage, in **Appendix C** of this RFP. The 3-total pages maximum shall be submitted with the Proposal in accordance with deadlines in **Section 2.3** of this RFP. Other indirect and non-reimbursable costs outlined in **Appendix C** of this RFP must be considered when certifying agreement to the MPPC.

The MPPC will be evaluated for responsiveness. If the MPPC is determined by CDOT to be non-responsive, the corresponding Proposal will also be determined by CDOT to be non-responsive. The corresponding non-responsive Proposal will not be evaluated or scored and will not continue in the procurement process.

2.9. PROPOSAL SUBMITTAL – STEP 1

Proposers must comply with the following items. CDOT retains the right to waive any minor irregularity or requirement, so long as CDOT determines that it is in its, and the Project's best interest, as determined by CDOT, in its sole discretion.

A. Please submit electronically through BidNet at: https://www.bidnetdirect.com/colorado/cdotconstructionengineeringservices.

Please contact BidNet Direct support for help at (800) 835-4603 with any issues submitting electronically.

- The maximum file size is 25 MB.
- CDOT will only evaluate the files that are received by the date and time deadline set forth in **Section 2.3** of this RFP.



B. Proposal Format:

- Submittals shall be formatted with section headers/tabs in the exact form and alphanumeric sequence of **Section 3** of this RFP.
- All submittals shall use a minimum font size of 11 Times New Roman and a minimum font size of 10 Times New Roman exclusively for charts, graphs, and figures.
- Web links or QR codes to external documents, information, videos, etc. are not allowed.
- Introductory Letter
 - o 1-page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size). Proposers shall acknowledge all issued addenda within this letter.

• Proposal Section

- o 12-page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size).
- o 3-page limit (11" x 17" electronic paper size) shall be reserved exclusively for charts, graphics, and plan sheets.
- o The total page limit for the Proposal Section is 15-pages (single sided).
- Background information for Key Personnel or other Team members does not need to be duplicated in the Proposal Section. Proposers can refer to the Appendix Section for this information.

Appendix Section

The Appendix Section shall only include:

- o Potential conflicts of interest: No page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size).
- o Signed Anti-Collusion Affidavit, CDOT form #606: No page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size).
- o Evidence of Prequalification per **Section 2.2.D** of this RFP.
- o Surety Letters: No page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size).
- o Evidence of insurability: No page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size).
- o Resumes and references for team members: 20-page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size). At a minimum, it is expected that resumes and references are included for all Key Personnel. The Proposer may include resumes and references for non-Key Personnel team members but shall adhere to the 20-page maximum page limit.
- o MPPC (Form B-2 and Appendix C): Maximum of 3-total page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size).
- Maximum Compensation for Construction Manager Preconstruction Services (Form B-1):
 1-page limit.

Supplemental Section

- o 5-page limit (8-1/2" x 11" or 11" x 17" electronic paper size).
- The Supplemental Section shall be reserved exclusively for supplemental materials for risk assessments, Cost Model examples, process illustrations, the organizational chart, and additional photos, exhibits, or schedules.



- Commendation Section
 - o 5-page limit (8-1/2" x 11" electronic paper size).
 - o The Commendation Section shall be reserved for awards or letters of recommendations.
- C. CDOT shall evaluate Proposals in accordance with criteria as indicated in **Section 3.1** of this RFP and subsequently score the submitted responsive Proposals in accordance with criteria in **Appendix B** of this RFP.
- D. Responses to all items shall be complete; Proposers are encouraged to cross-reference to other sections of their proposal where applicable.
- E. All references shall be current and relevant.
- F. Tabs, covers, and tables of content pages do not count toward the page count. All proposals must be submitted in .pdf format and transmitted electronically to CDOT.
- G. Short List

From the Proposals received, the Selection Panel intends to Shortlist the top three Proposers but reserves the right to shortlist two or four Proposers if it is in CDOT's and the Project's interest to do so. The Proposals will be evaluated and scored using the scoring indicated in **Section 3** and **Appendix B** of this RFP.

2.10. INTERVIEWS - STEP 2

Mandatory interviews will be conducted for the shortlisted teams only. Interview times will be arranged by CDOT per **Section 2.3** of this RFP and are subject to change; all shortlisted firms will be notified in advance. Interviews will be evaluated and scored using the scoring indicated in **Section 3 and Appendix B** of this RFP.



SECTION 3 – PROPOSAL CONTENT AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

3.1. EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR PROPOSALS (75 Points Possible)

A. CM Project Management Team (15 Points Possible)

Composition and Commitment of the CM Project Management Team

- Provide a description of the composition of the team's Project Key Personnel. If the Proposer team is a Joint Venture or association, indicate specific responsibilities of each party to the Joint Venture.
- Provide, identify, and discuss the qualifications of the Key Personnel and include the following:
 - o Provide job descriptions, responsibilities, and authority;
 - o Provide a list of the concurrent projects, responsibilities, and commitments that each may have for the duration of the Project;
 - o Current home office location;
 - O Qualifications and past construction experience relevant to this Project, in addition to length of time performing those job duties;
 - o Unique skills or knowledge each may possess related to the Project;
 - Length of time of overall experience pertinent to the scope of this project and length of time with the current firm for each;
 - o Experience on similar projects as a team; and
 - Provide resumes and two current references for the Key Personnel in an appendix to the Proposal. References will be considered current if the party's name, current position/title, and position/title held at the time for which the recommendation is being sought are provided; telephone numbers must be current as of the proposal due date.

Tier Breakdown

- TIER I: One team member should comprise the role as the Key Personnel for the Project, and should have the following Tier I skills, experience, and knowledge:
 - Project Manager (PM)
 - This team member shall serve as the overall PM for the CM services and, if awarded the CM/GC Construction Project Contract, GC construction services. The PM shall be the main point of communication for the Project team;
 - This team member shall remain in this role for the duration of the Project and is not permitted to fulfill any Tier II or Tier III responsibilities;
 - This team member shall have 15 years of industry experience and shall have demonstrated experience and expertise on a similar role in the delivery of projects of a similar scope, value, nature, and complexity to the Project; and
 - Anticipated time commitment: 100% throughout the duration of the Project.



- TIER II: The following staff members shall comprise Key Personnel for the Project, and should have the following Tier II skills, experience, and knowledge:
 - Construction Manager
 - This team member shall be responsible for providing construction and constructability expertise, construction phasing, and seeking innovative solutions during preconstruction services;
 - This team member shall have a minimum of 15 years of experience in construction and management of construction on highway projects similar in scope, value, nature, and complexity of the Project; and
 - Anticipated time commitment: 50-75% during preconstruction, 100% during construction (if applicable).
 - Scheduling Expert/Project Controls
 - This team member shall be responsible for managing the Project schedule and Project risk;
 - This team member shall have a minimum of 7 years of industry experience specific to this expertise and be able to confidently use the scheduling software of choice as shown in **Section 1.14** of this RFP; and
 - Anticipated time commitment: Depending on the number, size, and complexity of construction packages, may be committed 30-50% during preconstruction, 50-75% during construction (if applicable).

Ouality Manager

- This team member shall be responsible for quality assurance during the preconstruction phase and if a CAP is successfully negotiated this position may transition into managing Contractor Project quality control throughout construction;
- This team member shall have a minimum of 7 years of industry experience specific to this expertise; and
- Anticipated time commitment: Depending on the number, size, and complexity of construction packages, may be committed 30-50% during preconstruction, 75-100% during construction (if applicable).

Cost Estimator

- This team member shall be responsible for providing ROM cost estimates and OPCCs during preconstruction services;
- This team member shall have a minimum of 7 years of industry experience specific to this expertise; and
- Anticipated time commitment: Depending on the number, size, and complexity of construction packages, may be committed 30-60% during preconstruction, and 10% during construction (if applicable).

Structures Expert

• This team member shall be responsible for providing input, constructability expertise,



and providing innovative solutions for all the structural features of the Project including but not limited to the bridge, and wall construction;

- This team member shall have a minimum of 15 years of industry experience specific to this expertise; and
- Anticipated time commitment: Depending on the number, size, and complexity of construction packages, may be committed 60-75% during preconstruction and construction (as needed).

Geotechnical

- This team member is responsible for providing input and constructability expertise for all the geotechnical aspects of the Project including but not limited to analysis, bridge/wall foundations, excavation stability, and landfill mitigation measures;
- This team member shall have a minimum of 15 years of industry experience specific to this expertise; and
- Anticipated time commitment: Depending on the number, size, and complexity of construction packages, this person may be committed 30-50% during preconstruction and construction (as needed).

o Environmental Specialist

- This team member shall be responsible for providing input on all environmental issues, for example the incorporation and construction of erosion control measures into the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) and permanent water quality;
- This team member shall have a minimum of 7 years of environmental experience, including design and construction experience; and
- Anticipated time commitment: Depending on the number, size, and complexity of construction packages, may be committed 20-40% during preconstruction, and 50-75% during construction (as needed).

o Public Information Officer/Stakeholder Engagement

- This team member shall have a minimum of 7 years as an experienced manager in public information, public relations, and strategy in communication with stakeholders;
- This team member shall have demonstrated experience and expertise filling a similar role in the delivery of projects equivalent in scope, value, nature, and complexity to the Project; and
- Anticipated time commitment: Depending on the number, size, and complexity of construction packages, may be committed 20-40% during preconstruction, and 100% during construction (if applicable).
- TIER III: Technical Experts will make-up Tier III of the organization structure but are not considered Key Personnel. Technical Experts are expected to attend relevant Project meetings. Tier III staff should provide the following skillsets, knowledge, and experience:
 - o Safety,
 - o Materials,
 - o Utilities,



- o Roadway,
- o Drainage,
- Landscaping/Aesthetics, and
- o Civil Rights (Equal Employment Opportunity).
- Multiple Tier III skill sets may be fulfilled by one individual if adequate justification is made in the proposal to define who is fulfilling what role and their qualifications. Proposers shall identify a lead person for each skillset.
- The Proposer may identify and include additional Key Personnel within the Proposal that are necessary for the success of the Project. The Proposer shall include an explanation for the additional Key Personnel, and the added value they bring to the Project. The Key Personnel requirement within **Section 1.15** of this RFP will apply to any additional Key Personnel identified by the Proposer.
- All Key Personnel are expected to attend relevant Project meetings.
- Key Personnel are expected to have been delegated a reasonable level of decision-making authority on behalf of the CM.

Organizational Chart and Succession Planning

- Provide a graphic showing the CM's organizational chart, complete with working titles for the team for the preconstruction phase. Provide an explanation of any variation to the anticipated Key Personnel time commitments stated above.
- Provide a narrative describing succession planning for team stability and planning for any member of the project team that may leave.
- See Section 1.15 of this RFP for additional information related to Key Personnel.

Safety Record and Performance

- Provide a narrative of the Proposer's largest foreseen safety risks for the Project and describe the safety programs, processes, and initiatives that the Proposer currently has in place to help manage/mitigate/or eliminate the safety risks.
- Provide the following information for each entity involved, covering the last 4 years (2018-2021).
 - o Experience Modification Rates (EMR)
 - OSHA Reportable Incident Statistics

B. Contractor Capability (20 Points Possible)¹

Prior Project Experience/Performance/References

• Provide a summary of the Proposer's previous project experience relevant to the general scope and construction value of work for this Project.

¹ Pursuant to Section 24-93-110, (1), C.R.S. The Department of Transportation shall not exclude a participating entity from a short list, prepared and announced by the Department as required by Section 24-93-105 (2), of responding participating entities that have been determined to be most qualified to receive a request for proposals for an IPD contract for a public project based solely on the participating entity's lack of experience in delivering a public project in the State by the IPD method to be used for the public Project.



 Provide three or more relevant projects/programs that demonstrate the Proposer's ability to be successful on this Project. For each listed project or experience, include the name of the owner, any architect/engineer references, and the contract information CDOT may at its discretion, contact references on the listed projects.

Provide at a minimum:

- o The project/contract name,
- Project delivery method,
- Description of services provided,
- Overall construction cost of the project, as applicable, including the initial contract/construction value and value at final acceptance. Please provide reasoning for any differential,
- Description of project schedule performance, including initial schedule, and reasons for schedule change,
- o Coordination with stakeholders, if any,
- o Key personnel assigned or in-house staff and their level of involvement,
- Senior Leadership assigned and their commitment in time to the overall success of the project, as well as their commitment to the success of the Owner's Program,
- Major subcontractors and primary subcontracts used in the performance of the contract,
 and
- O Project Reference(s). All references submitted shall be current for relevant projects. References will be considered current if the party's name, current position/title, and position/title held at the time for which the recommendation is being sought are provided; telephone numbers must be current as of proposal due date.

C. Strategic Project Approach (25 Points Possible)

Preconstruction Services

Provide a narrative that describes the Proposer's project specific plan and approach to meeting the Project Goals. Identify how the Proposer will manage schedule, budget, and incorporation of innovation.

CDOT determined that CM/GC is the most appropriate delivery method for the Project because of the ability for risk sharing, early construction manager input into the design, and to develop early cost certainty for the Project. Describe the Proposer's role and responsibility in refinement of the design, quality of the design, accuracy of the scope, and ensuring efficiency of the execution of delivery for the Project.

Describe the Proposer's strategy for project management for the Project that would encourage building a culture of success and collaboration. Highlight how the Proposer will manage preconstruction milestones, quality control during preconstruction, project resources, and environmental resources.

Describe how the Proposer will partner with CDOT, and the designer, to ensure that every dollar invested into the preconstruction phase of the Project adds value to the Project.



Construction Services

Describe the Proposer's project specific plan and approach to construction project management for the Project. Describe how the Proposer is uniquely skilled to manage the challenges of the Project. Highlight the strategy to meeting construction milestones, project sequencing, early action opportunities, critical scope elements, stakeholder coordination, and market conditions.

Describe the Proposer's project specific plan and approach to scope management, self-performance, subcontractor management, and management of Civil Rights compliance.

Describe the Proposer's plan and approach to environmental management for the Project. Please include an emphasis on air quality and emission reduction, including greenhouse gasses, NOx, fine particulate matter, and other co-pollutants, for construction activities and materials.

Describe the Proposer's plan and approach for CDOT I-270 Corridor incident response. Include how the Proposer your team will remain agile to coordinate, adapt, complement, and contribute to the Incident Command's direction.

Project Innovations

Describe the Proposer's practical innovative ideas specific to the Project in detail. All innovative ideas presented by the Proposer will be considered proprietary in accordance with Section 2.1.E of this RFP.

D. Approach to Risk, Schedule, and Pricing (15 Points Possible)

Risk Approach

Define the key steps to risk management that the Proposer will employ. Describe how those steps will be applied to both the preconstruction and construction process.

Describe the techniques and tools that the Proposer will use to quantify the risk, establish a risk pool, and participate in management of the risk pools and contingencies.

Identify and describe the top five risks the Proposer has identified on the Project and what are the preliminary plans to manage those risks. Be specific on how the Proposer will prioritize those risks and manage them.

Schedule Approach

Time is of the essence for the Project. Describe the Proposer's plan and approach to managing the construction schedule in such a way as to minimize impacts to the traveling public, encourage efficient execution, inform the preconstruction process, manage the critical path, incorporate innovation, and provide reasonable float.

Cost Model Approach

Describe the Proposer's approach to Transparency and Accountability in the Cost Model. Describe how the Proposer will contribute to the pursuit of the project goals and provide easy to interpret deliverables using standard agreed upon terms and inputs.

Describe how the Proposer's cost model will incorporate the variables that affect project costs, innovation, essential inputs needed, coordination with the Owner and their Independent Cost Estimator, and be reliable over multiple construction seasons.



3.2 EVALUATION CRITERIA FOR INTERVIEWS (25 Points Possible)

An interview will be a mandatory part of the selection process for those Proposers on the Short List. The structure of the interview will be as follows:

A. Short Presentation (10 Points)

Summarize the Proposal and describe the Proposer's innovative ideas and unique resources (20 Minutes). The Proposer needs to communicate to the Selection Panel why the Selection Panel should determine the Proposer as the apparent successful Proposer. What strategies and abilities does the Proposer bring to this Project to distinguish them from the other shortlisted Proposers? Limit the presentation to the most critical points of the Proposal and focus on what your team can bring to the project and why.

B. Team Challenge (5 Points)

The Proposer will be given a written challenge to review and propose a course of action to address the elements in the problem. The Proposer will be given 15 minutes to prepare a response or solution and 10 minutes to present the formal response or solution to the Selection Panel. The Selection Panel will observe, evaluate and score both the deliberations of the Proposer during the 15-minute preparation and the 10 minute presentation. This challenge evaluation and scoring will be determined by the following criteria:

- Team's understanding of the Team Challenge;
- Team's recognition of key points and ideas;
- Team's collaboration;
- Team's communication skills:
- Team's understanding of CM/GC Delivery Method and environmental commitments; and
- Team's understanding of Project Goals

C. Question and Answer Session with the Selection Panel (10 Points)

The questions asked by the Selection Panel in this session will be the same for each Proposer. The Proposer will be allocated 25 total minutes for this session. The Evaluation Facilitator will read each question and allow the Proposer to respond to the question for evaluation and scoring by the Selection Panel. The interview typically includes multiple questions, all questions and follow up questions must be responded to in the allotted 25-minute time limit. The Proposer shall monitor the 25 total minutes. If time remains after all questions are asked and answered, and the Proposer does not have any questions, the Selection Panel may ask follow-up questions regarding the Proposers proposal, short presentation, team challenge or questions and answers.

The interview presentation and question/answer scoring will be based on the following criteria:

- Project Understanding,
- Project Approach,
- Project Innovation,
- Communication Skills, and
- Understanding of CM/GC Project Delivery Model.



APPENDIX A: PRECONSTRUCTION ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES MATRIX

The table below includes activities of communication, consensus building, project team reviews, conceptual design, data gathering, documentation, and formal public notice and should be planned by the appropriate responsible party and coordinated with all team members.

The time of their implementation will overlap, and parallel paths of activity should be planned to finish in the development phase in accordance with the shortest possible schedule. The type and number of meetings, documents, etc., will depend on the category and characteristics of the project work.

The CM shall work with the Design Team to finalize Appendix A for approval by the Project Director.



PRECONSTRUCTION ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES MATRIX

CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SERVICES	REQUIRED OF CONTRACT OR	REQUIRED OF DESIGN CONSULTA NT	REQUIRED OF CDOT/ OTHERS
PHASE: PRECONSTRUCTION			
INITIAL PROJECT SCOPING MEETING (WORKSHOP)			
A. CM/GC AND PARTNERING INTRO SESSION	2	2	1
B. PROJECT SITE VISIT AND INSPECTION	1	2	2
C. PROJECT STATUS, GOALS, ELEMENTS, OBJECTIVES, DESIGN SCHEDULE REVIEW	С	С	С
D. IDENTIFY PROJECT RISKS AND DEVELOP INITIAL RISK MANAGEMENT PLAN AND RISK REGISTER	1	2	2
E. REVIEW APPLICABLE ENVIRONMENTAL DOCUMENTS (ROD, FONSI, ETC.)	1	1	2
F. INDEPENDENT DESIGN AND AS-BUILT REVIEW	1		
G. DEVELOP PROJECT SCHEDULE AND TASKS	1	2	1
H. SCHEDULE BI-WEEKLY PROGRESS, FIR, FOR, AND MILESTONES MEETINGS		2	1
I. IDENTIFY DESIGN CRITERIA		1	2
J. DISCUSSION OF POSSIBLE EARLY DELIVERY AND LONG LEAD TIME ITEMS	1		2
K. ANALYSIS OF PROJECT PHASING AND MULTIPLE PS&E PACKAGES	1	2	2
L. DEVELOP DOCUMENT REVIEW AND NAMING CONVENTION STANDARDS	2	1	2
PROGRESS MEETINGS			
A. CDOT/PM, C/PM, CMGC/PM	С	С	С
B. PROJECT MEETING MINUTES		1	2

The managers and team members will meet periodically as required (typically at two-week intervals). These progress meetings will be used to coordinate and track the work effort and resolve problems. The meetings will review the following:

- Activities required to be complete since last meeting (Action Items)
 Problems and challenges encountered/anticipated and potential solutions
 Project Schedule Updates (Design and Construction)
 Action Items
 Coordination and communication required with:

 Team Members
 CDOT Specialty Units

The CDOT/PM will provide meeting minutes that include details discussed, notes, and all action items relating to the meeting within one week of the meeting.



CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SERVICES	REQUIRED OF CONTRACTOR	REQUIRED OF DESIGN CONSULTANT	REQUIRED OF CDOT/ OTHERS
PHASE: PRECONSTRUCTION			
1. PROJECT DEVELOPMENT PROCESS			
Project Management	2	2	1
The CDOT/PM will coordinate all the work tasks being accomplished schedule. The C/PM and CMGC/PM shall coordinate all the work task work completion stages are on schedule			
Communication and Consensus Building	2	2	1
The CDOT/PM is responsible for the consensus building and facilitating does not dismiss the responsibility of all team members to communicate when required.			
Weekly Update Newsletter	NA	NA	NA
The CDOT/PM will publish a weekly update newsletter to document the team meetings, action items, and pertinent information for the FHWA,			
Maintain Updated Contact List	2	1	2
Establish and maintain a computerized list of all appropriate interested notices regarding public meetings, mailings, newsletters, or other community			will be used for
2. MEETINGS			
• Graphics support and presentations	С	С	С
Each Project team member is responsible for the graphics, documents, scope of work item. Presentation of these documents and their reviews been adjourned.			
• Provide Local Office			1
The CDOT/PM will obtain and maintain an office within the Project and displays/information to the public. This office may have work spaces for capacity for the entire team to attend. Additional offices or meeting space.	or Project team members	s, meeting rooms with g	graphics support and
displays/information to the public. This office may have work spaces f	or Project team members	s, meeting rooms with g	graphics support and
displays/information to the public. This office may have work spaces f capacity for the entire team to attend. Additional offices or meeting spacetimes are the capacity for the entire team to attend.	or Project team members aces may be considered a	s, meeting rooms with sat the Project Workshop	graphics support and o.



CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SERVICES	REQUIRED OF CONTRACT OR	REQUIRED OF DESIGN CONSULTA NT	REQUIRED OF CDOT/ OTHERS
PHASE: PRECONSTRUCTION			
2. PRELIMINARY DESIGN			
Preliminary Roadway, Geometric, Structural, Environmental, SWMP, etc. Design		1	1
CDOT/PM will coordinate all design activities with required CDOT spentities. Design Consultant is responsible for the civil and structural review.	cialty units, the Contrac design, plans, specifica	tor, the Design Consultions, and estimate pa	ltant, and other outside ckages at each formal
• Environmental - gathering data and analysis		2	1
Environmental - mitigation development	2	2	1
Environmental clearances			1
ROW, specialty, and local clearances		2	1
Hazardous material investigation		1	2
• CDOT processes (forms, clearances)			1
Utility coordination	2	2	1
Conduct field survey of Project area.		1	
Field and Project research	С	С	С
Construction requirements	2	1	1
Innovation development, proposal, and tracking	1	2	2
Check and field verify all applicable as-built plans	С	С	С
Provide construction plans, specifications, and estimates		1	2
Plot/develop all required information on the plans in accordance with a standards for civil, electrical, ITS, and structural design.	ll applicable CDOT pol	icies and procedures a	nd all industry
Develop construction cost model for Engineer Estimator and ICE	1		2
Develop and calculate quantities	2	1	2
Risk Register development	1	2	2
Initiate and Track DBE/ESB and Subcontractor Plan	1		
Constructability reviews and reports	1	2	2



CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SERVICES	REQUIRED OF CONTRACTOR	REQUIRED OF DESIGN CONSULTANT	REQUIRED OF CDOT/ OTHERS
PHASE: PRECONSTRUCTION			
Construction Phasing Plan	1	2	2
Value Engineering input and participation	1	2	2
 Cost savings reviews 	1	2	2
Preliminary construction schedule	1		2
 Long lead time CAP submissions and proposals 	1		2
Long lead time negotiations	1		2
Long lead time item procurement	1		2
Opinion of probable construction cost Estimate #1	1		
30% milestone FIR (Field Inspection Review) Preparation			
Coordinate, complete, and compile the plans with inputs from other branches: materials, hydraulics, environmental, traffic, right of way, maintenance, safety, and Staff Bridge, if applicable.		1	2
The 30% milestone plans and specifications shall comply with CDOT requirements and shall include: title sheet, typical sections, general notes, plan/profile sheets, and preliminary		1	2
The plans shall be submitted to the CDOT/PM and the CMGC/PM for preliminary review at least one week prior to the FIR (30% milestone)		1	
The plans will be reproduced electronically by CDOT.		2	1
Prepare the Engineer's Estimate for work described in the 30% milestone plans based on estimate quantities.			1
Prepare the 30% preconstruction milestone		1	2
CDOT Form 1048 – Project Scoping Procedures Completion		2	1
Field Inspection Review Meeting			
Review 30% milestone PS&E package and provide written reviews, comments, and redlines.	1		1
Attend the FIR.	С	С	С
Provide post-FIR revisions and memo.		1	
Provide list of all deviations from the standard design criteria and written justification for each.		1	2
Update DBE/ESB and Subcontractor Plan.	1		2
Update Risk Register and Cost Model.	1		2

 $\label{eq:legend:collaborative} LEGEND: C = COLLABORATIVE\ RESPONSIBILITY,\ 1 = PRIMARY\ RESPONSIBILITY,\ 2 = SECONDARY\ RESPONSIBILITY$



CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SERVICES	REQUIRED OF CONTRACT OR	REQUIRED OF DESIGN CONSULTA NT	REQUIRED OF CDOT/ OTHERS
PHASE: PRECONSTRUCTION			
Final Roadway, Geometric, Structural, Environmental, SWMP, etc. Design		1	
CDOT/PM will coordinate all design activities with required CDOT specentities. Design Consultant is responsible for the civil and structural creview.			
Environmental - gathering data, analysis, and mitigation development		2	1
Final environmental clearances			1
Final environmental permits	2	2	1
ROW, specialty, and local clearances		2	1
FIPI justification for sole sourcing		2	1
Final utility coordination		2	1
Develop and calculate final quantities	2	1	2
CDOT processes (forms, clearances)		2	1
Update Risk Register, formal risk assessment meeting	1		2
Constructability reviews and reports	1	2	
Construction Phasing Plan	1	2	2
Value Engineering input and participation	1	2	2
Final construction requirements		1	2
Innovation development, proposal, and tracking	1	2	2
Cost Savings reviews	1	2	
90% preconstruction milestone/Final Office Review (FOR) Construction Schedule	1		2
Long lead time CAP submissions and proposals	1		2
Long lead time negotiations	1		2
Long lead time item procurement	1		2
Opinion of Probable Construction Cost Estimate #2	1		2
 Provide 90% preconstruction milestone construction plans, specifications, and estimates 		1	2
Develop and calculate final quantities	2	1	2



CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SERVICES	REQUIRED OF CONTRACT OR	REQUIRED OF DESIGN CONSULTA NT	REQUIRED OF CDOT/ OTHERS
PHASE: PRECONSTRUCTION			
90% Milestone/FOR (Final Office Review) Preparation			
Coordinate, complete, and compile the 90% milestone plans with inputs from other branches: materials, hydraulics, environmental, traffic, right of way, maintenance, safety, and Staff Bridge if applicable.		1	2
The 90% milestone plans and specifications shall comply with CDOT requirements and shall include: title sheet, typical sections, general notes, plan/profile sheets, and preliminary layouts.		1	2
The plans shall be submitted to the CDOT/PM and the CMGC/PM for preliminary review at least one week prior to the 90% milestone.		1	
The 90% milestone plans will be reproduced electronically by CDOT			1
Prepare the Engineer's Estimate for work described in the FOR plans based on estimate quantities.			1
Prepare the 90% preconstruction milestone	С	С	С
90% milestone/FOR (Final Office Review) Meeting			
Review 90% milestone PS&E package and provide written reviews, comments, and redlines.	1		1
Attend the 90% milestone meeting.	С	С	С
Post-90% milestone revisions and memo		1	
Provide list of all deviations from the standard design criteria and written justification for each.		1	2
Provide a 90% milestone Construction Plan.	1	2	2
Obtain final environmental and access permits.		2	1
Finalize construction Cost Model for Engineer Estimator and ICE.	1	2	2
Update DBE/ESB and Subcontractor Plan.	1		2
Update Risk Register.	1		2

LEGEND: C = COLLABORATIVE RESPONSIBILITY, 1 = PRIMARY RESPONSIBILITY, 2 = SECONDARY RESPONSIBILITY



CONSTRUCTION MANAGEMENT SERVICES	REQUIRED OF CONTRACT OR	REQUIRED OF DESIGN CONSULTA NT	REQUIRED OF CDOT/ OTHERS
PHASE: PRECONSTRUCTION			
CAP Proposal and Negotiations			
Notify CDOT/PM at a point where CAP proposals can be sufficiently prepared.	1		2
Supply cost model and assumptions to ICE and Engineer Estimate.	1		2
Supply EBS and Construction Contract Checklist to CM/GC Contractor.			1
Prepare and submit construction CAP proposals.	1		2
Procure independent cost estimate.			1
Submit an electronic EBS to the CDOT/PM for each phase.	1		
Review the construction CAP proposals and compare to Engineer's Estimate and ICE.			1
Negotiate final CAPs for each phase.	С		С
CM/GC and CDOT have three attempts to negotiate assumptions and right to prepare the bid package for advertisement.	prepare CAP estimates. A	After the third opening,	CDOT reserves the

 $LEGEND: C = COLLABORATIVE \ RESPONSIBILITY, \ 1 = PRIMARY \ RESPONSIBILITY, \ 2 = SECONDARY \ RESPONSIBILITY$



APPENDIX B: EVALUATION NOTES AND FORMS

Proposal Evaluation and Interview Evaluation Scoring Notes:

- 1. CDOT has developed an Evaluation Manual to promote objectivity and transparency. Selection Panel Members are required to read, attend training, and follow all scoring guidelines.
- 2. All Selection Panel Members have signed Non-Disclosure Agreements and Conflict of Interest Disclaimers as part of this procurement and cannot directly be contacted by or contact anyone outside of the Evaluation Facilitator about this project until the CM Services contract has been executed.
- 3. Points have been assigned prior to evaluation and are to be consistent on all evaluation forms. Comments by Selection Panel members are required on all scoring forms so that all Proposers may receive constructive feedback on their proposals and performance.
- 4. Selection Panel scoring values will be only numbers in whole, half, or quarter-number increments (i.e. 2.25, 3.50, 4.00.). Scoring of the Proposal and Interview will be based on the Evaluation Assessment Guidelines as set forth in the table below.
- Strengths and Weaknesses for the Evaluation Assessment Guidelines as set forth in the table below are defined as follows:
 - A. Strengths That part of the Proposal that ultimately represents a benefit to the Project and is expected to increase the Proposer's ability to meet or exceed the Project Goals. A <u>Minor Strength</u> has a <u>slight</u> positive influence on the Proposer's ability to meet or exceed the Project Goals while a <u>Significant Strength</u> has a <u>considerable positive</u> influence on the Proposer's ability to meet or exceed the Project Goals.
 - B. Weaknesses That part of a Proposal which detracts from the Proposer's ability to meet the Project Goals or may result in inefficient or ineffective performance. A Minor Weakness has a slight negative influence on the Proposer's ability to meet the Project Goals while a Significant Weakness has a considerable negative influence on the Proposer's ability to meet the Project Goals.



Evaluation Assessment Guidelines

	n Panel members will individually evaluate and score their assigned proposal category in accordance with the on criteria set forth in this RFP and assign a numerical score according to the scoring methodology listed below.
Score	Description
5	The Proposer demonstrates several Significant Strengths and/or several Minor Strengths , has no Minor Weaknesses regarding the following bullets: The Proposer's understanding of and approach to meeting the Project Goals. The Proposer's understanding of and approach to meeting the stated requirements and objectives of this scoring category. The Proposer communicates a commitment to quality for all phases of the Project. The Proposer's qualifications. The response supports an extremely strong expectation of successful Project performance if ultimately selected as the CM.
4	The Proposer demonstrates several Minor Strengths and/or few Minor Meaknesses and moscale Minor Strengths and moscale Minor Meaknesses regarding the following bullets: The Proposer's understanding of and approach to meeting the Project Goals. The Proposer's understanding of and approach to meeting the stated requirements and objectives of this scoring category. The Proposer communicates a commitment to quality for all phases of the Project. The Proposer's qualifications. The possibility exists that if selected, the Proposer may offset the Weakness of the response with their strengths. However, their minor weakness could slightly affect the success of the Project.
3	The Proposer demonstrates several Minor Strengths and no Significant Strengths, has several Minor Weaknesses and few Significant Weaknesses regarding the following bullets: The Proposer's understanding of and approach to meeting the Project Goals. The Proposer's understanding of and approach to meeting the stated requirements and objectives of this scoring category. The Proposer communicates a commitment to quality for all phases of the Project. The Proposer's qualifications. The possibility exists that if selected, the Proposer's Weaknesses could have an adverse effect on the success of the Project.
2	The Proposer demonstrates few Minor Strengths and



COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FORM B-1: MAXIMUM COMPENSATION FOR CONSTRUCTION MANAGER PRECONSTRUCTION SERVICES CERTIFICATION

Name of Proposer:		
Name of Project: I-270 Criti	ical Bridge Replacements Project	
Date:		
Construction Manager Preco	s acceptance or rejection of the CDOT determined Maximum Competenstruction Services of \$1.4 million (RFP Section 1.20), established Accept" or "Reject," initialing next to the proposer's section, and significant section in the proposer's section.	for the above
Accept the Maximum	Compensation for Construction Manager Preconstruction Services	Initials
OR		
Reject the Maximum	Compensation for Construction Manager Preconstruction Services	Initials
By:(Signature)	Print Name:	
Title:	Date:	
	eation of the project's determined Maximum Compensation for Const ust be clearly established and included with the response to this Projection	
the corresponding Proposal	Maximum Compensation for Construction Manager Preconstruction S to be considered non-responsive to the solicitation and the corresponsible of the considered in this Project's procurement.	
Failure to certify acceptance	e or rejection of the Maximum Compensation for Construction Mana	ger

Preconstruction Services may cause the corresponding proposal to be considered non-responsive to the solicitation.



Appendix C (two-page maximum for Appendix C).

responsive to the solicitation.

COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION FORM B-2: MANAGEMENT PRICE PERCENTAGE CERTIFICATION CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR SERVICES

Name of Proposer:	
Name of Project: I-270 Critical Bridge Rep	placements Project
Date:	
	r rejection of the CDOT determined Management Price Percentage above project by selecting either "Accept" or "Reject," initialing next to rtification:
Accept the MPP Initi	ials
OR	
Reject the MPP Initia	als
By:	Print Name:
(Signature)	
Title:	Date:
Signed and initialed certification of the protection the response to this project's Request for F	oject's determined MPP must be clearly established and included with Proposal.
	the corresponding Proposal to be considered non-responsive to the al will not be scored or further considered in this project's procurement.
In addition to submitting this certification	on, Proposers are also required to submit the information in

Failure to certify acceptance or rejection of the MPP may cause the corresponding proposal to be considered non-



APPENDIX C: CONSTRUCTION GENERAL CONDITIONS

	Costs NOT TO BE included in CM/GC Management Price Percentage	Costs TO BE included in CM/GC Management Price Percentage
Item	Costs for the categories below will be negotiated and included in the direct "Cost of the Work"	Other indirect and non-reimbursable costs to be included in the CM/GC price percentage are listed below
E.1	Mobilization	Project Principal – all costs
E.2	Project Manager	Project Manager relocation, housing, and subsistence costs.
E.3	Construction Manager/Superintendent	Construction Manager/Superintendent relocation, housing, and subsistence costs.
E.4	All other on-site, construction management staff as approved by the Agency	Additional CM/GC staff relocation, housing, and subsistence cost.
E.5	On-site administrative staff, including clerical and secretarial staff	Home, branch and regional office administrative support staff and all related costs
E.6	All project direct costs related to Safety	Home, branch and regional office safety support staff and all related costs
E.7	All project direct costs related to Quality Control	Home, branch and regional office quality control support staff and all related costs
E.8	Project office costs for cleaning, set-up/demo, maintenance, security, utilities, rent/lease, equipment, and furniture	Profit
E.9	Materials and equipment handling, including shipping/transport to site and storage costs	
E.10	Costs to co-locate with Agency staff	
E.11	Job site temporary toilet facilities and maintenance	
E.12	Partnering workshops	
E.13	Construction rental equipment	
E.14	Actual cost of permits	
E.15	All project direct costs related to implementation of Agency-approved sustainable practices	
E.16	All project direct costs related to implementation of Agency- approved DBE/ESB program	
E.17	Construction equipment and vehicles at Proposer's internal cost rate, including costs of maintenance and fuel	
E.18	All costs related to cell phones, radios, fax machines, pagers, computers and software.	
E19	All costs of capital and interest; licenses and taxes required by law.	



Appendix C
FINAL Request for Proposals – 11/18/2022
Project No. FBR 2706-44/C R100-364 I-270 Critical Bridge Replacements Project

E.20	Miscellaneous project office costs, including but not limited to, drinking water, printing, reproduction, postage, delivery, and supplies	
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APPENDIX D: FINAL PROJECT DELIVERY SELECTION MATRIX²

Workshop Summary	
Project Name:	24947/24527 I-270 Critical Bridges Replacement Project
Workshop Dates:	February 9, 11, and 15, 2022
Workshop Location:	Virtual via Google Meet
Facilitator:	Matthew Pacheco
Delivery Method Selected:	CM/GC

Workshop Participants		
Name	Email	
Adam Parks, R1 North Resident Engineer	adam.parks@state.co.us	
Andy Stratton, R1 North Program Engineer	andrew.stratton@state.co.us	
Basil Ryer, R1 Environmental Manager	basil.ryer@state.co.us	
Chris Horn, FHWA Senior Area Engineer	chris.horn@dot.gov	
Greg Marcuson, R1 Staff Bridge	greg.marcuson@state.co.us	
Matthew Pacheco, Alternative Delivery Program Manager	matthew.pacheco@state.co.us	
Patrick Holinda, Bridge Enterprise Program Manager	patrick.holinda@state.co.us	
Sina Khavaray, Alternative Delivery	sina.khavary@state.co.us	
Tristan Siegel, R1 Staff Bridge PE II	tristan.siegel@state.co.us	
Tony Meneghetti, R1 North Resident Engineer	anthony.meneghetti@state.co.us	

² Pursuant to Section 24-93-110, (2)(b)(II), C.R.S. During the procurement process, include the justification for selecting the IPD method in any Request for Qualifications and in the Request for Proposals.



Project Attributes

Project Name:

I-270 Critical Bridges Replacement Project

Location:

I-270 in Adams County (Commerce City)

Estimate:

Scoping level estimate: \$175M (includes Preconstruction costs, Construction Engineering (CE) costs, CDOT Indirect costs and projected inflation

Estimated Project Delivery Period:

Design starting in Fall 2022, Construction starting in Summer 2023, completion in early 2026

Required Delivery Date (if applicable):

The deteriorating bridges were built over 50 years ago and have reached the end of their service life. The need to eliminate safety concerns related to frequent emergency bridge repairs which impact the traveling public, railroad operations, and maintenance staff makes this project an urgent priority.

Source(s) of Project Funding:

Colorado Bridge & Tunnel Enterprise funds for 6 eligible structures, SB267 funds for remainder of scope

Project Corridor:

I-270

Major Features of Work:

- -Remove and replace eight (8) aging, deteriorated bridges and roadway approaches as required.
- -ROW: partial acquisitions and/or temporary/permanent easements will most likely be required in locations TBD (no relocations anticipated). Roadside retaining walls may be used to reduce ROW impacts.
- -Standard shoulder widths and acceleration/deceleration lanes to/from the adjacent interchange ramps at York Street and Vasquez Blvd.
- -No additional through-lane capacity

Major Schedule Milestones:

Public/industry alternative delivery meeting, Transportation Commission delivery method recommendation meeting, RFP for design services, NEPA clearance

Major Project Stakeholders:

FHWA, Adams County, Commerce City, BNSF Railroad, UPRR, RTD, Farmers Reservoir and Irrigation Co.

Major General Obstacles:

Class 1 railroads (BNSF and UPRR) require lengthy approval process for highway overpass bridge designs (initial design concept review has been initiated with the railroads)

Major Obstacles with Right of Way, Utilities, and/or Environmental Approvals:

- -ROW acquisition and or easements may be required to facilitate access and start of certain construction activities.
- -Utility Engineering (SUE) is complete and shows various perpendicular underground utilities in the vicinity of the bridges.



Major Obstacles during Construction Phase:

Four (4) bridges over active railroads will require flagging for construction activities. Known landfill material at roadway approaches will require ground stabilization methods.

Safety Issues:

Bridge construction involves numerous safety critical work items. Bridge construction over railroads involves additional safety critical work submittals and construction techniques approved by a stakeholder/third party.

Sustainable Design and Construction Requirements:

Environmental Management documentation and potential low-emission equipment requirements for contractor

Project-Specific Goals

Goal #1:

Remove and replace eight (8) aging, deteriorated bridges as soon as reasonably possible to eliminate frequent emergency repairs which cause lengthy and costly travel delays and detours for the traveling public and freight industry.

Goal #2:

Anticipate and meet environmental requirements before, during and after construction.

Goal #3:

Limit impacts to the traveling public during construction and minimize the number of required full-freeway closures

Goal #4:

Portion of the project may utilize SB-267 funds which have a drawdown goal of 80% by June 30, 2025

Constraints

Class 1 Railroads (BNSF Railway, Union Pacific Railroad) require lengthy approval processes for highway overpass bridge designs before construction can begin

Farmers Reservoir and Irrigation Company approval prior to construction

Project Financing

Does your project have any funding gaps that would require Financing*? NO



Identified Project Risks

3rd party (Railroad, Ditch Company) reviews and approvals.

Utilities present in the area may require Utility Relocation Agreements (Adams County Fiber/Storm, AT&T, CenturyLink, CCD, Comcast, Denver Water, Magellan, Metro Wastewater Reclamation District, Sprint, Suncor, Verizon, Xcel, Zayo)

Underground geotechnical conditions, especially at the existing landfill (cir.1960) near Suncor, were investigated for the I-270 NEPA Environmental (EA). Further geotechnical investigation may be warranted to reduce risk of unforeseen conditions.

Inflation of preconstruction and construction costs due to labor and material market conditions.



7.Level of Oversight and Control

8. Competition and Contractor

Experience

				ii Bridge Replacements i roje
		Rating Key		
++	Most appropriate delivery method	od		
+	Appropriate delivery method			
_	Least appropriate delivery meth	od		
Х	Fatal Flaw (discontinue evaluation	on of this method)		
NA	Factor not applicable or not rele	vant to the selection		
	I-270 CRITICAL BRIDGES REPLACEMENT PROJECT			
	DELIVERY	METHOD OPPORTUNITY/		
		DBB	CM/GC	DB
Primary	y Selection Factors			
1. Projec	ct Complexity & Innovation	+	++	+
2. Project Delivery Schedule		+	++	+
3. Project Cost Considerations - + +			+	
4. Level of Design + ++ -		-		
5. Risk Assessment		-	+	+
Second	ary Selection Factors			
6. Staff E	Experience/Availability (Agency)	n/a	Pass	n/a

n/a

n/a

n/a

n/a

Pass

Pass



Project Delivery Selection Summary Conclusions and Comments

BACKGROUND:

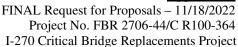
The I-270 corridor provides a vital connection from I-70 to I-25. Approximately 100,000 vehicles per day utilize this corridor to bypass the friction of downtown Denver to move goods, services, information, and people from the eastern edge of the city to north of the city. Within the I-270 corridor there are eight (8) structures within a one mile stretch between York St. and Vasquez Blvd. that have been the source of many challenges to the mission of this corridor. These structures have been in service for over 50 years and have been requiring frequent emergency repairs. Over 300 emergency repairs have been performed to the bridges along this corridor since 2006. These deck repairs always require significant lane closures affecting travel times in this corridor. This corridor lacks redundancy, and any detours during these emergency repairs require use of local roads or significant out-of-direction movements.

Bridge inspections rated 6 of the 8 bridges in this one-mile segment as 'poor', which made them eligible for Bridge & Tunnel Enterprise (BTE) funding for full replacement. CDOT Region 1 North Engineering and BTE recognize that any further investment into keeping these 8 bridges in service will have diminishing return, therefore the next step should be full replacement. CDOT Region 1 North Engineering has begun to advance the design phase to pursue replacement of these bridges as soon as possible. Full funding for the Critical Bridge Replacements project is available from sources including BTE and SB-267. A subsequent future project will complete the I-270 EA proposed action (to be determined) throughout the I-270 corridor.

CDOT Region 1 North Engineering convened a team of agency subject matter experts, and project team members for an interactive workshop to discuss and evaluate various delivery methods for the "I-270 Critical Bridges Replacement Project" using CDOT's Project Delivery Selection Matrix (PDSM). The workshop was held over the course of three days (February 9, 11, and 15, 2022), and approximately 9 hours total was spent in discussing the opportunities and obstacles each delivery method brought to the table, and how those characteristics can be leveraged to pursue the goals of the I-270 Critical Bridges Scope.

ANALYSIS:

The Project Team first discussed the project attributes, goals, constraints, and risks. Design-Bid-Build (DBB), Design-Build (DB), and Construction Manager/General Contractor (CM/GC) methods were then discussed. Each participant provided input as the opportunities and obstacles of each delivery method were discussed. It should be noted that the Progressive Design Build (PDB) delivery method was not evaluated in the workshop but was discussed separately by members of the Project Team. This delivery method would be a new type of contracting at CDOT requiring coordination and approval from the office of the Attorney General and the State Controller. The resulting schedule uncertainty and risk would not meet project delivery goals. After all comments were recorded, the Project Team collectively assigned a rating to each





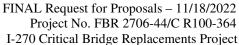
method for the primary factors listed in the Project Delivery Selection Matrix. The summary table was then populated with the ratings for the sake of comparison and selection of the most appropriate delivery method for this project. Please refer to the I-270 Project Delivery Selection Matrix (PDSM) for the summary table and detailed matrix evaluations.

The project faces scope and schedule risks due to the features underneath bridges requiring "third-party" agreements. Four of the eight bridges to be replaced span over Class 1 Railroads (BNSF Railway and Union Pacific Railroad) which will require complicated, lengthy design approval processes and negotiated clearances. Two bridges spanning over the historic Farmers Reservoir and Irrigation Company (FRICO) Burlington Ditch will also require similar design approvals and clearance. Two bridges span over the S. Platte River and adjacent Greenway Trail which must remain open to users throughout construction using its existing alignment, a temporary detour, or the future trail alignment. Maintenance of traffic must be optimized during all phases of bridge replacement with a goal of reducing the number of full freeway closures required.

The Project Team recognized several advantages offered by alternative delivery methods when compared to traditional Design-Bid-Build (DBB). An alternative delivery method with an accelerated design schedule can accommodate an earlier construction start date reducing the number of emergency repairs required over the remaining service life of the existing bridges. Alternative contracting also results in contractor input and consultation during the design phase reducing the risk of post-design scope changes and schedule delays stemming from contractor site access, phasing considerations and general constructability issues.

Key advantages typically offered by the Design-Build (D-B) delivery method were diminished by the prevalence of 3rd party agreement requirements controlling most of the project scope (Railroads and the FRICO Ditch Company). The project schedule critical path includes railroad and ditch review and approval at 30% design, final design, and construction. If final bridge designs for approvals are advanced in parallel to a lengthy Design-Build procurement process, the innovation advantages typically offered by D-B competition would be eliminated for all but a small remaining portion of the project scope. If overpass design changes are then proposed by the selected Design-Build team after procurement, the lengthy overpass design and approval processes may need to restart with significant delays to the schedule.

The CM/GC delivery method provides CDOT the earliest opportunity to secure a qualified Designer and a Contractor with the needed expertise for the Project and provides early and continuous collaboration between the Owner, Designer, General Contractor, and stakeholders throughout all Project phases. In addition, the Construction Manager's early and continuous input into design may identify additional or previously unknown risks while providing further consideration of opportunities for innovation, feasible mitigation strategies and collaborative scope development.





RECOMMENDATION:

The Project Team recommends a CM/GC Project Delivery Method. The expected opportunities offered by the CM/GC method can be leveraged to meet the unique challenges of this project. CM/GC allows CDOT to manage and mitigate risk using shared risk pools and the influence of an integrated project team that includes participation from CDOT, the Designer and the Contractor. CDOT can negotiate and coordinate risk elements by assigning risk to the party best suited to manage the risk during design and construction.

Justification includes:

- Advantage of early contractor input on complex project challenges:
 - o Railroads and Ditch Company approvals for overpass designs and construction
 - Constructability and site access planning
 - o Maintenance of Traffic planning for each bridge construction phase
 - o Accelerated Bridge Construction (ABC) opportunities
- Acceleration of pre-construction schedule
- Project Team collaboration can result in early cost certainty
- Collaborative design process, guided by CDOT, can pursue a quality and practical project
- Through strong CDOT management and project team collaboration, risks can be identified, quantified, and mitigated



Project Delivery Selection Matrix Primary Factors

1) Project Complexity and Innovation

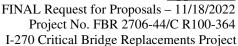
Project complexity and innovation is the potential applicability of new designs or processes to resolve complex technical issues.

DESIGN-BID-BUILD - Allows Agency to fully resolve complex design issues and qualitatively evaluate designs before procurement of the general contractor. Innovation is provided by Agency/Consultant expertise and through traditional agency directed processes such as VE studies and contractor bid alternatives.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Railroad agreements must be obtained prior to overpass reconstruction	Project construction advertisement could be delayed by lack of Railroad Agreements	
Owner has most control over design prior to advertisement	CDOT responsible for all change management cost impacts (e.g. errors & omissions)	
Value Engineering (VE) process as required by FHWA for large projects (\$50M+)	Constructability reviews by independent parties rather than active contractor (lower incentive to provide innovation)	+
Owner designed traffic control (MOT) plans	MOT redesigns may be required via change order due to contractor input during construction	
Owner controlled defined scope of existing landfill under highway and proposed mitigation plan	Low bid selection does not consider necessary and beneficial experience for high-risk projects	
CDOT inspection and Quality Assurance (QA) during construction	Contractor input limited to post construction advertisement	

CMGC - Allows independent selection of designer and contractor based on qualifications and other factors to jointly address complex innovative designs through three party collaboration of Agency, designer and Contractor. Allows for a qualitative (non-price oriented) design but requires agreement on CAP.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Early and continuous input of contractor expertise throughout design process. Specific project scope includes landfill material west of Brighton Blvd, Accelerated Bridge Construction input.	Potential for scope creep due to contractor and designer influence. Requires owner input and focus on key project goals.	
With Railroad approval being a critical path item for the project schedule, early Contractor input on overpass phasing constructability and design helps streamline the Railroad approval process.		
Shared risk pool reduces the burden of risk traditionally held by the owner (CDOT)		++
Early identification of errors & omissions is motivated by the shared risk pool		
Qualification-based selection for contractors that demonstrate understanding of project context	Contractor innovation may be limited by lack of competition when compared to Design-Build	
Early construction packages can be issued prior to entire project being 100% designed.	Construction Package scopes will need to remain independent and severable, but proximity of several bridges close together may pose a risk	
Collaboration between Owner/Designer/Contractor encourages "Project First" culture	Developing Skills to effectively negotiate the CAP.	
Less project management process adjustment when compared with Design-Build		





Moderate project management process adjustment from traditional DBB, including the CAP negotiation process

DESIGN-BUILD - Incorporates design-builder input into design process through best value selection and contractor proposed Alternate Technical Concepts (ATCs) — which are a cost-oriented approach to providing complex and innovative designs. Requires that desired solutions to complex projects be well defined through contract requirements.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Qualifications based contractor short list based on innovation and experience	Less Owner control over Design.	
Design is pushed towards Lean solutions for cost savings (added value)	Poorly defined technical requirements can be exploited	
Lowered risk for Owner (e.g. errors & omissions)	Least control over design process and construction product but this can be mitigated by quality Technical Requirements	
CDOT goals and values are met with competitive/innovative proposals	Owner shift from inspection focus to oversight and audit focus with reliance on Contractor IQC program	
More collaborative construction team structure than traditional DBB (Requires a more intensive level of Project Partnering and change in perspective)	Non-traditional CDOT project management process with less staff experience (100% project-focused staff required across several disciplines)	+
ATCs (Alternative Technical Concepts) encourages competitive innovation and a menu of improvement options	Intense pace of project requires a large dedicated full-time project staff on Owner side.	
AREs (Additional Requested Elements), when appropriate, can provide opportunity to maximize investment in the corridor	Third Party review times can be challenging to coordinate and manage according to contract requirements.	
Procurement process provides best value as defined by the Owner.		
Constructability and Value Engineering are inherent to the DB process. Separate VE study not required.		



2) Delivery Schedule

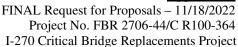
Delivery schedule is the overall project schedule from scoping through design, construction and opening to the public. Assess time considerations for starting the project or receiving dedicated funding and assess project completion importance.

DESIGN-BID-BUILD - Requires time to perform sequential design and procurement, but if design time is available has the shortest procurement time after the design is complete.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Procurement method (Advertisement for competitive bids) is reliable and usually efficient	Design phase has a lower sense of urgency without proper Project Management	
Agreements and clearances before construction advertisement can reduce risk of delays after award	Sequential design followed by construction advertisement	
Familiar standard process with more predictable schedule for project team	Construction duration difficult to accelerate	
	Unable to validate low-bid contractor schedule and approach during construction advertisement period	
	Least flexible for management of change conditions in construction as the contractor is not motivated to minimize change condition impact	+
	Least opportunity to compress schedule as the design and construction phases do not overlap	
	Design and construction schedules can be unrealistic due to lack construction industry input	
	Unable to procure long-lead-time items before start of construction phase.	

CMGC - Quickly gets contractor under contract and under construction to meet funding obligations before completing design. Parallel process of development of contract requirements, design, procurements, and construction can accelerate project schedule. However, schedule can be slowed down by coordinating design-related issues between the CM and designer and by the process of reaching a reasonable CAP.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Relatively moderate procurement period (10-16 weeks)		
Quickest from NEPA to construction. CM input can begin in NEPA phase	Less control over completion date when compared with a typical Design-Build.	
Procurement of long-lead-time items before construction phase		
Design and construction packages can occur in parallel for schedule compression	Fixed or promised 'road opening' dates can create conflicts within the CM/GC negotiation process and should be set with caution.	++
Some construction activities can commence prior to execution of Railroad Agreements	A contractor change in a later phase of work would result in re-design and coordination challenges	
Contractor input/innovations for schedule efficiencies		
Lower learning curve (than Design-Build) for Owner Project Managers	Owner Project Manager must plan and manage multiple parallel packages for overall schedule savings to be realized	





Schedule development is collaborative between Owner, Designer and Contractor, resulting in a more reliable schedule, based on actual contractor production rates rather than a forecast of historical data.	Failed Construction Agreed Price (CAP) negotiations can add significant time (3-6 mo.)	
Qualification-based selection can evaluate based on scheduling plan and approach		

DESIGN-BUILD - Ability to get project under construction before completing design. Parallel process of design and construction can accelerate project delivery schedule; however, procurement time can be lengthy due to the time necessary to develop an adequate RFP, evaluate proposals and provide for a fair, transparent selection process.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Completion Date contract can specify construction end date, resulting in high motivation for rapid completion	The fast-paced nature of the contract encourages minimal schedule contingencies and higher potential for conflicts over schedule	
Schedule certainty comes earlier in the project development process	Completion date contract schedules are not immune to risk, as Owner input or Third-Party agreements can impact critical path	
Schedule risk is owned by the contractor	Additional approximate 5 months for procurement phase vs.CM/GC	
Owner-assigned value on schedule creates competition amongst proposers and results in aggressive schedules	Need for advanced design for Railroad overpass approvals minimizes innovation opportunity	+
Fastest average delivery method from planning to completion of construction.	Highest level of project workload intensity, can overwhelm an Owner	
Construction RFC packages can be flexible to improve overall schedule		
Quicker from NEPA to construction than DBB.		
Procurement process can occur prior to NEPA. Design		
Notice-to-Proceed (NTP 1) can be issued upon		
completion of NEPA.		



3) Project Cost Considerations

of cost due to market conditions.

risk from the Owner to the DB team.

DB team must warrant against error and omissions – shifts

Project cost is the financial process related to meeting budget restrictions, early and precise cost estimation, and control of project costs.

of project costs.		
DESIGN-BID-BUILD - Competitive bidding provides a low cost until design is completed. More likelihood of cost change or	t construction for a fully defined scope of work. Costs accuracy ders due to contractor having no design responsibility.	limited
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Lowest initial cost and market pricing (low-bid) on scope per the Advertisement Package.	CDOT at risk for all errors & omissions change management cost impacts.	
Value Engineering mandatory for large projects – gain value prior to Advertisement.	Limited Contractor input results in less opportunities for cost reduction through innovation.	
	Cost Estimate is based on Historical Data, not current market pricing.	-
	Cost certainty is not achieved until construction is completed.	
	Value Engineering Change Proposals savings – only 50% to the owner	
CMGC - Agency/designer/contractor collaboration to reduce negotiated CAP introduces price risk. Good flexibility to design	risk pricing can provide a low cost project however, non-compe gn to a budget.	etitive
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Collaboration helps manage project risk resulting in more accurate project scope and project cost.	Negotiated bid rather than market low bid. May not lead to lowest possible project cost.	
Owner achieves 100% of Value Engineering (VE). VE is inherent to the process and contributes to a more reliable project cost.	Construction Manager (CM) cost for the pre-construction phase is an additional project cost	
Contractor input results in more opportunities than DBB for cost reduction through innovation.	Negotiation experience of the Owner can be different than the Contractor and could potentially put the owner at a disadvantage in Construction Agreed Price (CAP) negotiations	+
Quantified risk contingency is carried in a risk pool. This incentivizes mitigation of risk.	Cost certainty not known until the last package.	
Achieve cost certainty sooner than DBB.	Cost of Independent Cost Estimating consultant adds to project cost.	
	n provide a cost-efficient response to project goals. Costs are de variable scope bid to match a fixed budget. Poor risk allocation	
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Guaranteed Maximum Price (GMP) puts the risk of cost escalation with the contractor over the life of the project	Reliance on performance specs and technical requirements can introduce cost risk.	
Provides earliest cost certainty of all methods	Proposers will include larger contingencies to compensate for market volatility, eroding potential savings (less value for the investment).	
Alternative Technical Concept (ATC) among proposers promotes cost efficiency and maximized scope under the GMP	Cost of preparing the RFP is time and resource intensive.	+
Contractor is the most capable party to mitigate volatility	Contractor or designer capabilities or limitations may affect	

proposers

Owner will pay a stipend for ATCs of unsuccessful



4) Level of Design

Level of design is the percentage of design completion at the time of the project delivery procurement.

DESIGN-BID-BUILD - 100% design by Agency or contracted	d design team, with Agency having complete control over th	e design.
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Agency has control over the entire design phase	Misinterpretation of the Work, as well as errors and omissions in the plans and specifications, can result in disputes and claims.	
Completion of the design phase includes management of RR coordination and approvals before advertisement	Changes to the design due to contractor inputs on constructability and access after award can restart the design and RR approval processes.	+
and CMGC in the further development of the design. Itera Opportunities	ement of the CMGC and then joint collaboration of Agency, ative nature of design process risks extending the project school Collaboration Obstacles	
Procurement of contractor for input and expertise can occur at the current level of design (conceptual) vs. a higher level of design required before DB procurement can occur. Contractor provides constructability means and methods input starting at the current level of design, reducing risk of future design changes		***
Packaging can allow for construction start for certain project elements during final design of other project scope items		
allocate risk (typically 30% or less).	necessary to precisely define contract requirements and pro	
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
	If final designs for railroad and ditch overpass approvals proceed in parallel to the lengthy DB procurement process, the innovation advantages typically offered by DESIGN-BUILD competition would be eliminated for all but a small portion of the remaining project scope. If design changes are proposed after procurement, the lengthy railroad overpass design and approval process may need to restart.	-



5) Risk Assessment of Delivery Methods

Risk is an uncertain event or condition that, if it occurs, has an effect on a project's objectives. Risk allocation is the assignment of unknown events or conditions to the party that can best manage them. An initial assessment of project risks is important to ensure the selection of the delivery method that can properly address them. An approach that focuses on a fair allocation of risk will be most successful.

DESIGN-BID-BUILD - Risk allocation for design-bid-build best is understood by the industry, but requires that most design-related risks and third party risks be resolved prior to procurement to avoid costly contractor contingency pricing, change orders, and potential claims.

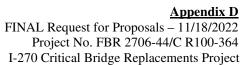
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Risk allocation is well understood by industry	Owner holds greatest share of the risk	
Most-defined scope going into construction	Design changes from errors/omissions	
Utility agreements and relocations pre-construction	Design changes from differing site conditions	
Railroad agreements/approvals before construction	Ad date is subject to RR agreements	
Owner control over design phase protects owner intent	Low-bid winner may not be the best-suited to perform the specific work based on the project risk profile	-
	Low-bid winner may misinterpret the "WORK"	
	Least opportunity for contractor input before award	
	Change order risks (schedule, cost)	
	Public input responsiveness depends upon specs and change orders rather than proposals	

CMGC - Provides opportunity for Agency, designer, and contractor to collectively identify and minimize project risks, and allocate risk to appropriate party. Has potential to minimize contractor contingency pricing of risk, but can lose the element of competition in pricing.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Early input from a well-qualified contractor during design phase can reduce risk of future design changes and revisions to 3 rd party agreements	Non-essential scope can be introduced in the absence of thorough oversight from the Owner project management team	
Early identification of construction risks, e.g. retaining walls, ground stabilization, etc.	Construction finish date is less certain vs. DB	+
Shared risk pool reduces the burden of risk traditionally held by the owner (CDOT)	CAP negotiation introduces cost and schedule risk	

DESIGN-BUILD - Provides opportunity to properly allocate risks to the party best able to manage them, but requires risks allocated to design-builder to be well defined to minimize contractor contingency pricing of risks.

Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Performance-based specifications transfer risk to D-B team	3rd party agreements are high-pressure and have the potential to delay the project if they are on the critical path	
Provides the owner with the opportunity to allocate risks to the party best-suited to manage the risk	Designer is not selected or managed individually by the Owner	





Qualifications-based selection to find the best suited team to mitigate the project risk profile	QA team is not selected by owner	+
Lowest risk of cost escalation	Poorly defined risks add cost	
Early risk identification by proposers promotes effective mitigation		

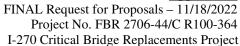


Project Delivery Selection Matrix Secondary Factors

6) Staff Experience and Availability

Agency staff experience and availability as it relates to the project delivery methods in question.

Agency staff experience and availability as it relates to the project delivery methods in question.		
DESIGN-BID-BUILD - Technical and management resources necessary to perform the design and plan development. Resource needs can be more spread out.		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
		n/a
CMGC - Strong, committed Agency project management resources are important for success of the CMGC pro Resource needs are similar to DBB except Agency must coordinate CM's input with the project designer and b prepared for CAP negotiations.		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
The CDOT North Program has administered several CM/GC contracts over the past several years. CDOT is one of States in the US with the most fully developed program and experience with CM/GC. CDOT Region 1 North Program has created project-specific positions to manage this project through its lifecycle	Additional training will be required, and new positions filled with experienced and dedicated staff	PASS
DESIGN-BUILD - Technical and management resources and expertise necessary to develop the RFQ and RFP and administrate the procurement. Concurrent need for both design and construction resources to oversee the implementation.		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
		n/a





7) Level of Oversight and Control

Level of oversight involves the amount of agency staff required to monitor the design or construction, and amount of agency control over the delivery process

agency control over the delivery process		
DESIGN-BID-BUILD - Full control over a linear design and construction process.		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
		n/a
CMGC - Most control by Agency over both the design, and construction, and control over a collaborative agency/designer/contractor project team		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
Owner control over design and construction packaging continues after procurement Owner control to assist with negotiating 3 rd party agreements, phasing, constructability, and stakeholder concerns. Owner maintains opportunity to influence design and construction throughout project development	Higher level of cost oversight required (ICE, scope creep)	PASS
DESIGN-BUILD - Less control over the design (design desires must be written into the RFP contract requirements). Generally less control over the construction process (design-builder often has QA responsibilities).		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
		n/a



8) Competition and Contractor Experience

Competition and availability refers to the level of competition, experience and availability in the market place and its capacity for the project.

capacity for the project.		
DESIGN-BID-BUILD - High level of competition, but GC selection is based solely on low price. High level of marketplace experience.		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
		n/a
CMGC - Allows for the selection of the single most qualified contractor, but CAP can limit price competition. Low level of marketplace experience.		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
The size and scope of this bridge replacement project offers a competitive entry point for contractors to gain experience with this delivery method. Industry has responded with strong interest surrounding the release of this project, generating competition.	low bid has largest pool of candidates.	PASS
DESIGN-BUILD - Allows for a balance of price and non-price factors in the selection process. Medium level of marketplace experience.		
Opportunities	Obstacles	Rating
		n/a



APPENDIX E: SAMPLE CONSTRUCTION MANAGER CONTRACT



CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR (CM/GC) AGREEMENT

Cover Page

State Agency: Department of Transportation	Contract Routing # / CMS #:		
Contractor:	The Effective Date:		
Contra decerv	Controller Signature Date Noted Herein		
Address, Suite,City,	Controller Signature Date Noted Herein		
StateZip			
CDOT Vendor #			
Contract Price:	Contract Termination Date:		
\$			
Project:			
110,000.			
Approved by Stephen Harelson P.E., Chief	Engineer on Date		
Approved by Stephen Haretson P.L., Chief	Linginieer onbate		
<u> </u>			
Contract Purpose:			
This Agreement is for CM/GC Services only			
project with an option to negotiate one or more Construction Agreed Prices (CAPs)			
for the construction phase of the project.			
Authority exists in the Law, and Funds hav	e been budgeted, appropriated, and		
otherwise made available, and a sufficient unencumbered balance thereof remains			
available for payment in:	. dieneamberea batairee thereof remains		
Durch as Ouder #	wBS #:, Fund Number:, WBS Element:, Fund		
Purchase Order #:	Project Description:,		
Project #:, Subaccount/	WBS #:, Fund Number:,		
General Ledger Account Number:	, WBS Element:, Fund		
Center:			
Bridge Enterprise:			
Purchase Order #:	Project Description:		
Project #: Subaccount/WRS #: Fund Number:			
Purchase Order #:, Project Description:, Project #:, Subaccount/WBS #:, Fund Number:, General Ledger Account Number:, WBS Element:, Fund			
Contain Contain Account Number.	, WD3 Lienieni, i unu		
Center:			
Shopping Cart #:			

Cover Page, cont.

Contract Documents included with this Agreement and Order of Precedence:

The following Exhibits and attachments are included with this Agreement:

- Exhibit A, Contractor's Preconstruction Roles and Responsibilities ("Contractor's Preconstruction Roles and Responsibilities Matrix");
- Exhibit B.1, Contractor's Certificate of Liability Insurance ("Certificate of Liability Insurance");
- Exhibit B.2, Contractor's Certification ("Contractor's Certification");
- Exhibit C, Contractor's CM/GC Price Proposal (Form B-3, CM/GC Management Price Percentage Required Information, emailed by Contractor to Owner on DATE:
- Exhibit D, Sample Contract Amendment; and
- Exhibit E, The United States Department of Transportation (USDOT) Standard Title VI/Non-Discrimination Assurance Appendix A & E.

The following documents are incorporated by reference and made a part of the terms and conditions of this Agreement:

- The Department's Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction
 __YEAR__ ("Standard Specifications"); and
- Request for Proposal dated ___Date___, Request for Proposal Addendum # dated ___Date___, and Contractor's Proposal including, but not limited to, the technical proposal and Contractor's Cost Model Approach, dated ___Date___, CDOT received on __Date___, and the price proposal documents including Exhibit C (collectively, the "Proposal").

The following Contract Amendment(s) (incorporating Bid Packages) Exhibits that are incorporated by reference herein when executed, after a successful CAP negotiation, and made a part of the terms and conditions of this Agreement:

- Exhibit D.1, For the LLTP Bid Package including all CAP documents, Drawings, Plans and Specifications including addenda and Modifications (when approved by the Principal Representative);
- Exhibit D.2, Performance Bond ("Performance Bond");
- Exhibit D.3, Payment Bond ("Payment Bond"); and
- Exhibit D.4, Insurance Certificate ("Insurance Certificate"). [Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]

Cover Page, cont.

The following documents will be incorporated by reference and made a part of the terms and conditions of this Agreement upon issuance by the Principal Representative:

- Exhibit F, Contractor Performance Evaluation Report ("Contractor Performance Evaluation Report");
- Exhibit G, Notice to Proceed to Commence CM/GC Services ("Notice to Proceed to Commence CM/GC Services");
- Exhibit H, CDOT Acceptance Letter for LLTP CAP or CM/GC Services (each a "CDOT Acceptance Letter");
- Exhibit I, Notice of Substantial Completion for LLTP CAP or CM/GC Services (each a "Notice of Substantial Completion"); and
- Exhibit J, Notice of Final Settlement ("Notice of Final Settlement").

The provisions of this Agreement shall govern the relationship of the State and Contractor. In the event of conflicts or inconsistencies between this Agreement and its exhibits and attachments, including, but not limited to, those provided by Contractor, such conflicts or inconsistencies shall be resolved by reference to the documents in the following order of priority:

- 1. Any federal laws, rules or regulations applicable to the Agreement;
- 2. Colorado Special Provisions;
- 3. Standard Specifications;
- 4. The provisions of the main body of this Agreement;
- 5. Any LLTP CAP proposal;
- 6. Any fully executed Amendment;
- 7. Any fully executed Change Order;
- 8. Any other fully executed, written Modification; and
- 9. The conditions, attachments and exhibits of this Agreement in descending order.

Provided this Agreement can be executed and performance of the obligations of the Parties accomplished within its intent, the provisions hereof are severable and any provision that is declared invalid or becomes inoperable for any reason shall not affect the validity of any other provision hereof, provided that the Parties can continue to perform their obligations under this Agreement in accordance with its intent.

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Cover Page, cont.

Parties: THIS CM/GC AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is entered into by and between the STATE OF COLORADO, acting by and through the Colorado Department of Transportation, the State or CDOT, ("Principal Representative"), and Colorado Bridge Enterprise, and ___Contractor____, ("Contractor"), engaged to serve as Construction Manager and proposed General Contractor.

The Principal Representative shall provide administration of this Agreement as described throughout this Agreement.

The Design Consultant and the Contractor shall advise and consult with the Principal Representative. All instructions and communications by the Design Consultant to the Contractor and by the Contractor to the Design Consultant shall be copied to the Principal Representative.

Except where expressly provided to the contrary in the Contract Documents, the Contractor's contact person shall forward all communications in writing and all documents to the Principal Representative's contact person and the Design Consultant's contact person as listed below:

For the Principal Representative: CDOT Region 1	For the Contractor: Representative:
Katie Dawson, CDOT Project Director Address: 4670 Holly Street City: Denver, State: CO Zip: 80216 Phone: (303) 398-6766 Email: katie.dawson@state.co.us	Title: Address: City: State: Zip: Phone: Email:
For the Principal Representative: Jan Walker Contracting Officer 2829 West Howard Place Denver, Colorado 80204 Ph. (303) 757-9296 Email: jan.walker@state.co.us	For the Design Consultant: Representative: Title: Address: City: State: Phone: Email:
Email. Jan.walker@state.co.us	Elliali.

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SIGNATURE PAGE

THE PARTIES HERETO HAVE EXECUTED THIS CONTRACT

Each person signing this Contract represents and warrants that the signer is duly authorized to execute this Contract and to bind the Party authorizing such signature and all required approval, clearance, coordination and action required by its procedures, by-laws, and/or applicable law have been accomplished from and with appropriate agencies.

Contractor Vendor #:	STATE OF COLORADO Jared S. Polis, Governor Colorado Department of Transportation For the Executive Director Shoshana M. Lew
Signed By: NameTitle	Signed By: Stephen Harelson P.E., Chief Engineer
Date:	Date:
COLORADO BRIDGE ENTERPRISE Colorado Department of Transportation	LEGAL REVIEW Phil Weiser, Attorney General
Signed By: _Name Director of Project Support Date:	Signed By: Kathy Young First Assistant Attorney General Date:
In accordance with \$24-30-202 C.R.S. thi	s Contract is not valid until signed and dated
	er or an authorized delegate.*
	ONTROLLER , CPA, MBA, JD
'	ent of Transportation
Effective Date:	

* EFFECTIVE DATE AND NOTICE OF NON-LIABILITY. This Agreement shall not be effective or enforceable until it is approved and signed by the State Controller or his designee ("Effective Date"), but shall be effective and enforceable thereafter in accordance with its provisions. The State shall not be liable to pay or reimburse Contractor for any performance hereunder including, but not limited to, costs or expenses incurred, or be bound by any provision hereof prior to the Effective Date.

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STATE OF COLORADO DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION CM/GC PRECONSTRUCTION SERVICES

1. THE WORK

- A. The Contractor and the Principal Representative have negotiated the terms of this Agreement pursuant to Section 24-93-104, C.R.S. as amended.
- B. The Contractor acknowledges the statutory authority and responsibility of the Principal Representative within the State of Colorado.
- C. The Principal Representative and the Contractor for the consideration hereinafter set forth, agree that the above Cover Page(s) and Signature Page are incorporated in this Agreement for all purposes.
- D. The Principal Representative intends to design and construct the Project. This Agreement is for CM/GC Services only during the Preconstruction Phase with an option to negotiate CAPs for the construction phase of the repair.
- E. Parties acknowledge that the Contractor was selected after a determination that its proposal was the most advantageous to the Principal Representative pursuant to a request for proposal issued on __Date__, Addendum 1 issued on __Date__, Addendum 2 issued on __Date__, and notified of award in writing on __Date__.
- F. In the performance of the Work under this Agreement, the Contractor acknowledges that time is critical for Project delivery and that portions of the Work could have their design completed as separate Bid Packages and under construction before other portions of the Work are fully designed. It is further recognized that this accelerated approach to construction utilizing the services of a Design Consultant and Contractor is a unique concept and that its utilization requires maximum cooperation between all parties. It is also recognized that the Work to be performed by the Contractor and the interrelationships and coordinative aspects thereof are in the developmental state and not fully defined. In furtherance thereof, if there appears to be a duplication, overlap or conflict of the responsibilities of or duties between the Design Consultant and Contractor or an absence of designation, the question shall be submitted to the Principal Representative for determination. The Contractor shall abide by the decision of the Principal Representative provided it does not require the performance of Work beyond what was reasonably contemplated and accepted by the Contractor as its responsibility.

In the performance of the Work, the Contractor agrees that its "key individuals" in its response to the "listed personnel in the Project Management Team" in "Contractor's Proposal" which is part of the Proposal (collectively, the "Key Personnel"), constitutes an agreement by the Contractor to make such Key Personnel available to complete the Work on the Contract at whatever level the Project requires. Modifications to the Contractor's Key Personnel and other personnel listed in the Proposal, Contractor's Proposal are discouraged and will not be approved without justification. Examples of justification include death of a team member, changes in employment status,

bankruptcy, inability to perform, organizational conflict of interest, or other such significant cause. In order to secure the Principal Representative's approval after award of any change to the Contractor's Key Personnel, a written request shall be forwarded to the Principal Representative for consideration as soon as possible after the event. The request shall include:

- i. the nature of the desired change,
- ii. the reason for the desired change, and
- iii. a statement of how the desired change will meet the required qualifications for the position/responsibility. No such modification will be made without prior approval by the Principal Representative.
- G. The Contractor agrees to cooperate fully with the Principal Representative in the Design Services and LLTP aspects of the Work to keep within the Contract Price.
- H. The Contractor understands the relationship of trust and confidence established between it and the Principal Representative and accepts those responsibilities as described in this Agreement. The Contractor covenants with the Principal Representative to furnish its best skill and judgment and to cooperate with the Design Consultant in furthering the interests of the Principal Representative.

The Contractor agrees to furnish efficient business administration, project management, and superintendence and to use its best efforts to complete the work in an expeditious and economical manner consistent with the interests of the Principal Representative.

- I. The Contractor, the Principal Representative, and the Design Consultant (collectively, the "Project Team") shall work together during the Preconstruction Phase through to the acceptance of all LLTP CAPs and Construction CAPs. The Contractor shall provide leadership to the Project Team on all matters relating to construction.
- J. The Contract Documents shall not be deemed to create any contractual relationship between the Design Consultant and the Contractor or any separate contractors, Subcontractors of any tier or suppliers on the Project; nor shall anything contained in the Contract Documents be deemed to give any third party any claim or right of action against the Principal Representative, the Design Consultant or Contractor which does not otherwise exist without regard to the Contract Documents.
- K. The Work of the Contractor shall consist of its Work in connection with the Preconstruction Phase. The Preconstruction Phase of the Contractor's Work shall be parallel and coincidental with the Field Inspection Review ("FIR"), Final Office Review ("FOR"), and final Preconstruction Phase of the Design Consultant's services for each Bid Package. As the Bid Packages are prepared and prices are established for the Work to be performed within each respective Bid Package, the Parties contemplate that:
 - i. Principal Representative shall not make a commitment to any alternative considered during the environmental review under the National

- Environmental Protection Act of 1969, (42 U.S.C. 4321 et seq.) (NEPA) process, applicable portions of the implementing regulations at 40 CFR parts 1500-1508, and part 771 of this chapter. Principal Representative shall evaluate and fairly consider the comparative merits of all alternatives identified and contemplated during the NEPA process, including the no-build alternative.
- ii. The procurement of any LLTP by Contractor shall be approved by the Principal Representative through a contract amendment to this Agreement (with corresponding adjustments to the Contract Sum and/or Term) and subject to the issuance of a Notice to Proceed to Commence LLTP; and
- iii. The Work to be performed by the Contractor during the Construction Phase shall be approved and paid for by the Principal Representative through construction contracts separate from this Agreement and modified for CM/GC projects to incorporate the Bid Packages, Bonds, Certificates of Insurance, LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposals, and all other contract documents required for the construction contracts.
- L. The intent of the Contract Documents is to include all items and services necessary for the proper execution and completion of the Work. The Contract Documents are complementary, and what is required by any one shall be as binding as if required by all. Work not covered in the Contract Documents shall be required unless it is not consistent therewith and is not reasonably inferable therefrom as being necessary to produce the intended results. Words and abbreviations which have well known technical or trade meanings are used in the Contract Documents in accordance with such recognized meanings. Numerous exhibits to be developed over a period of time are to be also attached to and made a part of the Contract Documents, some of which may be in conflict with other exhibits or portions of this Agreement.
- M. Federal Requirements Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, in the event of any conflict between any Federal Requirement and the other requirements of the Contract Documents, the Federal Requirements shall prevail, take precedence and be in force over and against any such conflicting provisions.

2. DEFINITIONS

- A. "Agreement" or "Contract" is this written standard construction manager/general contractor services agreement entered into by the Principal Representative and the Contractor for the performance of the Work and payment therefore.
- B. "Amendment" means a written change to this Agreement signed by the Contractor, the State Controller, and the Principal Representative, or its authorized agent, issued after the Effective Date of this Agreement, authorizing a change in the Work, the method or manner of performance, an adjustment in the Contract Price, Contract Sum, the Contractor's CM/GC Pre-Construction Fee, or the Term, which can only be changed by Amendment. An

- Amendment may be executed using a form attached to this Agreement as Exhibit D and approved by the Contractor and Principal.
- C. "Bid Package" means a substantially complete Plans, Specifications, and Estimate package from which a CAP proposal could be prepared for LLTP or any Construction Phase and which Bid Package may be advertised through the CDOT low bid procurement process.
- D. "Bid Item Pricing" means the prices per unit shown in Contractor's Price Proposal as provided in Exhibit C including Scoring Form B-3: CM/GC Price Proposal, delivered by Contractor to Principal Representative via email on September 4, 2020.
- E. "CDOT" means the Colorado Department of Transportation, which is the Principal Representative.
- F. "CM/GC Management Price Percentage" means the fee percentage to be applied to all LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposals equal to the amount of profit, overhead, and construction general conditions as listed in Exhibit C of the Proposal.
- G. "CM/GC Services" means the services performed by Contractor as specified in Section 3.1.2, Completion within Fiscal and Time Constraints.
- H. "CM/GC Construction Contract" means the contract between the Principal Representative and the General Contractor to perform construction activities for any approved Construction CAP.
- I. "Constructability Report" means a written report that reviews each Bid Package at agreed upon Milestones for constructability and feasibility, which includes, but is not limited to, a brief cost and risk analysis with regards to constructability.
- J. "Construction CAP" or "CAP" means the maximum amount for which all Work required for each Construction Phase, excepting LLTP (see definition below "LLTP CAP", shall be accomplished (including the CM/GC Management Price Percentage) and it shall be computed by the Contractor in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.5, Construction Agreed Price. For any Construction CAP to be accepted by the Principal Representative, the Owner's Estimate and the Contractor's Construction CAP must be within a percentage acceptable to the Principal Representative, which shall be demonstrated by the Principal Representative's issuance of a "CAP Acceptance Letter" to Contractor.
- K. "Construction Phase" means the phase of Work performed by the Contractor in the construction of the Work from award of construction contracts for any Bid Package until the final acceptance of such Bid Package by CDOT. Construction Phase excludes all Design Services.
- L. "Contract Documents" means, collectively, the following documents:
 - i. The exhibits of the Agreement that are attached hereto, incorporated herein, and referenced on the Cover Page of this Agreement;
- ii. Other documents that are incorporated by reference and made a part of the terms and conditions of this Agreement are referenced on the Cover Page of this Agreement; and

- iii. Contract Amendment(s) (incorporating Bid Packages) Exhibits that will be attached hereto and incorporated by reference herein when executed, after a successful CAP negotiation, are referenced on the Cover Page of this Agreement.
- iv. The documents that are referenced on the Cover Page of this Agreement and made part of the terms and conditions of this Agreement upon issuance by the Principal Representative will be incorporated by reference to this Agreement.
- M. "Contract Goal" means the goal for DBE participation that the Department determines should appropriately be met by the selected contractor, based on the type of work included in each project and the availability of DBEs capable of performing such work. The Contract Goal, if determined by the Principal Representative as required, will be the percentage stated in the invitation for CM/GC Services or in the Contract documents.
- N. "Contract Price" is the dollar amount available for the total cost for performance of all LLTP CAPs and Construction CAPs as designed or specified by the Design Consultant.
- O. "Contract Sum" shall be defined as provided in Section 9.6.1, Construction Agreed Price. The State's financial obligation is limited by this amount, and the Contractor shall perform no Work which will result in a contract value which exceeds the Contract Sum. Any modification or amendment to the terms and conditions of this Agreement must be in writing, executed in accordance with the State Fiscal Rules, and be approved by the Controller or his designee.
- P. "Contractor" means the individual, joint venture, partnership, or corporation which has, been selected by the Principal Representative by virtue of its inhouse capabilities of budgeting, cost estimating, management and labor relations personnel, the required technical and professional services expertise to work with the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant in order to help formulate the Project Budget, furnish the Design Consultant with the information on construction technology and market conditions to help assure that the Project design stays within the Project Budget, Contract Price, and aggregate of LLTP CAPs and Construction CAPs (except for changes made pursuant to Article 10) and manage the procurement effort.
- Q. "Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee" means the amount to be paid by the Principal Representative to the Contractor for Work performed by Contractor through the Preconstruction Phase which is equal to the amount of the fees and costs for administrative costs, overhead and profit, including, but not limited to, all resources needed to perform the duties described in Exhibit A; and Exhibit C Scoring Form B-3: CM/GC Price Proposal, and Form C-1 CM/GC Management Price Percentage.
- R. "Cost Model" means the open and transparent model that the Contractor develops and uses through the Preconstruction Phase so that estimates and assumptions are communicated to the Principal Representative, Design Consultant and Independent Cost Estimator. Contractor must use a Cost Model reasonably consistent in approach with that provided for the Bid Item Pricing in

- the Contractor's Price Proposal documents unless otherwise agreed to by the Principal Representative. Although the Bid Item Pricing proposal addressed only the bid items listed in the RFP, the accepted estimating model shall be applied to the entire Project during the CM/GC design process to arrive at the OPCCs and Construction CAP. During Project execution, the Contractor shall use the accepted version of the Contractor's proposed approach to price and estimating model.
- S. "Critical Path Method" or "CPM" means a mathematically based algorithm for scheduling a set of project activities, which is an important tool for effective project management. It involves constructing a model of the project including a list of all activities required to complete the project (typically categorized within a work breakdown structure), the time (duration) that each activity will take to completion, and the dependencies between the activities. Using these values, CPM calculates the longest path of planned activities to the end of the project, and the earliest and latest that each activity can start and finish without making the project longer. This process determines which activities are "critical" (i.e., on the longest path) and which have "total float" (i.e., can be delayed without making the project longer).
- T. "Date of Completion" is the date certified by the Principal Representative when the Work, or designated portion thereof, is complete in accordance with the Contract Documents.
- U. "Day" means calendar day unless specifically designated otherwise.
- V. "DBE" means a business currently certified as a "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise" by the Colorado Unified Certification Program.
- W. "DBE Joint Venture" means association of two or more businesses formed to carry out a single business enterprise for profit for which purposes they combine their property, capital, efforts, skills and knowledge. DBE Joint Ventures must be certified as a joint venture by the Principal Representative. The DBE percentage of the joint venture will be determined at the time of certification.
- X. "DBE Program" means Principal Representative's "Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program" which has been developed in accordance with 49 CFR Part 26 and approved by the appropriate federal government operating agency.
- Y. "DBE Provision" means CDOT's DBE provision located on CDOT's website at: https://www.codot.gov/business/civilrights/dbe.
- Z. "Design Consultant" means the legally approved professional Design Consultant, or group or association or professional corporation of such approved professional Design Consultants, engineers and consultants, who have contracted with the Principal Representative to accomplish Design Services necessary for the Project.
- AA. "Design Services" means architectural and engineering services provided by the Design Consultant and/or the Contractor.
- BB. "Direct Cost of the Work" means those items included in any Construction CAP which, pursuant to the Construction General Conditions, are directly related to construction and not otherwise defined under such Construction Phase.

- CC. "Dispute Resolution" means the process through which the Parties (Principal Representative and the Contractor) agree to resolve any issue related to this Agreement that may result in Disputes and Claims.
- DD. "Disputes and Claims" means all disputes and/or claims concerning contract price, time, payment, and/or interpretation of this Agreement. Disputes and Claims include, but are not limited to, any disagreement resulting from a delay, a Change Order, any Modification, another written order, or an oral order from the Principal Representative, including any direction, instruction, interpretation, or determination by the Principal Representative, interpretations of the Agreement provisions, Drawings, Plans, or Specifications or the existence of alleged differing site conditions.
- EE. "Drawings" means all Plans and Specifications approved by the Principal Representative which have been prepared by the Design Consultant showing the work for the Project to be performed.
- FF. "ESB" means any business certified by the Principal Representative to participate in the ESB Program that has not otherwise lost such certification due to graduation or revocation.
- GG. "ESB Program" means Principal Representative's "Emerging Small Business Program" which has been developed in accordance with 2 CCR 604-1 and approved by the State of Colorado Transportation Commission and is intended to provide assistance and increase opportunities for ESBs.
- HH. "Final Acceptance" or "Finally Complete" mean the stage in the progress of the Work for any LLTP Phase or Preconstruction Phase, after Substantial Completion, when all remaining items of Work for such phase have been completed, all requirements of the Contract Documents related to such phase are satisfied and the CDOT Acceptance Letter for such phase can be issued. Portions of the phase may be separately and partially deemed Finally Complete at the discretion of the Principal Representative when that portion of the phase reaches such stage of completion and a partial CDOT Acceptance Letter for such phase can be issued.
- II. "FIR" means the field inspection review which is the plan review where the Plans and Specifications are at the percent completed specified in the Bid Package.
- JJ. "FOR" means the final office review which is the plan review where the Plans and Specifications are at the percent completed specified in the Bid Package.
- KK. "Health and Safety Plan" means a site specific safety and health plan to protect workers, staff, and visitors that protects their health and safety.
- LL. "Independent Cost Estimate" means an estimate that is conducted with the Project design and construction information independent of the Principal Representative, Design Consultant and the Contractor.
- MM. "Independent Cost Estimator" or "ICE" means the designee of the Principal Representative tasked to perform the Independent Cost Estimate.
- NN. "Innovation Tracking and Performance Report" means a report that tracks all innovations offered by Contractor, Principal Representative, and

- Design Consultant team members. It also tracks the performance of these innovations during any Construction Phase or LLTP of the Project.
- OO. "Instruments of Service" means all documents produced by the Design Consultant, including plans, Specifications, Drawings, opinions, reports, and calculations, which have historically been treated as intellectual property belonging to the Design Consultant that created it.
- PP. "LLTP" means long lead-time procurements which must be ordered and/or procured in advance of the Construction Phase for which it shall be used.
- QQ. "LLTP CAP" means the maximum amount for which any LLTP shall be procured and it shall be computed by the Contractor in accordance with the provisions of Section 9.5, Construction Agreed Price. The CM/GC Management Price Percentage is applied to all LLTP CAP proposals. For any LLTP CAP to be accepted by the Principal Representative, the Owner's Estimate and the Contractor's CAP must be within a percentage acceptable to the Principal Representative, which shall be demonstrated by the Principal Representative's issuance of a "CAP Acceptance Letter" to Contractor.
- RR. "Key Personnel" means the listed personnel in the Project Management Team/Capability in "Contractor's Proposal" which is part of the Proposal that constitutes an agreement by the Contractor to make the personnel available to complete the Work at whatever level the Project requires pursuant to Exhibit A.
- SS. "Material Sourcing Plan" means the plan that details how the Contractor will handle bids from material vendors for any LLTP CAP or Construction CAP proposals. This plan is part of the open Cost Model required as part of any Bid Package development.
- TT. "Milestone" means a point in the Preconstruction Phase where Plans, Specifications, and estimates are at an agreed completion point. Milestone examples include FIR, FOR, and LLTP CAP or Construction CAP proposals.
- UU. "Modification" includes (1) a written Amendment to this Agreement signed by both parties, (2) a Change Order, or (3) a written interpretation issued by the Principal Representative pursuant to Section 4.3, Interpretations.
- VV. "Notice" shall mean any communication in writing from either contracting Party to the other by such means of delivery that receipt cannot be properly denied.
- WW. "Notice of Termination" means the delivered Notice that informs the Contractor that the Agreement between the State and the Contractor is being terminated for the convenience of the State or for default pursuant to Article 16.
- XX. "Opinion of Probable Construction Cost" or "OPCC" is the cost to complete the Work for a LLTP or a Construction Phase. This cost includes all labor, materials, equipment, bond premiums, and actual costs of procurement or construction that the Contractor will use for the duration of such LLTP or Construction Phase to complete the Work. Each Opinion of Probable Construction Cost shall be produced in an open book process throughout the Preconstruction Phase of the Project so that the Principal Representative, the Design Consultant, and the

- Independent Cost Estimator can make accurate assumptions, calculate prices, and determine the amount of risk in the Project.
- YY. "Pay Estimate" means a request for payment for Work completed on a monthly basis and pursuant to the 2022 Standard Specifications, as amended, revised and modified from time to time.
- ZZ. "Plans" includes the detailed plans and standard plans in any Exhibit D, in which calculated dimensions will govern over scaled dimensions.
- AAA. "Principal Representative" means CDOT or its designee and shall be specifically identified in the Contract Documents.
- BBB. "Preconstruction Phase" means the phase of Work in which CM/GC Services, LLTP, and Design Services are performed.
- CCC. "Procurement Review Report" means the report detailing any LLTP CAP plans, warranties, liquidated damages, procurement strategies, schedules, and details required for LLTPs.
- DDD. "Product Data" are illustrations, standard schedules, performance charts, instructions, brochures, diagrams, cost models, risk registers, communications, and other information furnished by the Contractor to illustrate a material, product, or system for some portion of the Work.
- EEE. "Project" is the total design and construction of the project as identified in Section 1 of the "Principal Representative's Request for Proposal" which is part of the Proposal, of which the Work performed under the Contract Documents is a part, and may include construction by the Principal Representative or by separate contractors.
- FFF. "Project Management Software" means the contract-control/project-management software approved by the Principal Representative.
- GGG. "Project Manager" means a qualified individual authorized by the Contractor to be responsible for coordinating time, equipment, money, tasks, and people for all or specified portions of the Project.
- HHH. "Project Schedule" means a schedule that is prepared by the Contractor that shall be used for coordination, for evaluation of progress, for evaluation of changes to the Agreement, and to ensure the timely completion of the Work as called for in the Contract Documents.
- III. "Owner's Estimate" means the estimate reviewed and approved by the Principal Representative to be compared to each OPCC or CAP. The Independent Cost Estimate can serve as the Owner's Estimate if approved by the Principal Representative.
- JJJ. "Quality Control Plan" means the plan describing the Contractor's plans to ensure quality and compliance in construction.
- KKK. "Risk Management Plan" means the agreed to plan which includes risk identification, assessment, and completion of a Risk Register detailing risks, mitigation, and the assigned responsibility for each risk.
- LLL. "Risk Register" means a listing of risks and opportunities, risk assessments, and an evaluation of mitigation and responsibility for those risks.

- MMM. "Samples" are physical examples which illustrate materials, equipment, or reasonable workmanship, and establish standards by which the Work shall be judged.
- NNN. "Schedule of Bid Items" is part of the Contract Documents for any LLTP CAP or Construction CAP proposals, which includes an itemized description of the Work by division and section of the Specifications. The format will be an electrical EBS file submitted to the Principal Representative by floppy disk, flash drive, CD, or electronic submittal.
- OOO. "Shop Drawings" are drawings, diagrams, schedules, and other data specifically prepared for the Work by the Contractor or any Sub-contractor of any tier, manufacturer, Supplier, or distributor, to illustrate some portion of the Work.
- PPP. "Specifications" means the detailed, exact statement of particulars, especially statements prescribing materials and methods; and quality of Work for any LLTP or Construction Phase, which are attached in any Exhibit D and include, but are not limited to, Project special provisions and standard special provisions.
- QQQ. "Standard Specifications" means the provisions in the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction issued 2022, as amended, revised and modified from time to time.
- RRR. "State" means the State of Colorado.
- SSS. "Subcontracting Plan" means the plan developed by the Contractor which outlines the Contractor's expected approach to subcontracting, including promoting disadvantaged and small business participation, in the Construction Phase of the Project. The Subcontracting Plan shall detail the opportunities that the Contractor has identified for possible participation by ESBs and DBEs. The Subcontracting Plan shall be included in each Bid Package prepared by the Contractor and may be considered by CDOT when determining the goal for DBE participation to be applied to the Construction Phase.
- TTT. "Subcontractor" means a person, firm, or corporation supplying labor and materials, or only labor, for all or any portion of the Work, under separate contract or agreement with the Contractor.
- UUU. "Substantial Completion" or "Substantially Complete" mean the stage in the progress of the Work for any LLTP or Preconstruction Phase when the procurement or CM/GC Services are sufficiently complete, in accordance with the Contract Documents as modified by any Amendment or Change Order, so that the Work, or at the discretion of the Principal Representative, any designated portion thereof, is available for its intended use by the Principal Representative and a Notice of Substantial Completion for such phase can be issued. Portions of the phase may, at the discretion of the Principal Representative, be designated as Substantially Complete.
- VVV. "Superintendent" means the Contractor's authorized employee held responsible in charge of the Work.
- WWW. "Supplier" means any manufacturer, fabricator, distributor, material man or vendor.

- XXX. "Term" means the term of the Agreement, which shall commence as set forth in Section 6.1, Commencement, and shall end on the final completion date of the Project pursuant to Article 15.
- YYY. "Termination Claim" means a claim that results from termination of this Agreement pursuant to section 108.10 of the Standard Specifications or Article 16, Principal Representative's Right to Terminate Contract, of this Agreement.
- ZZZ. "Termination Date" means the date this Agreement shall terminate, which is June 30, 2023, unless sooner terminated or further extended as specified elsewhere herein.
- AAAA. "Value Engineering" means a study or activity that helps to design and provide deliverables that meet the customer needs at the lowest cost while assuming a standard of quality and reliability.
- BBBB. "Work" means the CM/GC Services and all LLTPs required by the Contract Documents, whether completed or partially completed, and includes all other labor, materials, equipment and services provided or to be provided by the Contractor to fulfill the Contractor's obligations. The Work may constitute the whole or a part of the Project.
- CCCC. "Worker and Public Safety Plan" means the report detailing how the Contractor will provide a safe work site and provide safety for the travelling public.
- DDDD. "Working Day" means any day, exclusive of Saturdays, Sundays, and State and federal recognized holidays, on which weather and other conditions not under the control of the Contractor will permit construction operations to proceed with the normal working force engaged in performing those items controlling the completion of the Work.

3. CONTRACTOR'S SERVICES

The Contractor shall perform the following services under this Agreement described below:

A. COMPLETION WITHIN FISCAL AND TIME CONSTRAINTS

i. The Contractor expressly recognizes that this Project is being undertaken on an accelerated basis and must be completed within the time and fiscal constraints as set forth throughout this Agreement and its Exhibits. The Contractor further represents to the Principal Representative that by executing this Agreement, it has been fully informed and has thoroughly reviewed: the goals of the Project; the work effort of the Design Consultant performed to date for the Project; all of this Agreement's Exhibits and Contract Documents, specifically including, but not limited to, Exhibit A, Contractor's Preconstruction Roles and Responsibilities Matrix; has been informed of the Principal Representative's general time as well as fiscal constraints and contingencies applicable to the Contract Price; and all of the CM/GC Services and LLTPs to be provided by the Contractor pursuant to the Contract Documents. Based upon this review and analysis and recognizing that the contract for Design Services is between the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant, the Contractor nonetheless

- represents to the Principal Representative that it shall provide all the necessary services and perform all of the Work within the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- ii. To accomplish the objectives set forth in Section 3.1.1, Completion Within Fiscal and Time Constraints, the Contractor shall provide consultation throughout the Preconstruction Work Package, but not limited to, the furnishing of all necessary CM/GC Services and LLTPs. In cooperation with the Design Consultant and Principal Representative, the Contractor shall:
 - a) Review all as-builts, current design, and site conditions.
 - b) Attend the Project Scoping Workshop.
 - c) Attend all Project, Milestone, Context Sensitive Solutions (CSS), Project action team, LLTP CAP or Construction CAP negotiation meetings with the Project team as agreed at the Project Scoping Workshop.
 - d) Formulate and evaluate alternative designs, systems, and materials.
 - e) Provide cost estimates of the alternatives to be evaluated. Cost estimates shall include industry standard operating and maintenance costs when appropriate to evaluate life-cycle costs of the alternatives. The Contractor shall develop the OPCC on designs prepared by the Design Consultant at the completion of any agreed upon Milestone and shall include an analysis and commentary as to any discrepancies observed in any report referenced in Sections 3.1.2 (7) and (8), Completion Within Fiscal and Time Constraints, below.
 - f) Evaluate the alternatives on the basis of costs, construction schedules, availability of labor, equipment, and materials, and construction feasibility in the form of Constructability Reports.
 - g) With the assistance of the Design Consultant, prepare written procurement reviews for materials that could be procured by the Principal Representative or the Contractor ahead of any Construction Phase.
 - h) With the assistance of the Design Consultant, prepare written reports at the end of any FIR or any FOR summarizing the Value Engineering activities accomplished and any recommendations developed within each phase.
 - i) If OPCCs and/or bids received for the Work contained in any Bid Package cause the anticipated cost of the Work to exceed the then current OPCC, the Contract Price, any LLTP CAP, any Construction CAP or Schedule of Bid Items, the Contractor shall, at no additional cost to the Principal Representative unless caused by an increase in the Contractor's Work requested by the Principal Representative, provide additional Value Engineering services in conjunction with any and all appropriate items in the OPCC, the Contract Price, any LLTP CAP, any Construction CAP and/or the Schedule of Bid Items for the Work.
 - j) Lead informal or formal Value Engineering workshop(s), as determined by CDOT, at agreed upon Milestones to coordinate estimating tasks,

- bring multidiscipline cost/construction experts to evaluate alternative designs, systems, and materials. This Work includes the submittal and ongoing evaluation of Value Engineering Change Orders, if required.
- k) Develop and submit a Contracting and Diversity Plan to contract with Subcontractors and meet the DBE goals, if applicable, of any Construction Phase.
- l) Prepare preliminary construction schedules and phasing alternatives.
- m) In collaboration with the Design Consultant and Principal Representative, develop a Risk Management Plan, perform risk assessments, and prepare a Risk Register.
- n) With the assistance of the Design Consultant and Principal Representative, develop an Innovation Tracking and Performance Report.
- o) Develop a Quality Control Plan, a Material Sourcing Plan, and a Worker and Public Safety Plan.
- p) Prepare and submit a Procurement Review Report for each LLTP CAP.
- iii. The Principal Representative and the Design Consultant shall participate in the formulation and evaluation of alternatives in the Value Engineering activity.

B. AVAILABLE FUNDS

- i. The Parties expressly recognize and agree that this Agreement is subject to and contingent upon the continuing availability of federal and state funds for the purposes hereof. If the State does not receive such funds or any part thereof, the State's performance hereunder is contingent upon the continuing availability of such funds and the State may immediately terminate this Agreement without liability, including liability for termination costs. In the event of termination, the Contractor is entitled to payment, in accordance with this Agreement, for Work completed on the Project as of the date of the termination.
- ii. The Contractor acknowledges that the State is limited in the funds available to design and construct the Project. Should funding of a lesser amount be made available for the Project, it is the obligation of the Principal Representative to revise the Project scope consistent with the ultimate appropriation.
- iii. Payments pursuant to this Agreement shall be made only from available funds encumbered for this Agreement and the State's liability for such payments shall be limited to the amount remaining of such encumbered funds.

C. BUDGETING AND CONTRACT PRICE

i. The Contractor shall assist the Design Consultant in evaluating the Principal Representative's preliminary budget. Based on consultation with the Design Consultant and the Contractor, the Principal Representative shall furnish a Contract Price to the Contractor which shall set forth a dollar amount available for the total OPCC(s) of the Project and include contingencies for

- bidding and construction, shared risk contingency pools, force account items, and the CM/GC Management Price Percentage.
- ii. The Contract Price may be revised only by approved Amendments.

D. COST ESTIMATING AND PROJECT MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE

- Cost estimating shall be conducted by three entities during the Preconstruction Phase of the Project. The Principal Representative and Contractor shall maintain their own OPCCs through the Preconstruction Phase. The Principal Representative will provide an Independent Cost Estimator or ICE that will develop an Independent Cost Estimate. At each agreed upon Milestone and after any LLTP CAP, or any Construction CAP proposals are submitted by the Contractor, the Principal Representative's Engineer's Estimate, and the Contractor's OPCC will be compared to the Independent Cost Estimate provided by the ICE. If the Owner's Estimate, or Independent Cost Estimate in lieu of the Owner's estimate, and Contractor's CAP are not within a percentage acceptable by the Principal Representative for any LLTP CAP, or any Construction CAP proposal (as applicable), the Principal Representative will conduct a review to determine where the cost estimates differ and what assumptions or details were used to determine each difference. For any LLTP CAP or Construction CAP to be accepted by the Principal Representative, the Owner's Estimate and the Contractor's CAP must be within a percentage acceptable to the Principal Representative, which shall be demonstrated by the Principal Representative's issuance of a "CAP Acceptance Letter" to Contractor.
- ii. The Contractor shall maintain an open and accurate Cost Model that shall include all details of the OPCC and any LLTP CAP or any Construction CAP proposal when submitted. These details include, but are not limited to labor, materials, equipment, Subcontractor and Supplier quotes, assumptions, risk, direct, mobilization, as listed in the Contractor's Proposal.
- iii. The Cost Model shall be used by all entities to develop Independent Cost Estimates and OPCCs at each agreed upon Milestone and when each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal is submitted.
- iv. Each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal will be submitted in a form acceptable to the Principal Representative.
- v. OPCC: When preparing any OPCC and in development of the Schedule of Bid Items, such documents shall include, without duplication:
 - a) The cost of all labor, materials, equipment, bond premiums, and actual costs of procurement or construction that the Contractor will use for the duration of such LLTP Phase or Construction Phase to complete the Work.
 - b) General Conditions and whether or not incorporated or to be incorporated in the Work.
 - c) The Contractor shall list indirect costs for each item or in a separate list. The Principal Representative will review and approve the list of costs at each OPCC.

- d) Each OPCC shall be produced in an open book process through the Preconstruction Phase of the Project so that the Principal Representative, the Design Consultant, and the Independent Cost Estimator can make accurate assumptions, calculate prices, and determine the amount of risk in the Project.
- e) The Contractor's compensation for CM/GC Services and any LLTP and the cost of Work provided by the Contractor pursuant to this Agreement.
- f) For each OPCC required for the Work, the Contractor shall acquire multiple quotes from potential Subcontractors and Suppliers. This information shall be shared in the open Cost Model and the Contractor shall allow their potential Suppliers and Subcontractors to share their information, quotes, and product data with the ICE, the Principal Representative, and the Design Consultant.
- vi. No OPCC shall include the compensation of the Design Consultant, the Design Consultant's sub-consultants or any other sums due the Design Consultant, the costs of land, right of way, financing or any other costs which are the responsibility of the Principal Representative.
- vii. The Contractor, in preparing its OPCC and providing each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal, shall consult with the Design Consultant to determine what materials, equipment, labor, and types of construction are to be included in the Contract Documents, to make reasonable adjustments in the scope of the Work, and to include in the Contract Documents alternate items, as approved by the Principal Representative in writing, for bid so as to permit the adjustment of the OPCC.

The Contractor shall prepare an OPCC as soon as major Project requirements have been identified and update it periodically. For each FIR, the Contractor shall prepare an OPCC and update periodically. During each FOR, the Contractor shall prepare a final OPCC in preparation for each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal and update periodically. All OPCC shall make allowance for price escalation. During the final Preconstruction Phase, the Contractor shall continually monitor the cost estimates and develop an OPCC to help assure that the cost of the Work remains within the applicable portion of the Contract Price and LLTP CAP or Construction CAP, as applicable.

viii. Each OPCC shall be independently prepared but in coordination with the Principal Representative and the ICE. Estimates shall be based on quantitative takeoffs whenever possible and shall be supported in sufficient depth and organization to be used in preparing budgets based on funding sources, sub-trades, combinations of sub-trades, building systems, Bid Packages or combinations thereof. The specific cost coding structure, estimating guidelines, assumptions, and contents of the cost estimates shall be mutually resolved between the Contractor and the Principal Representative prior to development of the first cost estimate to assure that estimates developed by all parties can be compared and reconciled.

- Lump sum estimates are not acceptable. Differences between the OPCC and the Independent Cost Estimate will be compared and reconciled through the Principal Representative.
- ix. During the preparation of each OPCC, the Contractor shall notify the Principal Representative if it appears that the OPCC will exceed the applicable portion of the Contract Price, satisfactorily demonstrate the accuracy of its estimate in such detail as shall be reasonably required by the Principal Representative, and make reasonable recommendations for corrective action consistent with Contract Price. The Contractor shall submit OPCCs to the Principal Representative for review and acceptance. Concurrently, the Contractor shall provide copies to the Design Consultant for review and verification.
- x. The Principal Representative shall reasonably cooperate with the Contractor to keep the Work within the applicable portions of the Contract Price, including, but not limited to, the giving of appropriate and reasonable consideration to all reasonable recommendations of the Contractor, approving redesign, providing constructability reviews and reports, deductive alternatives or reductions in Work, requesting additional Value Engineering, making Modifications to the Contract Documents or exercising such other rights or remedies as may be available elsewhere under this Agreement including termination for convenience. However, the Principal Representative shall be under no duty to reduce the Work to accommodate for any construction contingency used to cover costs to correct errors, omissions, mistakes or rejected Work.
- xi. The Design Consultant, by the terms of its agreement with the Principal Representative, is obligated to provide reasonable cooperation to the Contractor in the development of OPCCs and each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal. Conversely, the Contractor, by the terms of this Agreement is obligated to provide reasonable cooperation to the Design Consultant in the development of OPCCs, each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal. Additionally, both Design Consultant and Contractor are obligated to reconcile their respective cost estimates at the completion of each Bid Package including each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal in a timely manner so as not to negatively impact the Project Schedule.

E. CM/GC SERVICES

- i. During Project development, the Contractor shall review conceptual design; advise on-site use and improvements, selection of materials, building systems, and equipment; and provide recommendations on construction feasibility, availability of materials and labor, local construction activity as it relates to schedules, and time requirements for installation and construction.
- ii. The Contractor shall perform those services included, but not limited to, those designated as "Required" in Exhibit A, CM/GC Roles and Responsibilities Matrix. In addition and not in limitation, the Contractor shall also perform the other CM/GC Services designated in this Article.

- iii. The Contractor shall review the Drawings, Plans, and Specifications as they are prepared, recommending alternative solutions whenever design details affect construction feasibility, schedules or cost; however, nothing contained in this paragraph shall be construed to require the Contractor to provide Design Services. Written reviews will be submitted with redlined drawings, plans, and specifications after each Milestone.
- iv. The Contractor shall make recommendations to the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant regarding the division of Work in the Drawings, Plans, and Specifications to facilitate the bidding and awarding of subcontracts, allowing for phased construction and funding, if applicable, taking into consideration such factors as time of performance, availability of labor, overlapping trade jurisdictions, provisions for temporary facilities, etc.
- v. The Contractor shall review Drawings, Plans, and Specifications with the Design Consultant to:
 - a) eliminate areas of conflict, overlapping trade jurisdictions, and overlapping in the Work to be performed by the various Subcontractors,
 - b) endeavor to confirm that all Work has been included, and
 - c) allow for phased construction.

The appropriate representatives of the Principal Representative shall review documents submitted by the Contractor and shall render decisions pertaining thereto without unreasonable delay.

- vi. The Principal Representative through the Design Consultant and consistent with the Principal Representative's contract with the Design Consultant, shall furnish the Contractor a sufficient quantity of documents required for the CM/GC Services.
- As part of each FIR review and OPCC, the Contractor shall develop a vii. preliminary Project Schedule that is coordinated with the Design Consultant's design schedule, agreed upon Milestone dates from the Project Scoping Workshop, the Date of Completion specified in Section 6.1, Commencement, the scope of work described within the Contract Documents, and the work described within each of the FIR documents. The Contractor shall utilize the most recent version of Microsoft Project or Primavera, to develop and manage the schedule. The schedule as agreed to shall be CPM with reasonable detail to allow for assessment of each LLTP schedule for equipment or materials to be furnished by the Principal Representative or Contractor as agreed, the adequacy of the construction duration/period, critical paths among the activities for the building systems, peak manpower requirements, and crunch points within the Project's logic/critical path. As part of each FOR review and OPCC, this preliminary schedule shall be updated by the Contractor to reflect the work described in any FOR documents, and shall be utilized by the Principal Representative to assess each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal. The

- Project Schedule will be updated at other Milestone dates as agreed at the Project Scoping Workshop.
- viii. The Contractor shall attend all regular Project status meetings with the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant and such additional meetings as the Principal Representative may request. All regular meetings shall be scheduled by the Principal Representative with the agreement of the Contractor and Design Consultant. All additional meetings shall be scheduled by the Principal Representative.
 - ix. The Contractor shall investigate and recommend materials and equipment that could be purchased by the Principal Representative or the Contractor as agreed; consider LLTP opportunities, and mass purchasing power in making such recommendations; recommend a schedule for such purchases after coordination with the Design Consultant in the schedule for preparation of Contract Documents; and expedite and coordinate delivery of these purchases to facilitate their delivery by the required dates.
 - x. The Principal Representative and the Design Consultant will prepare all Drawings, Plans, Specifications, and engineering estimates for the Bid Packages for any LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal.
- xi. The Contractor shall provide the requirements and assignment of responsibilities for safety precautions and programs as required for the execution of the Work, temporary project facilities, and for equipment, materials and services for common use of Subcontractors and verify that all are included in the Contract Documents.
- xii. The Contractor shall participate in Project design review sessions at the close of each FIR, each FOR, and as construction documents are finalized for each Bid Package. The Project design review sessions shall be attended by the Design Consultant and representatives of the Principal Representative. The purposes of the Project design review sessions are to:
 - a) assure consistency with the design intent;
 - ensure complete, coordinated, constructible and cost-effective designs for all disciplines (e.g. architectural, structural, mechanical, geotechnical, electrical and roadway);
 - c) assure that the design documents are code compliant;
 - d) endeavor to confirm that all Work has been included and described in sufficient detail to assure complete pricing of Work;
 - e) allow for phased construction; and
 - f) identify errors and omissions.

The Contractor shall provide the Design Consultant written reviews and redlined hard copies of Drawings, Plans, and Specifications. The Design Consultant shall collect all design review comments from the various participants, provide reports to the Principal Representative, and ensure that with the issuance of each progress set of design documents all

comments have either been incorporated or resolved to the satisfaction of the Principal Representative.

- xiii. The Contractor shall provide, not later than the first of each month, a monthly report documenting the current status of the Project's schedule, OPCC updates, updates to the Contracting and Diversity Plan, requests for information, submittals, manpower, safety, and other pertinent information. The report shall be separate from the monthly schedule update/report. The report shall include a narrative discussion of the progress achieved, activities anticipated for the next month, and issues that are affecting the rate of progress. Progress photographs for any LLTP Phase shall be attached/included. This monthly report shall be provided in Preconstruction Phase of the Project.
- xiv. If the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors of any tier participating in the Design reviews observes that any of the Contract Documents are at variance with applicable laws, statutes, building codes, ordinances, rules or regulations, in any respect, the Contractor shall promptly notify the Principal Representative in writing, noting the applicable Drawing, Plan or Specification, and recommending an appropriate alternative for correcting the Contract Document.
- xv. All reviews by the Contractor shall include written responses and redlined documents that detail recommendations, changes, and questions.

F. ACCESS TO WORK

- i. The Design Consultant and Principal Representative shall at all times have access to the Work wherever it is in preparation and progress. The Contractor shall provide safe and reasonable facilities for such access so that the Design Consultant and Principal Representative may exercise their rights and perform their functions under the Contract Documents.
- ii. During all phases of the Work and services to be provided hereunder the Contractor agrees to establish a working office at a place agreeable to the State and the federal government and permit duly authorized agents and employees of the State, the federal government to enter the Contractor's offices for the purpose of inspections, reviews and audits during normal working hours. Reviews may also be accomplished at meetings that are arranged at mutually agreeable times and places.

G. DESIGN CONSULTANT'S AUTHORITY

The duties, responsibilities and limitations of authority of the Design Consultant during construction shall be set forth by the Principal Representative.

H. NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR DESIGN CONSULTANT

The Contractor shall not be responsible for the failure of the Design Consultant or its sub-consultants to properly discharge their duties and responsibilities as set forth in the agreement between the Principal Representative and Design Consultant.

I. SCHEDULE, COORDINATION, AND COST CONTROL

In the performance of the Work under this Agreement, the Contractor acknowledges that time is of the essence of this Agreement. The Contractor shall begin the performance of CM/GC Services upon receiving a Notice to Proceed to Commence CM/GC Services. The Contractor shall begin the LLTP upon receiving the Notice to Proceed to Commence LLTP, in accordance with Section 6.1, Commencement. The Contractor shall schedule and coordinate the work of all of its Suppliers on the Project including their use of the site. The Contractor shall keep the Suppliers informed of the Project Schedule to enable the Suppliers to plan and perform the work properly. The Contractor shall carry the Work forward expeditiously with adequate forces and shall achieve completion of the Work prior to the Date of Completion specified in Section 6.3, Completion Date, as adjusted by Change Orders and Amendments.

J. PRELIMINARY PROJECT SCHEDULE

i. Schedule Creation

- a) Starting at the Project Scoping Workshop, the Contractor shall begin to develop the Project Schedule encompassing all LLTPs and Construction Phases. The Project Schedule shall be updated at each agreed upon Milestone during the Preconstruction Phase.
- b) At each LLTP CAP or Construction CAP proposal meeting, the Contractor shall submit for the Design Consultant's and the Principal Representative's review and acceptance of a Preliminary Project Schedule. The Preliminary Project Schedule shall include the Work encompassing all LLTP CAPs and Construction CAPs, in a manner that is consistent with previously issued schedules, and shall comply with the Date of Completion of the Work authorized by the current Contract Documents. This Project Schedule shall show all completed, in progress, and planned Bid Packages as intended at the appropriate Milestone, LLTP CAP or Construction CAP.
- c) Within fourteen (14) calendar days of receiving Notice to Proceed to commence any LLTP, the Contractor shall submit to the Design Consultant and Principal Representative a detailed Project Schedule for such LLTP Bid Package integrated into the most current preliminary Project Schedule.
- d) Detailed Project Schedules for Construction CAP Bid Packages will be incorporated into a CM/GC Construction Contract.
- e) Upon acceptance by the Principal Representative, the most current Project Schedule shall be used as a basis for determining progress payments.

ii. Technical Requirements:

a) The Project Schedule shall be developed utilizing commercially available scheduling software as approved by the Principal Representative and the CPM. The level of detail of the Contractor's schedule shall be a function of the complexity of the Work involved. The Milestones and total number of activities shall be subject to approval by the Principal Representative.

- The activities and resource loading will correspond with the Cost Model as required by Contract Documents.
- b) Schedule activities shall be cost-loaded as agreed to and the assigned dollar value (cost loading) of each activity of the network shall cumulatively equal the total of all OPCCs.

Costs for mobilization, bonds, permits, insurance costs may be shown separately. For any items that the Contractor intends to bill for stored materials, these items need to be shown as separate material procurement activities in the schedule and the material dollars only placed on these activities.

Billing for stored materials on any other schedule activities not broken out in this manner shall not be allowed. General and administrative cost, overhead, and profit shall not be included within the cost loading and payment for these costs/fees shall be administered separately by the CM/GC Management Price Percentage.

- c) The Contractor shall assign manpower loading as agreed to for each activity of the network. In addition, the Contractor shall prepare and submit a separate manpower summary analysis in graphic format depicting manpower by Subcontractor and aggregate. The graph(s) shall show the number of man-days of effort, by month, over the duration of the Project Schedule for each LLTP or Construction Phase.
- d) For all major equipment and materials fabricated or supplied for this Project, the network shall show a sequence of activities including, preparation of Shop Drawings and Samples submissions, review and approval of Shop Drawings and Samples, shop fabrication and delivery, erection or installation, and testing of equipment and materials.

iii. Submittals:

For the preliminary or detailed Project Schedule submittals, as well as for each Project Schedule update, the Contractor shall submit the following:

- a) Electronic copies of schedule reports, to include the following minimum items:
 - (1) Cost report showing activity dollar value, dollar value of Work in place to-date and dollar value for current period.
 - (2) Cost report showing activity dollar value, dollar value of Work in place to-date, and dollar value for current period summarizing to Schedule of Bid Items.
 - (3) Resource report showing man-day allocations by specific trade on each activity.
 - (4) Variance report comparing current dates to target dates.
 - (5) Cash flow report showing monthly projections of expenditures.
- b) A narrative schedule report documenting:

- (1) Description of the actual Work accomplished during the reporting period.
- (2) Description of any problem areas.
- (3) Description of current and anticipated delays with recommended corrective actions to mitigate such delays.
- (4) A list of proposed modifications, additions, deletions, and changes in logic to the approved construction schedule.
- c) A Contractor's schedule to the Principal Representative in an electronic format.
- iv. The Contractor shall utilize the most recent version of Microsoft Project or Primavera to prepare and keep current, for the Principal Representative's approval, a time schedule of submittals in a submittal log which is coordinated with the Contractor's detailed Project Schedule and allows the Principal Representative a reasonable time to review submittals.
- v. Schedule Management
 - a) Progress Meetings: Progress meetings will be held in a number per week or month mutually agreed to by the Principal Representative and the Contractor, a meeting shall be held to assess the progress achieved by the Contractor during previous work week, discuss and resolve issues affecting progress, and review the critical activities anticipated for the following two weeks. The Contractor is to provide short interval schedules documenting the activities to be accomplished during the past week and the activities forecast for the next two weeks.
 - b) Monthly Project Review Meetings: Once each month on or about the 25th of the month, a meeting shall be held to review a draft Pay Estimate and/or Project Schedule update, assess and agree to the progress achieved by the Contractor during the previous month, discuss and resolve issues affecting progress, and review the critical activities to be accomplished during the following 90 days. The Contractor is to provide a draft Pay Estimate and Project Schedule update reflecting the Work accomplished during the previous month.
 - c) Monthly Schedule Reporting: After the monthly Project review meeting, but not later than the 28th of the month, the Contractor shall update the preliminary or detailed Project Schedule and submit the Pay Estimate and the current submittal log consistent with Section 3.10.5, Schedule, Coordination, and Cost Control.
 - d) Schedule Modifications: If, as a result of the monthly schedule update, it appears the preliminary or detailed Project Schedule no longer represents the actual /logical progression of the Work or the Contractor's plan for prosecution and progress of the Work, the Principal Representative shall require the Contractor to submit a revision to the preliminary or detailed Project Schedule. Such revisions to the preliminary or detailed Project Schedule shall not alter any of the Milestone dates unless approved by the Principal Representative.

- e) Schedule Impacts, Schedule Delays, Time Extensions: During the course of the Project, it may be appropriate to revise the preliminary or detailed Project Schedule to incorporate impacts or delay issues into the Project Schedule. If the Contractor feels it has encountered schedule impacts that it feels may warrant a time extension, it shall present an impacted Project Schedule in accordance with Article 6, to the Principal Representative supporting its claim.
- f) Recovery Schedule: If progress falls behind schedule dates, the Contractor shall prepare a recovery schedule indicating its revised plan to assure the timely completion of the Work. The recovery plan shall be subject to the Principal Representative's approval.

K. SALES AND USE TAXES

i. Contractor shall provide the Principal Representative with copies of the following:

Colorado Department of Revenue - Contractor Application for Exemption certification, (Form DR 0172).

Agency Tax Exemption Number: 89-156000-0067:

Additional Tax exemptions the agency may have with local Cities or Counties (as applicable).

4. PROJECT DRAWINGS, PLANS, AND SPECIFICATIONS

A. PROCUREMENT OF AND RIGHTS IN DATA, DOCUMENTS, AND COMPUTER

- Any software, research, reports, studies, estimates, data, photographs, negatives or other documents, Plans, Drawings, Specifications, memoranda, computation sheets or materials prepared by Contractor in the performance of its obligations under this Agreement shall be the exclusive property of the State without restriction and all such materials shall be delivered to the Principal Representative by the Contractor upon completion, termination, or cancellation of this Agreement. Contractor may, at its own expense, keep copies of all its writings for its personal files. Contractor shall not use, willingly allow, or cause to have such materials used for any purpose other than the performance of Contractor's obligations under this Agreement without the prior written consent of the Principal Representative; provided, however, that Contractor shall be allowed to use non-confidential materials for writing samples in pursuit of the Work. Copies of said documents may be retained by the Contractor, but shall not be made available to other individuals or organizations without prior written approval of the Principal Representative. The ownership rights described herein shall include, but not be limited to, the right to copy, publish, display, transfer, prepare derivative works, or otherwise use written works.
- ii. The Drawings, Plans, and Specifications and other documents are to be used only with respect to this Project and are not to be used on any other project. With exception of one contract set for each Party to this Agreement, such documents are to be returned or suitably accounted for to the Principal Representative on request at the completion of the Work.

Submission or distribution to meet official regulatory requirements or for other purposes in connection with the Project is to be approved by the Principal Representative.

B. REVIEW OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- i. The Contractor shall carefully study and compare the Contract Documents and shall immediately report to the Principal Representative any error, inconsistency, or omission that may be discovered. The Contractor shall perform no portion of the Work at any time without Contract Documents or, where required, approved Drawings, Plans, Specifications, instructions, Shop Drawings, Product Data, or Samples for such portion of the Work.
- ii. If the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors of any tier observes that any of the Contract Documents are at variance with applicable laws, statutes, building codes, ordinances, rules, or regulations, in any respect, the Contractor shall immediately notify the Principal Representative in writing, and any necessary changes shall be accomplished by appropriate Amendment or Change Order.
- iii. If the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors of any tier perform any Work with knowledge or reason to know that it is contrary to any laws, statutes, building codes, ordinances, rules, or regulations, and does not notify the Principal Representative, as required in Sections 4.2.1 and 4.2.2, Review of the Contract Documents, the Contractor shall assume full responsibility therefor and shall bear all costs attributable therein.

C. INTERPRETATIONS

- i. Principal Representative shall be the interpreter of the requirements of the Contract Documents and the judge of the performance thereunder.
- ii. Principal Representative shall render interpretations consistent with the intent of, and reasonably inferable from the Contract Documents, consisting of additional instructions by means of Drawings, Plan, Specifications or otherwise, necessary for the proper execution or progress of the Work, in accordance with agreed upon time limits and otherwise so as to cause no unreasonable delay. The Contractor may make written request to the Principal Representative for such interpretations and decisions.

D. SHOP DRAWINGS, PRODUCT DATA, AND SAMPLES

- i. The Contractor shall furnish for approval, all Samples as directed by the Design Consultant. The Design Consultant shall check and approve such Samples with reasonable promptness.
- ii. The Contractor shall prepare, review, approve, and submit to the Design Consultant, with reasonable promptness and in such sequence as to cause no unreasonable delay in the Work or in the work of the Principal Representative or any separate Contractor, all Samples and sufficient copies of all Shop Drawings and Product Data required by the Contract Documents. Specific quantities, format, size, etc. of Samples, Shop Drawings, and Product Data shall be described in the Contract Documents prepared by the Design Consultant. All Shop Drawings shall contain identifying nomenclature

- and each submittal shall be accompanied by a letter of transmittal identifying in detail all enclosures.
- iii. By preparing, approving, and submitting Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples, the Contractor represents that the Contractor has determined and verified all materials, field measurements, and field construction criteria related thereto, or shall do so with reasonable promptness, and has checked and coordinated the information contained within such submittal with the requirements of the Work, the Project, the Contract Documents, and prior approvals.
- iv. The Contractor shall not be relieved of responsibility for any deviation from the requirements of the Contract Documents by the Design Consultant's approval of Shop Drawings, Product Data, or Samples unless the Contractor has specifically informed the Principal Representative and Design Consultant in writing of such deviation at the time of submission and the Design Consultant and Principal Representative have both given written approval to the specific deviation. The Contractor shall not be relieved from responsibility for errors or omissions in the Shop Drawings, Product Data, or Samples by the Design Consultant's approval of them.
- v. The Contractor shall direct specific attention, in writing or on resubmitted Shop Drawings, Product Data, or Samples, to revisions other than those requested by the Principal Representative on previous submittals.
- vi. No portion of the Work requiring submission of a Shop Drawing, Product Data, or Sample shall be commenced until the submittal has been approved by the Principal Representative.
- vii. All such portions of the Work shall be in accordance with approved submittals. Work which is improperly fabricated, whether through incorrect Shop Drawings, faulty workmanship or materials, shall not be acceptable unless previously accepted in writing by the Principal Representative.
- viii. Principal Representative will review and approve or take other appropriate action upon the Contractor's submission of any document such as Shop Drawings, Product Data, and Samples, but only for conformance with the design concept of the Work and the information given in the Contract Documents. Such action shall be taken with reasonable promptness so as to cause no unreasonable delay. Principal Representative's approval of a specific item shall not indicate approval of an assembly of which the item is a component. Any and all approved substitutions shall be coordinated with the Contract Documents and all prior approvals.
 - ix. Transmittal of copies of Shop Drawings, Product Data and Samples to the Principal Representative is solely for convenience of the Principal Representative and shall neither create nor imply a responsibility or duty of review by the Principal Representative.

E. CONFIDENTIALITY

i. The Contractor understands that all services hereunder are confidential in character, and that as such, details and investigative results are not to be divulged in whole or in part at any time in the form of press releases, public

- statements, publication in technical papers by the Contractor, its agents, employees or representatives.
- ii. Similarly, no detailed information about the Project shall be tendered to property owners, speculative and promotional interests or to the general public without written authority from the State.
- iii. In the event the Contractor shall obtain access to any records or files of the State in connection with this Agreement, or in connection with the performance of its obligations under this Agreement, the Contractor shall keep such records and information confidential and shall comply with § 8 72 107, C.R.S., and all other laws and regulations concerning the confidentiality of such records to the same extent as such laws and regulations apply to the State. The Contractor shall notify its employees that they are subject to the confidentiality requirements as set forth above, and shall provide each employee with a written explanation of the confidentiality requirements before the employee is permitted access to confidential data.

5. THE PRINCIPAL REPRESENTATIVE RESPONSIBILITIES

A. THE RESPONSIBILITIES

- i. The Principal Representative shall furnish the Contractor with detailed program requirements and the Contract Price established for the Work.
- ii. The Principal Representative shall designate a representative (other than the Design Consultant) authorized to act on its behalf with respect to the Project (as indicated in Section 3.6, Administration).
- iii. The Principal Representative shall retain a Design Consultant for preparation of the Design Services documents required for the Project. The Design Consultant's services, duties, and responsibilities are described in the agreement between the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant, a copy of which will be furnished to the Contractor.
- iv. The Contractor shall be furnished, without charge 1 set of electronic copies of the Drawings, Plans and Specifications for each LLTP. Additional sets, as mutually agreed upon to meet construction needs, shall be a direct cost of Work.
- v. The Principal Representative shall furnish the site of the Project, all necessary surveys describing the physical characteristics, legal limitations, utility locations, and a legal description.
- vi. The Principal Representative shall identify and make available to Contractor copies of reports of geotechnical explorations and tests of subsurface conditions at the site which have been utilized by Design Consultant in preparing the Drawings, Plans, and Specifications. The Principal Representative does not represent that these reports show completely and accurately the existing conditions and the Principal Representative does not guarantee any interpretation of the reports. The Contractor expressly assumes all responsibility for deductions and conclusions which may be made as to the nature of the materials to be excavated, and the difficulties

- of making and maintaining the required excavations, and of doing other work affected by the geology of the site of the Work. The geotechnical information discussed above is for reference only and is not part of the Contract Documents.
- vii. The Principal Representative shall secure and pay for necessary approvals, temporary easements, permanent easements, assessments, acquisitions, and charges required for the construction, use or occupancy of permanent structures or for permanent changes in existing facilities.
- viii. The Principal Representative shall furnish such legal, accounting, and insurance counseling services as may be necessary for the Project, and such auditing services as the Principal Representative may require to ascertain how or for what purposes the Contractor has used the monies paid to it under this Agreement.
 - ix. The services, information, surveys, and reports required by Sections 5.1.3 through 5.1.8, The Responsibilities, shall be furnished on a timely basis and at the Principal Representative's expense, and except as may be provided to the contrary elsewhere in this Agreement, the Contractor shall be entitled to rely upon the accuracy and completeness thereof.
 - x. The Contractor recognizes that the Principal Representative is a governmental body with certain procedural requirements to be satisfied. The Contractor has and shall make reasonable allowance in its performance of the Work for such additional time as may be required for approvals and decisions by the Principal Representative, in addition to the times specifically provided in Section 5.1.11, The Responsibilities.
 - xi. In the review process of any FIR or FOR documents and construction documents for each Bid Package, the Contractor expressly agrees to the following review times by the Principal Representative:
 - a) A period of fourteen (14) days for the review of any FIR or FOR documents; and
 - b) A period of fourteen (14) days prior to completion of the construction documents together with an additional seven (7) days after receipt of all Drawings, Plans and Specifications for such Bid Package, commencing with the date of receipt by the Principal Representative of all documents and any other items which are required to be furnished to the Principal Representative by the terms of the Principal Representative's agreement with the Design Consultant.

It is expressly understood and expected that the Contractor shall develop each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal as agreed upon Milestones are reached and that the final establishment of each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal shall occur within fourteen (14) days of receipt of the final full scope of such Bid Package, including all associated addenda, for such LLTP CAP or Construction CAP (as applicable).

- xii. In accordance with the provisions of the DBE Program, the Principal Representative shall review each Construction CAP Bid Package for DBE contracting opportunities. The Principal Representative shall set a contract goal for DBE participation within seven (7) days of receipt of the final full scope of such Bid Package, if the Bid Package includes Federal Aid.
- xiii. The foregoing are in addition to other duties and responsibilities of the Principal Representative enumerated elsewhere in the Contract Documents.

6. TIME OF COMMENCEMENT AND COMPLETION

A. COMMENCEMENT

- i. The Parties' performances under this Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date but no work shall be performed prior to the Contractor's receipt of a Notice to Proceed for CM/GC Services.
- ii. The procurement of any LLTP is expressly conditioned upon and shall not commence until:
 - a) The applicable LLTP CAP and associated Bid Package have been approved and accepted by the Principal Representative added to this Agreement by Amendment;
 - b) The date for completion of the LLTP has been approved and accepted by the Principal Representative;
 - c) All required Performance Bonds and Payment Bonds and Insurance Certificates have been approved and accepted by the Principal Representative; and
 - d) Notice to Proceed to Commence LLTP has been issued by the Principal Representative and made a part of the Contract Documents.
 - If any of the preceding material conditions to be performed by the Contractor have not been fully satisfied by reason of any act or omission on the part of the Contractor through no fault of the Principal Representative, the Principal Representative shall give the Contractor written notice of any and all such deficiencies and allow ten (10) days from the date of such notice to correct and cure such deficiency or deficiencies, and if the deficiency or deficiencies are not fully corrected and cured within the ten (10) day period, the Principal Representative may declare the Contractor to be in default of this Agreement.
- iii. The commencement of any Construction Phase is expressly conditioned upon and shall not commence until:
 - a) The applicable Construction CAP and associated Schedule of Bid Items have been approved and accepted by the Principal Representative;
 - b) A CM/GC Construction Contract for such Construction Phase has been issued, signed, and executed;
 - c) The date for completion of the Construction Phase Work has been approved and accepted by the Principal Representative;

- d) In accordance with the standard special provisions (as included in any Specifications) which outlines the requirements of the DBE Program on construction contracts, the Contractor has submitted and the Principal Representative has approved a plan detailing the Contractor's commitments and efforts to meet the DBE participation goal for such Construction Phase. The Contractor shall agree to the requirements of the DBE Program and the applicable standard special provisions as part of the CM/GC Construction Contract;
- e) All required Performance Bonds and Payment Bonds and Insurance Certificates have been approved and accepted by the Principal Representative; and
- f) A Notice to Proceed to Commence Construction Phase has been issued by the Principal Representative as part of the CM/GC Construction Contract.

If any of the preceding material conditions to be performed by the Contractor have not been fully satisfied by reason of any act or omission on the part of the Contractor through no fault of the Principal Representative, the Principal Representative shall give the Contractor written notice of any and all such deficiencies and allow ten (10) days from the date of such notice to correct and cure such deficiency or deficiencies, and if the deficiency or deficiencies are not fully corrected and cured within the ten (10) day period, the Principal Representative may declare the Contractor to be in default of this Agreement.

B. TIME OF ESSENCE

Time is of the essence of this Agreement. The Contractor shall begin the Work on the Effective Date. The Contractor shall carry the Work forward expeditiously with adequate forces and shall achieve completion of the Work by the Termination Date.

C. COMPLETION DATE

- The Date of Completion for performance hereunder shall be established:
 - a) The initial Date of Completion for any LLTP is stated in the Amendment incorporating the applicable Bid Package. Amendments to such Date of Completion are made by approved Amendments to the applicable Bid Package.
 - b) The initial Date of Completion for CM/GC Services is the Termination Date. Amendments to such Date of Completion are made by Amendments to the Termination Date.

D. DELAYS AND EXTENSIONS OF TERM AND FOR COMPLETION OF WORK

- i. Extensions of the Term of this Agreement shall be granted only to the extent that the critical path was delayed or the time allowed for any activity or activities affected exceed the identified available float or slack that occurs, or should occur, along the channels involved.
- ii. Subject to the limitations as provided in Section 6.4.1, Delays and Extensions of Term and for Completion of Work, if the Contractor is delayed

at any time in the progress of the Work by any act or omission of the Principal Representative, the Design Consultant, or of any employee of either, or by any separate contractor that is not a Subcontractor of the Contractor, or by changes ordered in the Work, or by strikes, lockouts, fire, unusual delay in transportation, directed suspensions of the Work pursuant to Section 6.5.1, Temporary Suspension of the Work, unavoidable casualties, or any other causes beyond the Contractor's control, the Term of this Agreement shall be extended by the Principal Representative for such period of time as the Principal Representative may determine based upon the Contractor's showing of the delay to the critical path in accordance with Section 6.4.1, Delays and Extensions of Term and for Completion of Work, and that it could not have avoided the delay by the exercise of due diligence.

- iii. If adverse weather conditions are the basis for a claim for an extension of the Term of this Agreement, such claim shall be documented by data substantiating that weather conditions were abnormal for the period of time, could not have been reasonably anticipated and that the weather conditions complained of had an adverse effect on the critical path. Substantiation shall be based on a comparison of current conditions with recorded conditions for the same time period over the duration of the past 10 years. For all Disputes and Claims, the Parties shall use Dispute Resolution pursuant to Sections 105.22, 105.23, and 105.24 of the Standard Specifications.
- iv. If the Contractor intends to assert a claim for an extension of the Term of this Agreement, the Parties shall use Dispute Resolution pursuant to Sections 105.22, 105.23, and 105.24 of the Standard Specifications.
- v. If no schedule is prepared fixing the dates on which various detail Drawings, Plans, Specifications and instruction (not including final construction documents to be released for construction) will be needed, no extension to the term of this Agreement shall be allowed for failure to furnish such Drawings, Plans, Specifications or instructions as needed, except in respect of that part of any delay in furnishing Drawings, Plans, Specifications or instructions extending beyond a period of two (2) weeks after written demand for such Drawings, Plans, Specifications or instructions is received by the Design Consultant. In any event, any claim for an extension of the term of this Agreement for such cause shall be recognized only to the extent of the delay directly caused by failure to furnish Drawings, Plans, Specifications or instructions pursuant to schedule, or such two (2) weeks demand, without fault on the part of the Contractor or those for whom the Contractor is responsible.

E. TEMPORARY SUSPENSION OF THE WORK

- i. The Principal Representative shall have the authority to suspend the Work (each a "Suspension of Work"), either wholly or in part, for such period or periods as it may deem necessary due to:
 - a) Unsuitable weather;

- b) Faulty workmanship;
- c) Contractor's material and substantial failure to carry out orders or to perform any provision of the Contract Documents;
- d) Conditions which are considered unfavorable for the prosecution of the Work; or
- e) Any other reason, with or without cause, including but not limited to the availability of funding for the Project as well as any other construction projects and the need to allocate funds between them.
- ii. If it should become necessary to suspend the Work for an indefinite period, the Contractor shall store all materials in such manner that they shall not become an obstruction or become damaged in any way; and it shall take every precaution to prevent damage to or deterioration of the Work, provide suitable drainage, and erect temporary structures where necessary.
- iii. Such notice of Suspension of Work shall be in writing and the Contractor shall again proceed with the Work when so notified in writing. The Contractor may assert any claims for an adjustment of the Contract Sum, any LLTP CAP or Term of this Agreement as provided in Article 6 through Dispute Resolution pursuant to Sections 105.22, 105.23, and 105.24 of the Standard Specifications.

F. DELAY DAMAGES

The Principal Representative's liability for delay damages shall be limited to delays of completion of the Work caused by those sources identified in the Standard Specifications, section 109.10, Compensation for Compensable Delays.

G. LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

- i. If the Contractor shall neglect, fail or refuse to complete the Work within the times specified in the Agreement, such failure shall constitute a breach of the terms of the Agreement and the State of Colorado, acting by and through the Principal Representative, shall be entitled to liquidated damages for such neglect, failure or refusal, as specified in Section 17.9, Modification of Article 6. Time of Commencement and Completion.
- ii. The Contractor and the Contractor's surety shall be jointly liable for and shall pay the Principal Representative, or the Principal Representative may withhold, the sums hereinafter stipulated as liquidated damages for each calendar day of delay in the entire Project resulting from delays in any LLTP, which is determined by when such LLTP is 1) Substantially Complete, and the Notice (or all Notices) of Substantial Completion are issued, 2) Finally Complete and accepted and the CDOT Acceptance Letter is issued, or 3) both. Delay in Substantial Completion shall be measured from the date of the Notice to Proceed to Commence LLTP and delay in final completion and acceptance shall be measured from the date of the Notice of Substantial Completion for such LLTP.
- iii. In the first instance, specified in Section 17.9, Modification of Article 6. Time of Commencement and Completion, liquidated damages, if any, shall be the amount specified therein, for each calendar day of delay beginning

- after the stipulated number of days for Substantial Completion from the date of the Notice to Proceed to Commence LLTP, until the date of the Notice of Substantial Completion for such LLTP. In the event of any partial Notice of Substantial Completion, liquidated damages shall accrue until all required Notices of Substantial Completion are issued.
- iv. In the second instance, specified in Section 17.9, Modification of Article 6. Time of Commencement and Completion, liquidated damages, if any, shall be the amount specified in Section 17.9, Modification of Article 6. Time of Commencement and Completion, for each calendar day in excess of the number of calendar days specified in the Contractor's LLTP CAP for such LLTP and stipulated in the Agreement to Finally Complete the LLTP (as defined by the issuance of the CDOT Acceptance Letter) after the final Notice of Substantial Completion has been issued.
- v. In the third instance, when so specified in Section 17.9, Modification of Article 6. Time of Commencement and Completion, both types of liquidated damages shall be separately assessed where those delays have occurred.
- vi. The Parties expressly agree that said amounts are a reasonable estimate of the presumed actual damages that would result from any of the breaches listed, and that any liquidated damages that are assessed have been agreed to in light of the difficulty of ascertaining the actual damages that would be caused by any of these breaches at the time this Agreement was formed; the liquidated damages in the first instance representing an estimate of damages due to the inability to use the LLTP and resulting Project; the liquidated damages in the second instance representing an estimate of damages due to the additional administrative, technical, supervisory and professional expenses related to and arising from the extended closeout period including delivery of any or all guarantees and warranties, the submittals of sales and use tax payment forms, the calling for the final inspection and issuance of the Notice of Substantial Completion.
- vii. The Parties also agree and understand that the liquidated damages to be assessed in each instance are separate and distinct, although potentially cumulative, damages for the separate and distinct breaches of delayed Substantial Completion or Final Acceptance. Such liquidated damages shall not be avoided by virtue of the fact of concurrent delay caused by the Principal Representative, or anyone acting on behalf of the Principal Representative, but in such event the period of delay for which liquidated damages are assessed shall be equitably adjusted in accordance with Section 6.4, Delays And Extensions of Term and for Completion of Work.

7. SUBCONTRACTS

A. SUBCONTRACTING

i. Any Subcontractor retained by the Contractor and any and all subcontracts entered into by the Contractor for any Work performed under this Agreement and any Modifications hereto are subject to prior approval by the Principal Representative. The Contractor shall not engage the services

of any persons then in the employ of the Principal Representative for Work covered by the terms of this Agreement without the written consent of the Principal Representative. All subcontracts exceeding \$10,000.00 in cost, shall contain the provisions included in Article 18 - Colorado Special Provisions.

ii. Subcontractors as defined in Section 101.81 of the Standard Specifications shall be able to sublet during the Preconstruction Phase of this Project as permitted in Section 108.01 Subletting of Contract in the Standard Specifications. This shall be only allowed during LLTPs unless a specialty Subcontractor is required for the Preconstruction Phase and as approved by the Principal Representative.

The Contractor who is the lead for CM/GC Services in the Preconstruction Phase shall sublet no more than 70 percent of such CM/GC Services in the Preconstruction Phase. The percentage of CM/GC Services in any Preconstruction Phase allowed to be sublet shall be determined by dividing the total dollar value of the CM/GC Services Subcontracts in the Preconstruction Phase by the total dollar value of the CM/GC Services in the Preconstruction Phase.

B. SUBCONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

The Contractor shall comply with all applicable requirements of the Contract Documents relating to Subcontracts, and shall ensure that its Subcontractors comply with all applicable requirements of the Contract Documents relating to subcontracting. No Subcontractor shall commence work on the Project until a form 205B has been submitted to and approved by the Regional Civil Rights Office. The Contractor shall not add, delete, or change the role of, any Subcontractor without the prior written approval of the Principal Representative.

C. ASSIGNMENT OF SUBCONTRACT RIGHTS

Each Subcontract shall provide that, pursuant to terms in form and substance satisfactory to the Principal Representative: (i) the Principal Representative is a third party beneficiary of the Subcontract and shall have the right to enforce all terms of the Subcontract for its own benefit; and (ii) all guarantees and warranties, express and implied, shall inure to the benefit of the Principal Representative as well as the Contractor. Any acceptance of assignment of a Subcontract from the Principal Representative, its successor(s), or assign(s) shall not operate to make the assignee(s) responsible or liable for any breach of the Subcontract by the Contractor or for any amounts due and owning under the Subcontract included in an invoice paid by the Principal Representative.

D. SUBCONTRACT FORMS

All subcontracts shall be between the Contractor and the Subcontractors. The form of subcontracts shall be furnished to the Principal Representative for review and consent as to form, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld.

E. SUBCONTRACT TERMS

- i. Each Subcontract shall include terms and conditions sufficient to ensure compliance by the Subcontractor with all applicable requirements of the Contract Documents, and shall include provisions addressing the following requirements as well as any other terms that are specifically required by the Contract Documents to be included therein:
- ii. Each Subcontract shall include terms that are substantially similar to those terms required by Sections 7.1 (Subcontracting), 7.2 (Subcontracting Requirements), and 7.3 (Assignment of Subcontract Rights)., and the DBE Provision, specifically including an agreement by the Subcontractor to be joined in any dispute resolution proceeding and each Subcontract other than Subcontracts with Suppliers shall include terms that are substantially similar to those contained in Article 8 Work by Principal Representative or by Separate Contractors.

F. CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBLE FOR SUBCONTRACTORS

The Contractor shall be responsible to the Principal Representative for the acts and omissions of its agents and employees, Suppliers, Subcontractors performing Work under a contract with the Contractor, and its agents, Suppliers, or employees.

G. SUBCONTRACT DATA

- i. The Contractor shall notify the Principal Representative, in writing, of the name and address of, and licenses held by, each Subcontractor (excluding Suppliers), as soon as the potential Subcontractor has been identified by Contractor, but in no event less than 14 days prior to the scheduled initiation of Work by such proposed Subcontractor. A Form 205P must be submitted and approved for each Subcontractor prior to commencement of the Subcontractor's work on the Project. Monthly the Contractor shall provide to the Principal Representative a Subcontractor report (including suppliers), divided according to the CM/GC Services, detailing the following:
 - a) Name of Subcontractor;
 - b) Whether the Subcontractor is a DBE, ESB or both;
 - c) Total contract amount;
 - d) The amount and type of work completed in recent month;
 - e) Total payments paid to date;
 - f) Most recent payment and its date;
 - g) Payments due; and
 - h) Status of the work (i.e. in progress, ended, etc.).
- ii. The monthly report shall include separate subtotals for to-date DBE and ESB participation on the Agreement, The Contractor shall allow the Principal Representative access to all Subcontracts and records regarding Subcontracts; and shall deliver to the Principal Representative, within ten days after execution, copies of all Subcontracts.

H. SUBSTITUTION OF SUBCONTRACTORS

The Contractor shall not add, delete, make a substitution or change the role of, any Subcontractor, Supplier, person, or entity previously selected without the prior written approval of the Principal Representative.

I. SUBCONTRACTUAL RELATIONS

By an appropriate agreement, written where legally required for validity, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor and Supplier, to the extent of the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor or Supplier, to be bound to the Contractor by the terms of the Contract Documents, and to assume toward the Contractor all the obligations and responsibilities which the Contractor, by the Contract Documents, assumes toward the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant. Said agreement shall preserve and protect the rights of the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant under the Contract Documents with respect to the Work to be performed by the Subcontractor or Supplier so that the subcontracting thereof shall not prejudice such rights. Where appropriate, the Contractor shall require each Subcontractor or Supplier to enter into similar agreements with their subcontractors and suppliers.

The Contractor shall make available to each proposed Subcontractor or Supplier, prior to the execution of the subcontract, copies of the Contract Documents to which the Subcontractor or Supplier shall similarly make copies of such Contract Documents available to their sub-subcontractors. Each Subcontractor and Supplier shall be bound by this Section 7.1, Subcontractual Relations.

J. PRINCIPAL REPRESENTATIVE/SUBCONTRACTOR RELATIONSHIP

- The Parties recognize that the bidding and subcontracting procedures prescribed herein are intended to promote pricing of the Work that shall be fair and reasonable and based on full and open competition. The Contractor agrees to comply in a timely manner with reasonable requests for information concerning pre-qualification of a prospective Subcontractor, the evaluation and award of bids, or other obligations under this Agreement concerning pre-qualification, bidding, and subcontracting. Upon notice by the Principal Representative, the Contractor agrees to meet and confer with the Principal Representative and other invited, interested persons at the Denver office of CDOT or at the site, the choice of such location to be made by the Principal Representative, or at some other location mutually agreeable to the Principal Representative and Contractor, concerning its pre-qualification, bidding and subcontracting procedures. The Contractor agrees to meet within three (3) business days of an election by the Principal Representative and to comply with reasonable requests for information to be provided at such meeting. The Principal Representative agrees that this administrative procedure shall be exhausted prior to the Principal Representative's exercising any contractual or other remedy relating to the pre-qualification, bidding, or subcontracting procedures specified herein.
- ii. Nothing contained in the Contract Documents, including this Agreement, shall be deemed to create any contractual relationship between any

Subcontractor or Supplier and the Principal Representative. Further, consistent with Section 17.24, -Waiver, nothing in the Contract Documents, including this Agreement and the pre-qualification, bidding and subcontracting procedures specified herein, is intended to create or shall be deemed to create third party beneficiary or other rights inuring to the benefit of any prospective Subcontractor, Supplier, or any other third person.

K. PAYMENTS TO SUBCONTRACTORS

- i. Monthly Work Product Review: On a monthly basis, the Contractor shall review the work product of each Subcontractor or Supplier participating on the Project and document the monthly work product review as part of the Subcontractor Data report required in 7.7.1-Subcontract Data. Any dispute which results in a disagreement regarding the amount of work completed or amount due must be detailed in the documentation. Work shall not be deemed completed or ended if there is an outstanding dispute. The Contractor and Subcontractor or Supplier, as applicable, shall both agree to and sign the documentation. If the Subcontractor or Supplier provides an invoice which is agreed to by the Contractor, such invoice may satisfy this requirement. This procedure must be carried out by all Subcontractors and Suppliers.
- ii. Prompt Payment. The Contractor is responsible for ensuring that all Subcontractors and Suppliers are promptly paid. All Subcontractors and Suppliers must be paid within thirty (30) days of the monthly work product review detailed in .7.7.1-Subcontract Data.
- iii. Good Cause Exception. If the Contractor has "good cause" to delay or withhold a Subcontractor's or Supplier's, as applicable, progress payment, the Contractor shall notify the Principal Representative and the Subcontractor or Supplier, as applicable, in writing within seven days after receiving payment from the Principal Representative. The notification shall specify the amount being withheld and provide adequate justification for withholding the payment. The notice shall also clearly state what conditions the Subcontractor or Supplier, as applicable, must meet to receive payment. "Good cause" shall include, but not be limited to, the failure of the Subcontractor or Supplier, as applicable, to make timely submission of required paperwork.
- iv. Subject to CDOT's right to withhold from progress payments any amounts in dispute, and except as expressly stated otherwise in this Section, Payments to Subcontractors, any disagreement between CDOT and the Contractor relating to this Article 7 shall be subject to a Disputes and Claims process. Failure by CDOT to pay any amount in dispute shall not alleviate, diminish, or modify in any respect the Contractor's obligation to perform under the Contract Documents, including the Contractor's obligation to achieve Final Acceptance in accordance with the Contract Documents, and the Contractor shall not cease or slow down performance under the Contract Documents on account of any such amount in dispute. The Contractor shall proceed as

directed by CDOT pending resolution of the dispute. Upon resolution of such dispute, each party shall promptly pay to the other any amount owing. Nothing in this Article is intended to affect the Contractor's rights and/or responsibilities pursuant to the Agreement.

8. WORK BY PRINCIPAL REPRESENTATIVE OR BY SEPARATE CONTRACTORS

A. PRINCIPAL REPRESENTATIVE'S RIGHT TO PERFORM WORK AND TO AWARD SEPARATE CONTRACTS

- i. The Principal Representative reserves the right to perform Work related to the Project with the Principal Representative's own forces, and to award separate contracts in connection with other portions of the Project or other work on the site under these or similar conditions of this Agreement.
- ii. When separate contracts are awarded for different portions of the Project or other work on the site, the term separate contractor in the Contract Documents in each case shall mean the contractor who executes each separate agreement between the Principal Representative and such contractor.
- iii. If the Principal Representative does not accept any LLTP or any Construction CAP and advertises Bid Packages for such LLTP or Construction Phases for low bid solicitation, the Contractor shall not be allowed to bid on such associated LLTP or Construction Phase Bid Packages as the prime contractor.

B. COORDINATION

To the extent separate contractors are not assigned to the Contractor for coordination pursuant to Article 10-Changes in the Work, the Principal Representative shall provide and be responsible for the coordination of the Work of the Principal Representative's own forces and of each separate contractor with the Work of the Contractor, who shall cooperate therewith as provided in Sections 8.3.1 through 8.3.5, Mutual Responsibility.

C. MUTUAL RESPONSIBILITY

- i. The Contractor shall afford to Principal Representative and separate contractors reasonable opportunity for the introduction and storage of their materials and equipment and the execution of their work, and shall connect and coordinate the Work with theirs as required by the Contract Documents.
- ii. To ensure the proper execution of its subsequent Work, if any part of the Contractor's Work depends for proper execution or results upon the work of the Principal Representative or any separate contractor, the Contractor shall, prior to proceeding with the Work, inspect and promptly report to the Principal Representative any apparent discrepancies or defects in such other work that renders it unsuitable for such proper execution and results. The Contractor shall also measure work already in place and shall promptly report to the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant any

- discrepancy between the executed work and the Drawings, Plans or Specifications. Failure of the Contractor to so report shall constitute an acceptance of the Principal Representative's or separate contractor's work as fit and proper to receive the Work, except as to defects which may develop in the separate contractor's work after execution of the Work.
- iii. Any costs caused by defective or ill-timed work shall be borne by the party responsible therefore.
- iv. Should the Contractor cause damage to the Work or property of the Principal Representative, or to other work or property on the site, the Contractor shall promptly remedy such damage.
- v. Should the Contractor wrongfully delay or cause damage to the work or property of any separate contractor, the Contractor shall, upon due notice, promptly attempt to settle with such other separate contractor by agreement or otherwise to resolve the dispute. If such separate contractor sues the Principal Representative on account of any delay or damage alleged to have been caused by the Contractor, the Principal Representative shall notify the Contractor, the Principal Representative shall defend any proceedings, and if any judgment or award against the Principal Representative arises therefrom and to the extent that Contractor is responsible, the Contractor shall pay or satisfy it and reimburse the Principal Representative for all attorney's fees and court costs which the Principal Representative has incurred.

9. COMPENSATION

A. CONTRACTOR'S CM/GC PRECONSTRUCTION FEE AND LLTP CAP

- i. All invoices shall be submitted by the Contractor to the Principal Representative for payment pursuant to the terms of this Agreement. The Contractor shall submit its billings such that the cost for each activity or task contained in the Agreement shall be separately shown. Upon approval thereof, the State will pay the appropriate amount of each invoice to the Contractor within 45 days of receipt of invoice, if all charges are adequately documented and undisputed. Interest shall be paid on all undisputed and unpaid invoices that exceed the 45 day payment requirements under § 24-30-202(24)(a) C.R.S. Progress payments may be claimed on a monthly basis pursuant to the payment format approved in this Agreement.
- ii. Subject to the provisions of this Agreement, and in consideration of the performance of this Agreement, the Principal Representative shall pay the Contractor in current funds as compensation for its services, a "CM/GC Preconstruction Fee" amount (listed below) and separate LLTP CAP for applicable LLTPs as listed below:

Contractor's Compensation					
1	Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee through	\$***			
	the Pre-Construction Phase**				
2	LLTP CAP (if applicable)	TBD			

	Total Compensation	(Contract Sum)		\$	
**Onl	y the CM/GC Precons	truction Fee is initially a	approve	d for payme	nt. Payment of
any L	LTP CAP will be auth	orized by Amendment.			
***Th	is amount is based on	% of the Contract	Price. In	the event	additional
fundi	ng is secured and in t	he event additional wo	rk is add	ed to the so	ope, CDOT will
add an additional $ extstyle extst$					
preco	onstruction services;				

B. PRECONSTRUCTION FEE

- i. The CM/GC Preconstruction Fee for the Work on this Project shall be equal to the Contract Sum, as stated in Section 9.6.1, Contract Sum.
- ii. If, after the Effective Date, Contract Price increases by more than 25% from the original Contract Price, which results in an increase to the total Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee, Contractor shall be paid for such increases by Amendment.
- C. CONTRACTOR'S CM/GC MANAGEMENT PRICE PERCENTAGE

 The CM/GC Management Price Percentage shall be _____% as defined in Scoring
 Form B-3 attached hereto as Exhibit C. This percentage will be applied to all

 LLTP CAP and Construction CAP Proposals and will apply to all CM/GC
 Construction Contracts.
- D. ADJUSTMENTS IN CONTRACTOR'S CM/GC MANAGEMENT PRICE PERCENTAGE After establishing the CM/GC Management Price Percentage on Scoring Form B-3 in Exhibit C, no change will be made to the percentage at any point during the Project.

E. CONSTRUCTION AGREED PRICE ("CAP")

- i. At an agreed upon Milestone, the Contractor shall deliver to the Principal Representative, a LLTP CAP proposal. After Contractor and Principal Representative negotiation and after mutual agreement to an LLTP CAP, the Contractor shall agree to procure the LLTP and guarantee the maximum price to the Principal Representative for the entire cost of such negotiated and agreed to LLTP, as adjusted by deductive alternates required to maintain the aggregate of all LLTP CAPs and Construction CAPs below the Contract Price, which have been previously approved by the Principal Representative pursuant to Section 3.4, Cost Estimating and Project Management Software.
- ii. At an agreed upon Milestone, the Contractor shall deliver to the Principal Representative, a Construction CAP proposal, as detailed in the Request for Proposal and all amendments. After Contractor and Principal Representative negotiation, and after mutual agreement to a CAP (including the Contractor's CM/GC Management Price Percentage and incorporating Contractor's Bid Item Pricing proposal to the extent applicable) that is within the Contract Price as established by the Principal Representative, the Contractor shall agree to perform all of the Work required for such Construction Phase, even though all of the construction documents have not all been finalized and released for construction, and guarantee the

- maximum price to the Principal Representative for the entire cost of the Work required for the applicable Construction Phase, as adjusted by deductive alternates required to maintain the aggregate of all LLTP CAPs and Construction CAPs below the Contract Price, which have been previously approved by the Principal Representative pursuant to Section 3.4, Cost Estimating and Project Management Software.
- iii. Each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP proposal shall include all of the Contractor's obligations to be performed pursuant to the terms of the Contract Documents for such LLTP or Construction Phase and shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
 - a) The total of all unit prices for the applicable Bid Package for such LLTP CAP or Construction CAP, as applicable;
 - b) For each Construction CAP, the installation cost of items to be procured by the Principal Representative or Contractor in any LLTP and for the applicable Construction CAP;
 - c) The estimated maximum direct cost of Work for such LLTP or Construction Phase to be performed by the Contractor;
 - d) Costs for all Performance Bonds, Payment Bonds and insurance premiums required by Contractor pursuant to this Agreement for such LLTP CAP or Construction CAP, as applicable;
 - e) For each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP, the CM/GC Management Price Percentage shall be included;
 - f) For each LLTP CAP and Construction CAP, Contractor shall use the unit prices provided in their Bid Item Pricing proposal as shown in Exhibit C unless the Contractor has identified a clear justification for change and the change has been approved in writing by the Principal Representative, except that unit pricing may be adjusted in accordance with Section 109.06(i) of the CDOT Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction, "Fuel Cost Adjustments" and (j) "Asphalt Cost Adjustments." For the purposes of establishing "BP" in the adjustment formula listed in Section 109.06, "the calendar month in which bids are opened" will be defined as the month of the price proposal opening (April 2021).
 - g) An aggregate amount for items 1 through 5 above (as applicable);
 - h) The Schedule of Bid Items, which shall be consistent with previously approved Schedules of Bid Items, as adjusted as required pursuant to the agreed upon OPCC;
 - i) Contain no conditions, exceptions or allowances;
 - j) Be substantiated with complete supporting documentation acceptable to the Principal Representative to clearly define the anticipated Work to be performed by the Contractor and facilitate a determination when final Drawings, Plans and Specifications are released for construction, as to whether there has been an increase in the Work required of the Contractor in the documents released for construction from the agreed

- upon Milestone documents on which the LLTP CAP or Construction CAP (as applicable) was based.
- iv. If, through no fault on the part of the Contractor, and after receiving reasonable cooperation by the Principal Representative and Design Consultant, the Contractor submits a LLTP CAP or Construction CAP proposal contrary to the provisions of Sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2, and/or 9.5.3, Construction Agreed Price, the proposal may be rejected by the Principal Representative. The Principal Representative shall be under no obligation to accept such LLTP CAP or Construction CAP proposals or any subsequent proposals. The Principal Representative may declare the Contractor to be in default; and payment may be withheld from the Contractor, excepting the Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee for the CM/GC Services and all previously approved LLTPs, until a satisfactory LLTP CAP or Construction CAP is furnished in compliance with Sections 9.5.1, 9.5.2, and 9.5.3, Construction Agreed Price.
- v. If, in developing a LLTP CAP or Construction CAP, the Contractor believes any documentation or information, consistent with the agreed upon Milestone Drawings, Plans and Specifications, is not sufficiently complete to clearly define the anticipated Work, the Contractor shall be responsible for making all necessary inquires and requests to establish the same.
- vi. When any LLTP CAP is agreed upon and accepted by the Principal Representative, it shall be made a part of this Agreement by Amendment; and shall be subject to modification in accordance with Article 10-Changes in the Work. If the Contractor, in good faith, furnishes the Principal Representative with a LLTP CAP proposal which meets the criteria of Sections 9.5.1 and 9.5.3, Construction Agreed Price, and the Parties fail to mutually agree to that number as set forth above, the Parties expressly agree that default termination of the Contractor shall not be a remedy therefor under this Agreement, and the Principal Representative shall be entitled to proceed with the Work as set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.
- vii. When any Construction CAP is agreed upon and accepted by the Principal Representative, it shall be made a part of a separate CM/GC Construction Contract and subject to the terms thereof. If the Contractor, in good faith, furnishes the Principal Representative with a Construction CAP proposal which meets the criteria of Sections 9.5.2 and 9.5.3, Construction Agreed Price, and the Parties fail to mutually agree to that number as set forth above, the Parties expressly agree that default termination of the Contractor shall not be a remedy therefor under this Agreement, and the Principal Representative shall be entitled to proceed with the Work as set forth elsewhere in this Agreement.
- viii. When the Contractor provides a LLTP CAP or Construction CAP, the subcontracts for the Work shall either be with the Contractor or shall contain the necessary provisions to allow the Contractor to control the performance of the Work. The Principal Representative shall also authorize the Contractor to take all steps necessary in the name of the Principal

Representative to assure that any separate contractors, having separate contracts with the Principal Representative for the Project, perform their contracts in accordance with their terms.

F. CONTRACT SUM

- Subject to the provisions of Articles 3 (Contractor's Services), 9
 (Compensation), and 16 (Principal Representative's Right to Terminate
 Contract), the Contract Sum is equal to the CM/GC Preconstruction Fee plus
 any accepted LLTP CAP.
- ii. After execution of the Amendment to the Agreement establishing and accepting any LLTP CAP, the Contractor shall be paid a sum equal to the amount accepted in the applicable LLTP CAP for the procurement of such LLTP as defined in the payment schedule; and
- iii. The Contract Sum shall be the maximum amount payable under this Agreement and the Contract Documents to Contractor by the State and the Principal Representative, as determined by the Principal Representative from available funds. The Contract Sum can only be modified by Amendment.

G. PAYMENTS

i. Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee - For the performance of CM/GC Services in the Preconstruction Phase, the compensation set forth in Section 9.1, Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee and LLTP CAP, shall be paid monthly based upon detailed invoices totaling the aggregate of all Work previously performed as submitted by the Contractor, with the total payment not to exceed the fee for such services as set forth in Section 9.1, Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee and LLTP CAP, which will be determined after Agreement execution.

ii. LLTP CAPs

- a) At the time of the agreement and acceptance of each LLTP CAP, the Contractor shall submit to the Principal Representative, using the CDOT Electronic Bid System or an excel spreadsheet approved by the Principal Representative, a complete, detailed, and itemized Schedule of Bid Items for such LLTP CAP.
- b) The State shall pay the Contractor, according to the requirements of the Drawings, Plans, Specifications and Standard Specifications, the amounts required for the completed LLTP at the unit prices set forth in such LLTP CAP proposal, and such further amounts as may be required for extra work or materials, all according to the provisions and subject to the conditions as set forth in the Drawings, Plans, Specifications and Standard Specifications as required in this Agreement.
- iii. All payments to Contractor shall be in the form of Pay Estimates.

H. CONDITIONS OF COMPENSATION/CONDITION PRECEDENT

i. Financial obligations of the State payable after the current fiscal year are contingent upon funds for the purpose being appropriated, budgeted, and otherwise made available.

- ii. The Contractor shall submit monthly progress reports to the Principal Representative. Failure to submit a progress report may result in non-payment to the Contractor for the month. The progress report will be reviewed by the Principal Representative and, after deemed satisfactory by the Principal Representative, will be used as justification for billing. The progress report shall contain, but not limited to, the following:
 - a) Report on progress of each Work activity or Milestone identified in the Agreement, to show the amount of Work accomplished during the current month and the amount of Work accomplished overall;
 - b) A report on the time scheduled for each Work activity or Milestone identified in the Agreement to show planned time completion and actual times used to do the Work;
 - c) A description of the cause for delays beyond the planned completion time of Work activities or Milestones contained in the Agreement;
 - d) A report on the cost incurred to date on each Work activity or Milestone contained in the Agreement and a comparison to the cost estimates for such Work activity or Milestone;
 - e) A description of possible remedies to get Work activities or Milestones that are behind schedule, back on schedule, and to get Work activities or Milestones that are exceeding cost estimates, back within planned costs;
 - f) Documentation of meetings that were held during the subject time period;
 - g) A report on the participation of DBE, Subcontractors and Suppliers; and
 - h) A description of problems and concerns that could affect delivery of the Work or Project.
- iii. The total cost of the Work including but not limited to the Contactor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee, all LLTP CAPs, and any and all sums claimed by the Contractor to be due as set forth throughout this Agreement, are expressly subject to the limitations set forth in Sections 9.8.1, Conditions of Compensation/Condition Precedent, and nothing herein contained shall be construed or understood to commit the Principal Representative to a total expense greater than that which is provided in the appropriation or allocation. Further, no funds appropriated or allocated for any other purpose shall be expended for this Agreement. The Principal Representative agrees not to issue any Modifications which would cause the sums due the Contractor pursuant to this Agreement to exceed the appropriation or allocation for the Work.
- iv. Contractor shall not receive payment for any Work without its receipt of the required, appropriate Notice to Proceed.

10. CHANGES IN THE WORK

A. AMENDMENTS AND CHANGE ORDERS

- i. The Principal Representative, with the approval of State Controller, without invalidating this Agreement and without notice to any surety, may order extra work or make changes by altering, adding to, or deducting from the Work, the Contract Price, the Contract Sum, any LLTP CAP, the Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee and Term being adjusted accordingly.
- ii. Each adjustment in the Work, the Contract Price, the Contract Sum, any LLTP CAP, the Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee and Term resulting from an Amendment shall clearly separate the amount attributable to the cost of the Work and the Contractor's Fee, if any. The Contract Price, Contract Sum, any LLTP CAP, the Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee, and Term may be changed only by Amendment.
- iii. Except Work. Any changes in the Work that result in an increase in the Work, the Contract Price, the Contract Sum, any LLTP CAP, the Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee, and Term shall be added to this Agreement by an Amendment pursuant to Section 10.1.2, Amendments and Change Orders.
- iv. No extra work or change in the Contract Documents shall be made unless by a written Amendment or Change Order. No claim for any change to the Work, the Contract Price, the Contract Sum, any LLTP CAP, the Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee and Term shall be valid unless so ordered. An Amendment or Change Order signed by the Contractor conclusively establishes the Contractor's agreement therewith, including the adjustment in the Contract Sum, any LLTP CAP, the Contractor's CM/GC Preconstruction Fee and the Term.
- v. This Agreement is subject to such modifications as may be required by changes in federal or State law, or their implementing regulations.
 - Any such required modification shall automatically be incorporated into and be part of this Agreement on the effective date of such change as if fully set forth herein. Except as provided above, no modification of this Agreement shall be effective unless agreed to in writing by both Parties in an Amendment.
- vi. All Change Orders, changes in estimated quantities, hazardous materials, and differing site conditions will follow the Standard Specifications.
- B. ADJUSTMENTS IN CONTRACT SUM WITHIN A LLTP CAP
 - i. The value of any change shall be determined in one or more of the following ways:
 - i) By estimate and acceptance;
 - j) By unit prices named in the Contract Documents or subsequently agreed upon;
 - k) By actual cost plus a fixed fee being agreed upon prior to starting the changed Work; or
 - l) In the absence of agreement by the Parties, by a unilateral determination by the Principal Representative of the costs attributable

to the events or situation under such clauses with an adjustment to the fee, all as computed by the Principal Representative pursuant to the applicable sections of any rules issued under Sections 24-107-101, et seq. C.R.S., as amended, and subject to the provisions of Title 24, Article 109.

The Contractor shall be required to submit cost or pricing data if any adjustment in Contract Sum or any LLTP CAP is subject to the provisions of Section 24-103-403 et seq. C.R.S., as amended. Changed Work shall be adjusted and considered separately for the Work either added or omitted. The amount of adjustment for Work omitted shall be estimated at the time it is authorized, and the agreed adjustment shall be deducted from the subsequent monthly estimates.

11. INSURANCE

(new language inserted) Contractor shall obtain and maintain, and ensure that each Subcontractor shall obtain and maintain, insurance as specified in this section at all times during the term of this Contract. All insurance policies required by this Contract shall be issued by insurance companies as approved by the State.

A. WORKERS' COMPENSATION INSURANCE (new language inserted) (CDOT new language) Workers' compensation insurance as required by state statute, and employers' liability insurance covering all Contractor or Subcontractor employees acting within the course and scope of their employment. In cases where any class of employees engaged in hazardous work under this Agreement at the site of the Project is not protected under the workers' compensation statute, the Contractor shall provide, and shall cause each Subcontractor to provide, adequate and suitable insurance for the protection of employees not otherwise protected.)

(CDOT Original Language below)

The Contractor shall procure and maintain workers' compensation insurance during the life of this Agreement, including occupational disease provisions for all employees per statutory requirements.

The Contractor shall also require each Subcontractor to furnish workers' compensation insurance, including occupational disease provisions for all of the latter's employees, and to the extent not furnished, the Contractor accepts full liability and responsibility for Subcontractor's employees.

In cases where any class of employees engaged in hazardous work under this Agreement at the site of the Project is not protected under the workers' compensation statute, the Contractor shall provide, and shall cause each Subcontractor to provide, adequate and suitable insurance for the protection of employees not otherwise protected.

B. COMMERCIAL GENERAL LIABILITY INSURANCE ("CGL")

i. Commercial general liability insurance covering premises operations, fire damage, independent contractors, products and completed operations, blanket contractual liability, personal injury, and advertising liability with minimum limits as follows:

Each occurrence	\$1,000,000
General aggregate	\$2,000,000
Products and completed operations	\$2,000,000
aggregate	
Any one fire	\$50,000
Personal injury	\$1,000,000

- ii. The following coverages shall be included in the CGL:
 - a) Per project general aggregate (CG 25 03 or similar).
 - b) Additional insured status in favor of the State of Colorado and any other parties as outlined in the Agreement and must include both ONGOING operations and COMPLETED operations per CG2010 10/01 and CG 2037 10/01 or equivalent as permitted by law.
 - c) Personal injury liability.
 - d) Contractual liability coverage to support indemnification obligation per Article 12.
 - e) Explosion, collapse and underground (xcu).
- iii. The following exclusionary endorsements are prohibited in the CGL policy:
 - a) Damage to Work performed by Subcontract/vendor (CG 22-94 or similar).
 - b) Contractual liability coverage exclusion modifying or deleting the definition of an "insured contract" from the unaltered SO CG 0001 1001 policy from (CG 24 26 or similar).
 - c) If applicable to the Work to be performed: residential or multi-family.
 - d) If applicable to the Work to be performed: exterior insulation finish systems.
 - e) If applicable to the Work to be performed: subsidence or earth movement.

The Contractor shall maintain general liability coverage including products and completed operations insurance, and the additional insured with primary and non- contributory coverage as specified in this Agreement for three (3) years after completion of the Project.

C. AUTOMOBILE LIABILITY INSURANCE

- i. Automobile liability insurance covering any auto (including owned, hired and non-owned autos) with a minimum limit of \$1,000,000 each accident combined single limit.
- D. CYBER/NETWORK SECURITY AND PRIVACY LIABILITY (remove if not applicable) (new section inserted)
 - Liability insurance covering civil, regulatory, and statutory damages, contractual damages, data breach management exposure, and any loss of

income or extra expense as a result of actual or alleged breach, violation or infringement of right to privacy, consumer data protection law, confidentiality or other legal protection for personal information, as well as State Confidential Information with minimum limits as follows:

- a) \$1,000,000 each occurrence; and
- b) \$2,000,000 general aggregate.
- E. PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE (new section inserted)
 Professional liability insurance covering any damages caused by an error,
 omission or any negligent act with minimum limits as follows:
 - i. \$1,000,000 each occurrence; and
- ii. \$1,000,000 general aggregate.
- F. CRIME INSURANCE (new section inserted)
 Cime insurance including employee dishonesty coverage with minimum limits as follows:
 - i. \$1,000,000 each occurrence; and
- ii. \$1,000,000 general aggregate.
- G. UMBRELLA LIABILITY INSURANCE (for construction projects exceeding \$10,000,000) (new language is the same as old, except for the yellow highlight) The Contractor shall maintain umbrella/excess liability insurance on an occurrence basis in excess of the underlying insurance described in Section 11.B., Commercial General Liability Insurance, above.

Coverage shall follow the terms of the underlying insurance. The amounts of insurance required in Sections above may be satisfied by the Contractor purchasing coverage for the limits specified or by any combination of underlying and umbrella limits, so long as the total amount of insurance is not less than the limits specified in each section previously mentioned.

- i. Each occurrence \$5,000,000
- ii. Aggregate\$5,000,000
- H. BUILDER'S RISK INSURANCE (new section inserted)
 - i. Unless otherwise provided, the Contractor shall purchase and maintain, in a company or companies lawfully authorized to do business in the jurisdiction in which the Project is located, property insurance written on a builder's risk "all-risk" or equivalent policy form in the amount of the initial Contract Sum, plus value of subsequent Modifications and cost of materials supplied or installed by others, comprising total value for the Work at the site on a replacement cost basis without optional deductibles. Such property insurance shall be maintained, unless otherwise provided in the Contract Documents or otherwise agreed in writing by all persons and entities who are beneficiaries of such insurance, until final payment has been made or until no person or entity other than the Owner has an insurable interest in the property, or the Date of Notice specified on the CDOT Notice of Acceptance.

- ii. This insurance shall include interests of the Principal Representative, the Contractor, Subcontractors and sub-subcontractors in the Project as named insureds.
- iii. All associated deductibles shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Such policy may have a deductible clause but not to exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00).
- iv. Property insurance shall be on an "all risk" or equivalent policy form and shall include, without limitation, insurance against the perils of fire (with extended coverage) and physical loss or damage including, without duplication of coverage, theft, vandalism, malicious mischief, collapse, earthquake, flood, windstorm, falsework, testing and startup, temporary buildings and debris removal including demolition occasioned by enforcement of any applicable legal requirements, and shall cover reasonable compensation for Design Consultant's and Contractor's services and expenses required as a result of such insured loss.
- v. The Contractor shall maintain builders risk coverage including partial use by Principal Representative. The Contractor shall waive all rights of subrogation as regards the State of Colorado and the Principal Representative, its officials, its officers, its agents and its employees, all while acting within the scope and course of their employment and for damages caused by fire or other causes of loss to the extent covered by property insurance obtained pursuant to this Section or other property insurance applicable to the Work.

The Contractor shall require all Subcontractors at any tier to similarly waive all such rights of subrogation and shall expressly include such a waiver in all subcontracts.

- vi. Upon request, the amount of such insurance shall be increased to include the cost of any additional work to be done on the Project, or materials or equipment to be incorporated in the Project, under other independent contracts let or to be let. In such event, the Contractor shall be reimbursed for this cost as his or her share of the insurance in the same ratio as the ratio of the insurance represented by such independent contracts let or to be let to the total insurance carried.
- vii. The Principal Representative, with approval of the State Controller, shall have the power to adjust and settle any loss. Unless it is agreed otherwise, all monies received shall be applied first on rebuilding or repairing the destroyed or injured work.
- I. POLLUTION LIABILITY INSURANCE (new section inserted)
 If Contractor is providing directly or indirectly work with
 pollution/environmental hazards, the Contractor must provide or cause those
 conducting the work to provide pollution liability insurance coverage. Pollution
 liability policy must include contractual liability coverage. State of Colorado
 must be included as additional insureds on the policy. The policy limits shall be

in the amount of \$1,000,000 with maximum deductible of \$25,000 to be paid by the Subcontractor/vendor.

J. ADDITIONAL INSURED (new section inserted)

The State shall be named as additional insured on all commercial general liability policies (leases and construction contracts require additional insured coverage for completed operations) required of Contractor and Subcontractors.

K. PRIMACY OF COVERAGE (new section inserted)

Coverage required of Contractor and each Subcontractor shall be primary and noncontributory over any insurance or self-insurance program carried by Contractor or the State.

L. CANCELLATION (new section inserted)

The above insurance policies shall include provisions preventing cancellation or non-renewal, except for cancellation based on non-payment of premiums, without at least 30 days prior notice to Contractor and Contractor shall forward such notice to the State in accordance with §15 within seven days of Contractor's receipt of such notice.

M. SUBROGATION WAIVER (new section inserted)

All insurance policies secured or maintained by Contractor or its Subcontractors in relation to this Contract shall include clauses stating that each carrier shall waive all rights of recovery under subrogation or otherwise against Contractor or the State, its agencies, institutions, organizations, officers, agents, employees, and volunteers.

N. PUBLIC ENTITIES

If Contractor is a "public entity" within the meaning of the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §§24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S. (the "GIA"), Contractor shall maintain, in lieu of the liability insurance requirements stated above, at all times during the term of this Contract such liability insurance, by commercial policy or self-insurance, as is necessary to meet its liabilities under the GIA. If a Subcontractor is a public entity within the meaning of the GIA, Contractor shall ensure that the Subcontractor maintains at all times during the terms of this Contract, in lieu of the liability insurance requirements stated above, such liability insurance, by commercial policy or self-insurance, as is necessary to meet the Subcontractor's obligations under the GIA.

O. CERTIFICATES (INSERTED)

Contractor shall provide to the State certificates evidencing Contractor's insurance coverage required in this Contract within seven Business Days following the Effective Date. Contractor shall provide to the State certificates evidencing Subcontractor insurance coverage required under this Contract within seven Business Days following the Effective Date, except that, if Contractor's subcontract is not in effect as of the Effective Date, Contractor shall provide to the State certificates showing Subcontractor insurance coverage required under this Contract within seven Business Days following Contractor's execution of the subcontract. No later than 15 days before the expiration date of Contractor's or any Subcontractor's coverage, Contractor shall deliver to the State certificates of insurance evidencing renewals of

coverage. At any other time during the term of this Contract, upon request by the State, Contractor shall, within seven Business Days following the request by the State, supply to the State evidence satisfactory to the State of compliance with the provisions of this section.

12. INDEMNIFICATION

- A. The Contractor shall indemnify, save and hold harmless the State, its employees and agents, against any and all claims, damages, liability and court awards including costs, expenses and attorney's fees, to the extent such claims are caused by any negligent act or omission of the Contractor, its employees, agents, subcontractors or assignees pursuant to the terms of this Agreement, but not to the extent such claims are caused by any act or omission of, or breach of contract by, the State, its employees, agents, other contractors or assignees, or other parties not under control of or responsible to the Contractor.
- B. In any and all claims against the Principal Representative, its agents or employees, by any employee of the Contractor, any Subcontractor of any tier, anyone directly or indirectly employed by any of them, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, the indemnification obligation under this Article 12 shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on the amount or type of damages, compensation, or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or any Subcontractor of any tier under workers' or workmen's compensation acts, disability benefit acts or other employee benefit acts.
- C. The obligations of the Contractor under this Article 12 shall not extend to the liability of the Design Consultant, its consultants, agents or employees, arising out of:
 - i. the preparation or approval of maps, Drawings, Plans, opinions, reports, surveys, Amendments, Change Orders, designs or Specifications;
- ii. the giving of or the failure to give direction or instructions by the Design Consultant, its consultants, agents or employees, provided such giving or failure to give is the primary cause of the injury or damage; or
- iii. any acts of the Design Consultant, its consultants, agents or employees outside of the scope of their duties pursuant to the Contract Documents.

13. CONTRACTOR'S PERFORMANCE AND PAYMENT BONDS

A. The Contractor shall furnish a Performance Bond and a Payment Bond on approved State forms, executed by a corporate surety licensed to transact such business in the State of Colorado, each in the full amount of the applicable LLTP CAP with the Amendment for the addition of the applicable Bid Package to this Agreement. If subsequent Amendments are made to this Agreement which substantially increase the applicable LLTP CAP, increased bond limits shall be furnished by the Contractor upon the acceptance of the increase in the applicable LLTP CAP. The then current bonds shall apply to all Work included within the scope of the applicable LLTP, including but not limited to all prior

Work which may have been performed when previous bonds were in effect.

The Amendment for such applicable LLTP shall not take effect or be in force until the Contractor shall have furnished and delivered to the State a Payment Bond and Performance Bond, attached hereto as Exhibits D.2 and D.3, acceptable to the State, in a penal sum equal to the nearest integral \$100.00 in excess of the applicable LLTP CAP duly executed by a corporate surety, qualified and licensed to do business in Colorado and maintaining a general agent therein.

- B. The Performance Bond shall remain in effect until at least one (1) year after the date when such LLTP receives Finally Acceptance, except as otherwise provided by law or regulation or by the Contract Documents. The Payment Bond shall remain in effect for not less than the required statutory period.
 - All bonds shall be executed by such sureties as are named in the current list of "Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies" as published in Circular 570 (amended) by the Audit Staff Bureau of Account, U.S. Treasury Department. All bonds signed by an agent must be accompanied by a certified copy of the authority to act. All bonds must be acceptable to the Principal Representative.
- C. The initial Bonds shall be filed with the Principal Representative at the time of execution of the initial, applicable Bid Package.
- D. If the surety on any bond furnished by Contractor is declared bankrupt, becomes insolvent, its right to do business in the State of Colorado is terminated or it ceases to meet the requirements of Sections 13.1 and 13.2, Contractor's Performance and Payment Bonds, the Contractor shall within ten (10) days thereafter, substitute another bond and surety, both of which must be acceptable to the Principal Representative.
- E. Upon the issuance and acceptance of the Performance Bonds and Payment Bonds, the premium therefor shall be included in the first Pay Estimate for the applicable LLTP CAP. The premiums for all bonds and increases thereto to be provided by the Contractor as well as those Subcontractors required to be bonded by the Contractor shall be included in the applicable LLTP CAP, and the price of each applicable Amendment and Change Order, and the Contractor shall not be entitled to additional compensation therefor.

14. ACCESS TO WORK AND OBSERVATION

A. DESIGN CONSULTANT'S WORK

- i. The Principal Representative shall be in the first instance, the judge of the performance of the Contractor as it relates to compliance with the Contract Documents and quality of workmanship and material.
- ii. The Principal Representative and its professional consultants, staff or practicing, shall make visits to the site appropriate to the stage of construction to become familiar with the progress and quality of the Work, and to determine that the Work is proceeding in accordance with the

- Contract Documents. Observation may extend to all or any part of the Work and to the preparation, fabrication or manufacture of materials.
- iii. The Principal Representative shall also observe the following for compliance with the Contract Documents:
 - a) Shop Drawings; and
 - b) Any special testing required in the Contract Documents.

15. COMPLETION, FINAL INSPECTION, ACCEPTANCE AND SETTLEMENT

A. NOTICE OF COMPLETION

i. When the LLTP, or a portion of the Work (as hereafter described) which the Principal Representative has agreed to accept separately, is Substantially Complete and ready for final inspection, the Contractor shall file a Notice of Substantial Completion with the Principal Representative that the Work, or such portion, in the opinion of the Contractor, is Substantially Complete in accordance with the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall prepare and submit with such Notice of Substantial Completion a comprehensive list of items to be completed or corrected prior to final payment, which shall be subject to review and additions as the Design Consultant or the Principal Representative shall determine after inspection.

If the Design Consultant or the Principal Representative believe that any of the items on the list of items submitted, or any other item of Work to be corrected or completed, or the cumulative number of items of Work to be corrected or completed, shall prevent a determination that the Work is Substantially Complete, those items shall be completed by the Contractor and the Notice of Substantial Completion shall then be resubmitted.

B. FINAL INSPECTION

- i. The Principal Representative and the Contractor shall make a "final inspection" of the Work to determine whether the Work is Substantially Complete and has been completed in accordance with the Contract Documents and the Standard Specifications.
- ii. The Contractor shall provide the Principal Representative an updated list in sufficient detail to fully outline the following:
 - a) Work to be completed, if any; and
 - b) Work not in compliance with the Drawings, Plans or Specifications, if any.
- iii. A list shall be made by the Principal Representative in sufficient detail to fully outline to the Contractor:
 - a) Work to be completed, if any;
 - b) Work not in compliance with the Drawings or Specifications, if any; and
 - c) Unsatisfactory Work for any reason, if any.

iv. The required number of copies of the list shall be countersigned by the authorized representative of the Principal Representative and shall then be transmitted by the Principal Representative to the Contractor and Design Consultant. The Principal Representative's final list shall control over the Contractor's preliminary list.

C. NOTICE OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION

- i. Notice of Substantial Completion shall establish the date of Substantial Completion of the Work or portion thereof. The Contractor acknowledges and agrees that because the departments, agencies and institutions of the State of Colorado are generally involved with the business of the public at large, greater care must be taken in establishing the date of Substantial Completion than might otherwise be the case to ensure that the Project, the Work or any portion thereof is fully usable and safe for public use.
- ii. The Notice of Substantial Completion shall not be issued until the following have been fully established:
 - a) The Work, or portion thereof, has been fully inspected as required by the Drawings, Plans and Specifications, and the overall state of completion is appropriate for presentation to the public; and
 - b) The Contractor has provided a schedule for the completion of each and every item identified on the list which specifies the Subcontractor or trade responsible for the Work, and the dates the completion or correction of the item shall be commenced and finished, with the exception of only those items which are beyond the control of the Contractor despite due diligence. The schedule shall provide for a reasonable list inspection process. Unless liquidated damages have been specified, the cost to the Principal Representative, if any, for reinspections due to failure to adhere to the Contractor's proposed list completion schedule shall be the responsibility of the Contractor and may be deducted by the Principal Representative from final amounts due to the Contractor.
- iii. Substantial Completion of the Work, or portion thereof, shall not be conclusively established by a decision by the Principal Representative to take possession and use of a portion, or all of the Work, where portions of the Work cannot meet all the criteria noted above. Notice of Substantial Completion for the Work, or portion thereof, shall, however, only be withheld for substantial reasons when the Principal Representative has taken possession and uses the Work, or portion thereof, in accordance with the Agreement. Failure to furnish the required completion schedule shall constitute a substantial reason for withholding the issuance of any Notice of Substantial Completion.
- iv. The Contractor shall have the right to request an inspection of any portion of the Work when in the opinion of the Design Consultant a pre-acceptance list can be reasonably prepared, without confusion as to which portions of the Work are referred to in any subsequent CDOT Acceptance Letter which might be issued after such portion is accepted. Portions of the Work may

be, but shall not necessarily be limited to, such portions of the Work, as separate deliverables where such Work consists of multiple deliverables. In such circumstances, when in the opinion of the Principal Representative and the Design Consultant, the requirements for issuance of a Notice of Substantial Completion can be satisfied with respect to the portion of the Work, a partial Notice of Substantial Completion may be issued for such portion of the Work.

D. CDOT ACCEPTANCE LETTER

- i. The CDOT Acceptance Letter shall establish the final completion date of the Work or any portion thereof. It shall not be authorized until the Contractor shall have performed all of such Work to allow completion and approval of the pre-acceptance list.
- ii. Where partial Notices of Substantial Completion have been issued, partial CDOT Acceptance Letters may be similarly issued when appropriate for that portion of the Work. Partial CDOT Acceptance Letters may also be issued to exclude the Work described in Change Orders executed during late stages of the Work where a later completion date for the Change Order Work is expressly provided for in the Agreement as amended by the Change Order, provided the Work can be adequately described to allow advertisement of the Notice of Final Settlement to be issued without confusion as to the Work included for which final payment shall be made.

E. FINAL SETTLEMENT

- i. Final payment and settlement shall be made on the date fixed and published for such payment except as hereafter provided. The Principal Representative shall not authorize final payment until all items on the preacceptance list have been completed, the CDOT Acceptance Letter issued for all of the Work, and the Notice of Final Settlement published. Before the Principal Representative may issue the Notice of Final Settlement and advertise the Work for final payment, the Contractor shall have corrected all items on the pre-acceptance list except those items for which delayed performance is expressly permitted, subject to withholding for the cost thereof, and shall have:
 - a) Delivered to the Principal Representative:
 - (1) All guarantees and warranties;
 - (2) All statements to support local sales tax refunds, if any;
 - (3) Three (3) complete bound sets of required operating maintenance instructions and Shop Drawings;
 - (4) One (1) set of as-built Contract Documents showing all job changes; and
 - (5) All required Drawings, Plans, Specifications and reports.
 - b) Demonstrated to the operating personnel of the Principal Representative the proper operation and maintenance of all equipment.
- ii. Upon completion of the foregoing, the Project shall be advertised in accordance with the Notice of Final Settlement by two publications of such

- notice, the last publication appearing at least ten (10) days prior to the time of final settlement. Publication and final settlement should not be postponed or delayed solely by virtue of unresolved claims against the Work or the Contractor from Subcontractors, suppliers or material men based on good faith disputes; the resolution of the question of payment in such cases being directed by statute.
- Except as hereafter provided, on the date of final settlement thus iii. advertised, provided the Contractor has submitted a written Notice of Final Settlement to the Principal Representative that no Disputes and Claims are outstanding, and further provided that the Principal Representative shall have received no claims, final payments and settlement shall be made in full. If any unpaid claim for labor, materials, rental machinery, tools, supplies or equipment is filed before payment in full of all sums due the Contractor, the Principal Representative and the State Controller shall withhold from the Contractor on the date established for final settlement. sufficient funds to insure the payment of such claim, until the same shall have been paid or withdrawn, such payment or withdrawal to be evidenced by filing a receipt in full or an order for withdrawal signed by the claimant or his or her duly authorized agent or assignee. The amount so withheld may be in the amount of 125% of the claims or such other amount as the Principal Representative reasonably deems necessary to cover expected legal expenses. Such withheld amounts shall be in addition to any amount withheld based on the cost to complete unfinished Work or the cost to repair defective Work. However, as provided by statute, such funds shall not be withheld longer than ninety (90) days following the date fixed for final settlement with the Contractor, as set forth in the published Notice of Final Settlement, unless an action at law shall be commenced within that time to enforce such unpaid claim and a notice of such action at law shall have been filed with the Principal Representative. At the expiration of the ninety (90) day period, the Principal Representative shall release to the Contractor all other money not the subject of such action at law or withheld based on the cost to complete unfinished Work or the cost to repair defective Work.

F. RECORDS

- i. Maintenance- The Contractor (and any Subcontractor) shall maintain a complete file of all books, records, accounts, and other written or computerized materials which pertain to the accounting and performance of Work, the delivery of services, and the compliance with applicable requirements under this Agreement, and shall maintain such records for a period of three (3) years after the date of termination of the Agreement, or for such further period as may be necessary to resolve any matters which may be pending.
- ii. Access- The Contractor (and any Subcontractor) shall permit the State, the FHWA, and their designated representatives, during normal business hours, to access all books, records, accounts, and other relevant material

- concerning the Work performed or services provided under this Agreement for the purpose of investigation, audit, and copying to ascertain compliance with, or to detect violation of, any applicable federal and/or State law or regulation or with the terms of the Agreement, or to evaluate performance under the Agreement. All records or information obtained in this manner shall be used only for the purpose described herein, except as otherwise authorized by law.
- iii. Subcontracts- For the benefit of the State, the Contractor shall include the language of this Section 15.6, Records, in all subcontracts, in order to require the Subcontractor(s) to comply with the record maintenance and access conditions described above.

PRINCIPAL REPRESENTATIVE'S RIGHT TO TERMINATE CONTRACT

A. TERMINATION FOR LACK OF SELECTION OF BUILD ALTERNATIVE

Principal Representative may terminate in the event the NEPA
environmental review process does not result in the selection of a build
alternative.

B. TERMINATION FOR DEFAULT

i. General- If the Contractor should be adjudged bankrupt, or if it should make a general assignment for the benefit of its creditors, or if a receiver should be appointed to take over its affairs, or if it should fail to prosecute the Work with due diligence and carry the Work forward in accordance with its work schedule or if it should fail to subsequently perform one or more of the provisions of the Contract Documents to be performed by it, the Principal Representative may service written notice on the Contractor and the surety on its Performance Bonds and Payment Bonds, stating its intention to exercise one of the remedies hereinafter set forth and the grounds upon which the Principal Representative may, without prejudice to any other right or remedy, exercise one of such remedies, at once, having first obtained a certificate from the Design Consultant that sufficient causes exist to justify such action.

ii. Conditions and Procedures

a) The Principal Representative may terminate the services of the Contractor, which termination shall take effect immediately upon service of a Notice of Termination thereof on the Contractor and its surety, whereupon the surety shall have the right to take over and perform the Agreement. If the surety does not commence performance of this Agreement within ten (10) days after service of the Notice of Termination, the Principal Representative may take over the Work, take possession of and use all materials, equipment, and deliverables on the site, and prosecute the Work to completion by such means as it shall deem best. In the event of such termination of its service, the Contractor shall not be entitled to any further payments under this

- Agreement until the Work is completed and accepted. If the cost, expenses, and damages to perform the Work, as determined by the Principal Representative, exceed such unpaid balance of the Contract Sum or the applicable LLTP CAP as the case may be, the Contractor and its surety shall pay the difference to the Principal Representative.
- b) The Principal Representative may take control of the Work and either make good the deficiencies of the Contractor or direct the activities of the Contractor in doing so, employing such additional help as the Principal Representative deems advisable. In such event, the Principal Representative shall be entitled to collect from the Contractor and its surety, or to deduct from any payment then or thereafter due the Contractor, the costs incurred in having such deficiencies made good and any damages or expenses incurred through the default of the Contractor, provided the Principal Representative approves the amount thus charged to the Contractor.
- c) The Principal Representative may require the surety on the Contractor's Performance Bond to take control of the Work at once and see to it that all the deficiencies of the Contractor are made good, with due diligence. As between the Principal Representative and the surety, the cost of making good such deficiencies shall all be borne by the surety. If the surety takes over the Work, either upon termination of the services of the Contractor or upon instructions from the Principal Representative to do so, the provisions of the Contract Documents shall govern in respect to the Work done by the surety, the surety being substituted for the Contractor as to such provisions, including provisions as to payment for the Work and provisions of this Article as to the right of the Principal Representative to do the Work or to take control of the Work.

C. TERMINATION FOR CONVENIENCE OF THE STATE

- i. The performance of Work under this Agreement may be terminated, in whole or in part, by the Principal Representative when the Principal Representative determines that the purposes of the distribution of State monies under this Agreement would no longer be served by completion of the Work. Termination of Work hereunder shall be effected by delivery to the Contractor of a Notice of Termination specifying the extent to which performance of Work under this Agreement is terminated and the date upon which such termination becomes effective.
- ii. After receipt of the Notice of Termination, the Contractor shall cancel its outstanding commitments hereunder covering the procurement of all applicable LLTP and CM/GC Services deliverables. In addition, the Contractor shall exercise all reasonable diligence to accomplish the cancellation or diversion of its outstanding commitments covering all applicable LLTP and CM/GC Services and extending beyond the date of such termination to the extent that they relate to the performance of any Work terminated by the Notice of Termination. With respect to such canceled commitments, the Contractor agrees to:

- a) Settle all outstanding liabilities, disputes and claims arising out of such cancellation of commitments, with the approval or ratification of the Principal Representative, to the extent it may require, which approval and ratification shall be final for all purposes of this clause; and
- b) Assign to the Principal Representative in the manner, at the time and to the extent directed by the Principal Representative, all of the right, title, and interest in the Contractor under the orders and Subcontractors so terminated, in which case the Principal Representative shall have the right, in its discretion, to settle or pay any or all liabilities, disputes and claims arising out of the termination of such orders and subcontracts.
- iii. The Contractor shall submit its Termination Claim to the Principal Representative within 90 days after receipt of a Notice of Termination unless one or more extensions in writing are granted by the Principal Representative upon written request of the Contractor within such 90 day period or authorized extension thereof. Upon failure of the Contractor to submit its Termination Claim within the time allowed, the Principal Representative may determine, on the basis of information available to it, the amount, if any, due to the Contractor by reason of the termination, and shall thereupon pay to the Contractor the amount so determined.
- iv. Costs claimed, agreed to, or determined pursuant to Sections 16.2.3 and 16.2.5, Termination for Convenience of the State, shall be in accordance with the provisions of Section 108 Prosecution and Progress in the Standard Specifications as in effect on the date of this Agreement all of which is limited to the Contract Sum and the applicable LLTP CAP and the provisions of Sections 9.6, Contract Sum, and 9.8, Conditions of Compensation/Condition Precedent. The sums to be paid to the Contractor shall not include any compensation, loss, or lost profit on Work not performed by the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors of any tier or suppliers.
- v. Subject to the provisions of Section 16.2.3, Termination for Convenience of the State, above, the Contractor and the Principal Representative may agree upon the whole or any part of the amount(s) to be paid to the Contractor by reason of the termination under this section, which amount(s) may include any reasonable cancellation charges thereby incurred by the Contractor and any reasonable loss upon outstanding commitments for applicable LLTP CAP and CM/GC Services which it is unable to cancel; provided, however, that in connection with any outstanding commitments for applicable LLTP CAP and CM/GC Services which the Contractor is unable to cancel, the Contractor shall have exercised reasonable diligence to divert such commitments to its other activities and operations. Any such agreement shall be embodied in an Amendment to this Agreement, and the Contractor shall be paid the agreed amount.
- vi. The Principal Representative may from time to time, under such terms and conditions as it may prescribe, make partial payment against costs incurred by the Contractor in connection with the terminated portion of this

Agreement, whenever, in the opinion of the Principal Representative, the aggregate of such payment is within the amount to which the Contractor shall be entitled hereunder.

- vii. The Contractor agrees to transfer title and deliver to the Principal Representative, in the manner, at the time, and to the extent, if any, directed by the Principal Representative, such information and items which, if this Agreement had been completed, would have been required to be furnished to the Principal Representative, including:
 - a) Completed or partially completed Drawings (including as-built Drawings), Shop Drawings, Plans, Specifications, and information; and
 - b) Materials and equipment produced or in process or acquired in connection with the performance of the Work terminated by the Notice of Termination.

Other than the above, any termination inventory resulting from the termination of this Agreement may, with the written approval of the Principal Representative, be sold or acquired by the Contractor under the conditions prescribed by and at a price or prices approved by the Principal Representative. The proceeds of any such disposition shall be applied in reduction of any payments to be made by the Principal Representative to the Contractor under this Agreement, or shall otherwise be credited to the price or cost of Work covered by this Agreement, or paid in such other manner as the Principal Representative may direct. Pending final disposition of property arising from the termination, the Contractor agrees to take such action as may be necessary, or as the Principal Representative may direct, for the protection and preservation of the property related to this Agreement which is in the possession of the Contractor, and in which the Principal Representative has or may acquire an interest.

D. AVAILABLE FUNDS CONTINGENCY TERMINATION

i. The Parties expressly recognize that the Contractor is to be paid, reimbursed, or otherwise compensated with funds provided to the State for the purpose of contracting for the Work provided for herein, and therefore, the Contractor expressly understands and agrees that all its rights, demands, and claims to compensation arising under this Agreement are contingent upon receipt of such funds by the State. If such funds or any part thereof are not received by the State, the State may immediately terminate this Agreement without liability, including for termination costs.

17. MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

A. DESIGN CONSULTANT

- i. It is expressly understood that the Principal Representative shall directly retain the services of the Design Consultant.
- B. EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY, LABOR COMPLIANCE, AND ON THE JOB TRAINING
 - i. The Contractor confirms that it has an equal employment opportunity policy ensuring equal employment opportunity without regard to race, color,

- national origin, sex, age, religion or handicap; and that it maintains no employee facilities segregated on the basis of race, color, religion or national origin.
- ii. Non-Discrimination The Contractor shall comply with all applicable legal requirements that enumerate unlawful employment practices including discrimination because of race, religion, color, gender, age, disability, or national origin, and that define actions required for affirmative action and minority/disadvantaged business programs.

The Contractor shall not discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, age or handicap.

The Contractor shall take affirmative action to ensure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment without regard to their race, color, national origin, religion, gender, age or handicap. Such action shall include the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The Contractor agrees to post in conspicuous places, available to employees and applicants for employment, notices to be provided setting forth the provisions of this nondiscrimination clause.

- iii. Inclusion in Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include Sections 7.A (Subcontracting), 17.B (Equal Employment Opportunity, Labor Compliance, and on the Job Training) and 17.C (Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) and Emerging Small Business (ESB)) in every Subcontract over \$10,000 (including purchase orders), so that such provisions will be binding upon each Subcontractor.
- C. DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISES (DBE) AND EMERGING SMALL BUSINESS (ESB)
 - i. Disadvantaged Business Enterprises. The Contractor shall comply with CDOT's Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) Policy ensuring that DBEs shall have an equal opportunity to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with Federal funds. The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the DBE Provision. The Contractor shall either meet Contract Goal for CM/GC Services and/or shall make a good faith effort to meet the Contract Goal.
 - ii. Emerging Small Business. CDOT expects the Contractor to facilitate and incorporate participation by ESBs throughout the Project.
- iii. Inclusion in Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include Section 7.2.1, Equal Employment Opportunity, Labor Compliance, and on the Job Training, and the DBE Provision in every Subcontract (including purchase orders), and shall require that they be included in all Subcontracts, so that such provisions will be binding upon each Subcontractor.

D. LIENS

Colorado statutes do not provide for any right of lien against public property. In lieu thereof, Sections 38-26-107 et seq. C.R.S., as amended, provided adequate relief for any claimant having furnished labor, materials, rental machinery, tools, equipment or services toward construction of the particular public work in that final payment may not be made to a Contractor until all such creditors have been put on notice by publication in the public press of such pending payment and given opportunity to stop payment to the Contractor in the amount of such claims.

E. COMPLIANCE WITH CDOT INFORMATION INTERCHANGE SYSTEM ACCESS POLICY If the Contractor requires access to the CDOT Information Interchange system, the Contractor shall comply with the requirements and responsibilities for such access, which are set forth in the instructions accompanying CDOT's Information Interchange system user Account Request Form 1273A. Under no circumstances shall the Contractor or any of its employees, Subcontractors or Suppliers access, or attempt to access, the CDOT Information System through the account of a CDOT employee or a former CDOT employee.

F. DISPUTES AND CLAIMS

All Disputes and Claims shall use Dispute Resolution pursuant to Sections 105.22, 105.23, and 105.24 of the 2022 Standards Specifications, as amended, revised and modified from time to time.

G. INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

i. PATENT RIGHTS (Federal Funds). If any invention, improvement, or discovery or the Contractor or any of its Subcontractors is conceived or first actually reduced to practice in the course of or under this Agreement's Work, and if such is patentable, the Contractor shall notify the Principal Representative immediately and provide a detailed written report.

The rights and responsibilities of the Contractor, Subcontractors, Design Consultant, and the State with respect to such invention, improvement, or discovery will be determined in accordance with applicable federal laws and regulations in existence on the date of execution of this Agreement which define Contractor's title, right to elect title, federal government "march in" rights, and the scope of the federal government's right to a nonexclusive, irrevocable, paid-up license to use the subject invention for its own. The Contractor shall include the requirements of this section in its subcontracts for the performance of any Work under this Agreement.

ii. RIGHTS IN DATA AND COPYRIGHT (Federal Reserved Rights). Except for its own internal use, the Contractor shall not publish or reproduce any data/information, in whole or part, that is recorded in any form or medium whatsoever and that is delivered or specified to be delivered under this Agreement, nor may it authorize or permit others to do so, without the written consent of the federal government, through the State, until such time as the federal government may have released such data/information to the public. As authorized by 49 C.F.R. 18.34, the federal government,

through the State, reserves a royalty-free, nonexclusive, and irrevocable license to reproduce, publish or otherwise use, and to authorize the State and others to use: a) any Work developed under this Agreement or a resulting subcontract irrespective of whether or not it is copyrighted; and b) any rights of copyright to which the Contractor, or Subcontractor purchases ownership with federal assistance.

iii. INFRINGEMENT. The Contractor shall hold and save harmless the State, from any and all claims for infringement, by reason of the use of any patented design, device, material, process, any trademark or copyright and shall indemnify the State for any costs, expenses and damages which it may be obligated to pay, by reason of infringement, at any time during the prosecution or after completion of the Work.

H. EXECUTION OF EXHIBITS

It is contemplated by the Parties that certain exhibits hereto shall not be accomplished or finalized at the time this Agreement is executed as such exhibits must, by the nature of the provisions relative thereto, be executed by the Parties subsequent to the execution of this Agreement. The Parties shall be diligent in accomplishing such exhibits at the earliest appropriate time in accordance with the provisions hereof.

- I. MODIFICATION OF ARTICLE 6. TIME OF COMMENCEMENT AND COMPLETION
 - i. If an amount is indicated immediately below, liquidated damages shall be applicable to any LLTP as, and to, the extent shown below. Where an amount is indicated below, liquidated damages shall be assessed in accordance with and pursuant to the terms of Article 6, Time of Commencement and Completion, in the amounts and as here indicated. The election of liquidated damages shall limit and control the Parties' right to damages only to the extent noted.
 - a) For the inability to use the deliverables from any LLTP, for each day after the number of calendar days specified in the Contractor's LLTP CAP and the Agreement for achievement of Substantial Completion, until the day that the applicable LLTP has achieved Substantial Completion and the Notice of Substantial Completion is issued, the Contractor agrees that an amount equal to seven thousand dollars (\$7,000.00) shall be assessed against Contractor from amounts due and payable to the Contractor under the Agreement, or the Contractor and the Contractor's surety shall pay to the Principal Representative such sum for any deficiency, if amounts on account thereof are deducted from remaining amounts due, but amounts remaining are insufficient to cover the entire assessment.
 - b) For damages related to or arising from additional administrative, technical, supervisory and professional expenses related to and arising from the extended closeout period, for each day in excess of the number of calendar days specified in the Contractor's LLTP CAP proposal for the applicable LLTP and the Agreement to Finally Complete the applicable LLTP (as defined by the issuance of a CDOT Acceptance Letter) after the

issuance of the final Notice of Substantial Completion, the Contractor agrees that an amount equal to one thousand, six hundred dollars (\$1,600.00) shall be assessed against Contractor from amounts due and payable to the Contractor under the Agreement, or the Contractor and the Contractor's surety shall pay to the Principal Representative such sum for any deficiency, if amounts on account thereof are deducted from remaining amounts due but amounts remaining are insufficient to cover the entire assessment.

J. STATEWIDE CONTRACT MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

i. If the maximum amount payable to Contractor under this Agreement is \$500,000 or greater, either on the Effective Date or at any time thereafter, this section shall apply.

Contractor agrees to be governed, and to abide, by the provisions of C.R.S. \$24-102-205, \$24-102-206, \$24-103-601, \$24-103.5-101, \$24-105-101, \$24-105-102, and \$24-105-201 concerning the monitoring of vendor performance on state contracts and inclusion of contract performance information in a statewide contract management system.

Contractor understands that if the maximum amount payable to Contractor under this Agreement is \$500,000 or greater, either on the Effective Date or at any time thereafter, the State shall have the additional responsibility to prepare a Contractor Performance Evaluation Report. This report shall be maintained as part of the Contractor's file and remain part of CMS for at least 5-years following the report date.

Contractor's performance shall be subject to Evaluation and Review in accordance with the terms and conditions of this Agreement, State law, including C.R.S §24-103.5-101, and State Fiscal Rules, Policies and Guidance. Evaluation and Review of Contractor's performance shall be part of the normal contract administration process and Contractor's performance will be systematically recorded in the statewide Contract Management System. Areas of Evaluation and Review shall include, but shall not be limited to quality, cost and timeliness. Collection of information relevant to the performance of Contractor's obligations under this Agreement shall be determined by the specific requirements of such obligations and shall include factors tailored to match the requirements of Contractor's obligations. Such performance information shall be entered into the statewide Contract Management System at intervals established herein and a final Evaluation, Review and Rating shall be rendered within 30 days of the end of the Term. Contractor shall be notified following each performance Evaluation and Review, and shall address or correct any identified problem in a timely manner and maintain work progress.

Should the final performance Evaluation and Review determine that Contractor demonstrated a gross failure to meet the performance measures

established hereunder, the Executive Director of the Colorado Department of Personnel and Administration (Executive Director), upon request by the Principal Representative, and showing of good cause, may debar Contractor and prohibit Contractor from bidding on future contracts. Contractor may contest the final Evaluation, Review and Rating by: (a) filing rebuttal statements, which may result in either removal or correction of the evaluation (CRS §24-105-102(6)), or (b) under CRS §24-105-102(6), exercising the debarment protest and appeal rights provided in CRS §824-109-106, 107, 201 or 202, which may result in the reversal of the debarment and reinstatement of Contractor, by the Executive Director, upon showing of good cause.

K. GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement to the contrary, no term or condition of this Agreement shall be construed or interpreted as a waiver, express or implied, of any of the immunities, rights, benefits, protection, or other provisions of the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, Section 24-10-101, et. seq., CRS, as now or hereafter amended. The Parties understand and agree that liability for claims for injuries to persons or property arising out of negligence of the State, its departments, institutions, agencies, boards, officials and employees is controlled and limited by the provisions of Section 24-10-101, et. seq., CRS, as now or hereafter amended and the risk management statutes, Section 24-30-1501, et. seq., CRS, as now or hereafter amended.

L. LEGAL AUTHORITY

The Contractor warrants that it possesses the legal authority to enter into this Agreement and that it has taken all actions required by its procedures, bylaws, and/or applicable law to exercise that authority, and to lawfully authorize its undersigned signatory to execute this Agreement and to bind the Contractor to its terms. The person(s) executing this Agreement on behalf of the Contractor warrant(s) that such person(s) have full authorization to execute this Agreement.

M. ASSIGNMENTS AND SUBCONTRACTS

Contractor's rights and obligations hereunder are personal and may not be transferred, assigned or subcontracted without the prior, written consent of the State. Any attempt at assignment, transfer, subcontracting without such consent shall be void. All assignments, subcontracts, or Subcontractors approved by Contractor or the State are subject to all of the provisions hereof.

N. BINDING EFFECT

Except as otherwise provided in Section 17.13, Assignments and Subcontracts, all provisions herein contained, including the benefits and burdens, shall extend to and be binding upon the Parties' respective heirs, legal representatives, successors, and assigns.

O. CAPTIONS

The captions and headings in this Agreement are for convenience of reference only, and shall not be used to interpret, define, or limit its provisions.

P. COUNTERPARTS

This Agreement may be executed in multiple identical original counterparts, all of which shall constitute one agreement.

O. ENTIRE UNDERSTANDING

This Agreement represents the complete integration of all understandings between the Parties and all prior representations and understandings, oral or written, are merged herein. Prior or contemporaneous additions, deletions, or other changes hereto shall not have any force or affect whatsoever, unless embodied herein.

R. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

All suits or actions related to this Agreement shall be filed and proceedings held in the State of Colorado and exclusive venue shall be in the City and County of Denver.

S. MODIFICATION

- i. By the Parties: Except as specifically provided in this Agreement, modifications of this Agreement shall not be effective unless agreed to in writing by both Parties in an Amendment to this Agreement, properly executed and approved in accordance with applicable Colorado State law, State Fiscal Rules. Modifications permitted under this Agreement, other than Amendments, shall conform to the policies of the Office of the State Controller, including, but not limited to, the policy, MODIFICATIONS OF CONTRACTS TOOLS AND FORMS.
- ii. By Operation of Law: This Agreement is subject to such modifications as may be required by changes in federal or Colorado State law, or their implementing regulations. Any such required modification automatically shall be incorporated into and be part of this Agreement on the effective date of such change, as if fully set forth herein.

T. SURVIVAL OF CERTAIN CONTRACT TERMS

Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, provisions of this Agreement requiring continued performance, compliance, or effect after termination hereof, shall survive such termination and shall be enforceable by the State if Contractor fails to perform or comply as required.

U. TAXES

The State is exempt from all federal excise taxes under IRC Chapter 32 (No. 84-730123K) and from all State and local government sales and use taxes under CRS §§39-26-101 and 201 et seq. Such exemptions apply when materials are purchased or services are rendered to benefit the State; provided however, that certain political subdivisions (e.g., City of Denver) may require payment of sales or use taxes even though the product or service is provided to the State. Contractor shall be solely liable for paying such taxes as the State is prohibited from paying or reimbursing Contractor for such taxes.

V. THIRD PARTY BENEFICIARIES

Enforcement of this Agreement and all rights and obligations hereunder are reserved solely to the Parties. Any services or benefits which third parties

receive as a result of this Agreement are incidental to the Agreement, and do not create any rights for such third parties.

W. WAIVER

Waiver of any breach under a term, provision, or requirement of this Agreement, or any right or remedy hereunder, whether explicitly or by lack of enforcement, shall not be construed or deemed as a waiver of any subsequent breach of such term, provision or requirement, or of any other term, provision, or requirement.

X. CORA DISCLOSURE

To the extent not prohibited by federal law, this Agreement and the performance measures and standards under CRS \$24-103.5-101, if any, are subject to public release through the Colorado Open Records Act, CRS \$24-72-101, et seq.

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18. FHWA Special Provisions

SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Federal Maritime Administration (MARAD) 46 CFR 381

DESCRIPTION

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) in partnership with the Federal Maritime Administration (MARAD) has mandated the implementation of 46 CFR 381 making the cargo preference requirements applicable to the Federal Aid Highway Program.

The requirements of this Special Provision apply to items transported by ocean vessel.

CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS

A. General

Utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. Gross tonnage is computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers.

Furnish a legible, English language copy of a rated 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading for each shipment of cargo described in the previous paragraph. Furnish the bill-of-lading within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating in the United States and within 30 working days following the date of loading from shipments originating outside the United States.

Furnish bills-of-lading to the CDOT Engineer and to the following:

Division of National Cargo Office of Market Development Maritime Administration Washington, DC 20590

B. Subcontracts

Include the language in Section "A, General" of this Special Provision in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.

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19. COLORADO SPECIAL PROVISIONS

COLORADO SPECIAL PROVISIONS (COLORADO FISCAL RULE 3-3)

These Special Provisions apply to all contracts except where noted in italics.

A. STATUTORY APPROVAL. §24-30-202(1), C.R.S.

This Contract shall not be valid until it has been approved by the Colorado State Controller or designee. If this Contract is for a Major Information Technology Project, as defined in §24-37.5-102(2.6), then this Contract shall not be valid until it has been approved by the State's Chief Information Officer or designee.

B. FUND AVAILABILITY. §24-30-202(5.5), C.R.S.

Financial obligations of the State payable after the current State Fiscal Year are contingent upon funds for that purpose being appropriated, budgeted, and otherwise made available.

C. GOVERNMENTAL IMMUNITY.

Liability for claims for injuries to persons or property arising from the negligence of the State, its departments, boards, commissions committees, bureaus, offices, employees and officials shall be controlled and limited by the provisions of the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, §24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S.; the Federal Tort Claims Act, 28 U.S.C. Pt. VI, Ch. 171 and 28 U.S.C. 1346(b), and the State's risk management statutes, §§24-30-1501, et seq. C.R.S. No term or condition of this Contract shall be construed or interpreted as a waiver, express or implied, of any of the immunities, rights, benefits, protections, or other provisions, contained in these statutes.

D. INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

Contractor shall perform its duties hereunder as an independent contractor and not as an employee. Neither Contractor nor any agent or employee of Contractor shall be deemed to be an agent or employee of the State. Contractor shall not have authorization, express or implied, to bind the State to any agreement, liability or understanding, except as expressly set forth herein. Contractor and its employees and agents are not entitled to unemployment insurance or workers compensation benefits through the State and the State shall not pay for or otherwise provide such coverage for Contractor or any of its agents or employees. Contractor shall pay when due all applicable employment taxes and income taxes and local head taxes incurred pursuant to this Contract. Contractor shall (i) provide and keep in force workers' compensation and unemployment compensation insurance in the amounts required by law, (ii) provide proof thereof when requested by the State, and (iii) be solely responsible for its acts and those of its employees and agents.

E. COMPLIANCE WITH LAW.

Contractor shall comply with all applicable federal and State laws, rules, and regulations in effect or hereafter established, including, without limitation, laws applicable to discrimination and unfair employment practices.

F. CHOICE OF LAW, JURISDICTION, AND VENUE.

Page 1 of 3

Effective 11/1/2018 Revised 9/23/2019 Colorado law, and rules and regulations issued pursuant thereto, shall be applied in the interpretation, execution, and enforcement of this Contract. Any provision included or incorporated herein by reference which conflicts with said laws, rules, and regulations shall be null and void. All suits or actions related to this Contract shall be filed and proceedings held in the State of Colorado and exclusive venue shall be in the City and County of Denver.

G. PROHIBITED TERMS.

Any term included in this Contract that requires the State to indemnify or hold Contractor harmless; requires the State to agree to binding arbitration; limits Contractor's liability for damages resulting from death, bodily injury, or damage to tangible property; or that conflicts with this provision in any way shall be void ab initio. Nothing in this Contract shall be construed as a waiver of any provision of §24-106-109 C.R.S.

H. SOFTWARE PIRACY PROHIBITION.

State or other public funds payable under this Contract shall not be used for the acquisition, operation, or maintenance of computer software in violation of federal copyright laws or applicable licensing restrictions. Contractor hereby certifies and warrants that, during the term of this Contract and any extensions, Contractor has and shall maintain in place appropriate systems and controls to prevent such improper use of public funds. If the State determines that Contractor is in violation of this provision, the State may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity or under this Contract, including, without limitation, immediate termination of this Contract and any remedy consistent with federal copyright laws or applicable licensing restrictions.

I. EMPLOYEE FINANCIAL INTEREST/CONFLICT OF INTEREST. §§24-18-201 and 24-50-507, C.R.S.

The signatories aver that to their knowledge, no employee of the State has any personal or beneficial interest whatsoever in the service or property described in this Contract. Contractor has no interest and shall not acquire any interest, direct or indirect, that would conflict in any manner or degree with the performance of Contractor's services and Contractor shall not employ any person having such known interests.

J. VENDOR OFFSET AND ERRONEOUS PAYMENTS. §§24-30-202(1) and 24-30-202.4, C.R.S.

[Not applicable to intergovernmental agreements] Subject to §24-30-202.4(3.5), C.R.S., the State Controller may withhold payment under the State's vendor offset intercept system for debts owed to State agencies for: (i) unpaid child support debts or child support arrearages; (ii) unpaid balances of tax, accrued interest, or other charges specified in §§39-21-101, et seq., C.R.S.; (iii) unpaid loans due to the Student Loan Division of the Department of Higher Education; (iv) amounts required to be paid to the Unemployment Compensation Fund; and (v) other unpaid debts owing to the State as a result of final agency determination or judicial action. The State may also recover, at the State's discretion, payments made to Contractor in error for any reason, including, but not limited to, overpayments or improper payments, and unexpended or excess funds received by Contractor by deduction from subsequent payments under

this Contract, deduction from any payment due under any other contracts, grants or agreements between the State and Contractor, or by any other appropriate method for collecting debts owed to the State.

K. PUBLIC CONTRACTS FOR SERVICES. §§8-17.5-101, et seg., C.R.S.

[Not applicable to agreements relating to the offer, issuance, or sale of securities, investment advisory services or fund management services, sponsored projects, intergovernmental agreements, or information technology services or products and services Contractor certifies, warrants, and agrees that it does not knowingly employ or contract with an illegal alien who will perform work under this Contract and will confirm the employment eligibility of all employees who are newly hired for employment in the United States to perform work under this Contract, through participation in the E-Verify Program or the State verification program established pursuant to §8-17.5-102(5)(c), C.R.S., Contractor shall not knowingly employ or contract with an illegal alien to perform work under this Contract or enter into a contract with a Subcontractor that fails to certify to Contractor that the Subcontractor shall not knowingly employ or contract with an illegal alien to perform work under this Contract. Contractor (i) shall not use E-Verify Program or the program procedures of the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment ("Department Program") to undertake pre-employment screening of job applicants while this Contract is being performed, (ii) shall notify the Subcontractor and the contracting State agency or institution of higher education within 3 days if Contractor has actual knowledge that a Subcontractor is employing or contracting with an illegal alien for work under this Contract, (iii) shall terminate the subcontract if a Subcontractor does not stop employing or contracting with the illegal alien within 3 days of receiving the notice, and (iv) shall comply with reasonable requests made in the course of an investigation, undertaken pursuant to §8-17.5-102(5), C.R.S., by the Colorado Department of Labor and Employment. If Contractor participates in the Department program, Contractor shall deliver to the contracting State agency, Institution of Higher Education or political subdivision, a written, notarized affirmation, affirming that Contractor has examined the legal work status of such employee, and shall comply with all of the other requirements of the Department program. If Contractor fails to comply with any requirement of this provision or §§8-17.5-101, et seq., C.R.S., the contracting State agency, institution of higher education or political subdivision may terminate this Contract for breach and, if so terminated, Contractor shall be liable for damages.

L. PUBLIC CONTRACTS WITH NATURAL PERSONS. §§24-76.5-101, et seq., C.R.S.

Contractor, if a natural person eighteen (18) years of age or older, hereby swears and affirms under penalty of perjury that Contractor (i) is a citizen or otherwise lawfully present in the United States pursuant to federal law, (ii) shall comply with the provisions of §§24-76.5-101, et seq., C.R.S., and (iii) has produced one form of identification required by §24-76.5-103, C.R.S. prior to the Effective Date of this Contract.

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Effective 11/1/2018 Revised 9/23/2019

EXHIBIT A - PRECONSTRUCTION ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES MATRIX

EXHIBIT B.1 - CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATE OF LIABILITY INSURANCE

EXHIBIT B.2 - CONTRACTOR'S CERTIFICATION

firm of: __Contractor____; and

I hereby certify:			
a. That I am	Name	,Title	, and a duly authorized representative of the

- b. That the wage rates and other factual unit costs supporting the compensation to be paid by the State for these professional services are accurate, complete, and current; and
- c. That I understand the original contract price and any additions shall be adjusted to exclude any significant sums by which the State determines the contract price had been increased due to inaccurate, incomplete, or non-current wage rates and other factual unit costs; and
- d. That all such contract adjustments shall be made within one year following the end of this contract.

CONTRACTOR		
Signature		

EXHIBIT D - SAMPLE CONTRACT AMENDMENT

SAMPLE CONTRACT AMENDMENT

Amendment # Original Contract # AMD #

PO #	Project #	_	Routing #	
1) PARTIES This Amendment to the above-referenced Original Contract (hereinafter referred to as the "Contract") dated Contract Routing # is entered into by and between the STATE OF COLORADO (hereinafter referred to as the "Principal Representative"), and Colorado Bridge Enterprise acting by and through the Department of Transportation, (hereinafter referred to as "CDOT"), andName,Address,City,State,Zip (hereinafter called "Contractor"), collectively referred to herein as the "Parties."				
2) EFFECTIVE DATE AND ENFORM This Amendment shall not be effective Colorado State Controller or despate"). The State shall not be being the controller including, but not ling provision hereof prior to the Effective Colorador including.	fective or enfor signee CDOT Con iable to pay or r nited to, costs o	ntroller (hereina eimburse Contra	Ifter called the "Effect actor for any performa	tive nce
3) FACTUAL RECITALS The Parties entered into the Orthe Project I				for
CONSIDERATION The Parties acknowledge that the good and valuable consideration				
a. LIMITS OF EFFECT				
This Amendment is incorporated prior amendments thereto, if armodified herein.				
4) MODIFICATIONS The Amendment and all prior ar a. The parties now wish to amenthe original basic contract in Se Agreement contained provisions Contract Not to Exceed Amount As full compensation for the Wounder the Contract Documents, (herein referred to as the "Contract Contract C	nd the contract ction 10., Chang for Contract Mo of \$ ork and all other CDOT shall pay	to increase the ges in the Work. odification by fo	Contract Price, as con The subject ormal amendment only be performed by the Co	•
5) START DATE This Amendment shall take effe	ct upon the dat	e of the State Co	ontroller's Signature.	
6) AVAILABLE FUNDS Financial obligations of the state payable after the current fiscal year are contingent upon funds for that purpose being appropriated, budgeted, or otherwise made available. THE PARTIES HERETO HAVE EXECUTED THIS AMENDMENT				upon
CONTRACTOR		STA	ATE OF COLORADO	
Name			D POLIS, GOVERNOR	

Colorado Department of Transportation For the Executive Director
By:
Signature - CDOT Chief Engineer
LEGAL REVIEW Phil Weiser, Attorney General
, •
By:
Signature - First Assistant Attorney General

ALL CONTRACTS REQUIRE APPROVAL BY THE STATE CONTROLLER

CRS §24-30-202 requires the State Controller to approve all State Contracts. This Contract is not valid until signed and dated below by the State Controller or delegate. Contractor is not authorized to begin performance until such time. If Contractor begins performing prior thereto, the State of Colorado is not obligated to pay Contractor for such performance or for any goods and/or services provided hereunder.

By:	STATE CONTROLLER ROBERT JAROS, CPA, MBA, JD
, -	Colorado Department of Transportation
	Date:

EXHIBIT E - Appendix A & E - THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION (USDOT) STANDARD TITLE VI/NON-DISCRIMINATION ASSURANCE

APPENDIX A

^{*}Persons signing for Contractor hereby swear and affirm that they are authorized to act on Contractor's behalf and acknowledge that the State is relying on their representations to that effect.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- 1. **Compliance with Regulations:** The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Colorado Department of Transportation, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- 2. **Non-discrimination**: The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- 3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- 4. Information and Reports: The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Colorado Department of Transportation to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Colorado Department of Transportation, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
- 5. Sanctions for Noncompliance: In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Colorado Department of Transportation may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
 - b. cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
- 6. Incorporation of Provisions: The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Colorado Department of Transportation may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

APPENDIX E

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

Exhibit F - Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements for CDOT Construction Manager/General Contractor (CM/GC) Contracts

DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE (DBE) REQUIREMENTS FOR CDOT CONSTRUCTION MANAGER/GENERAL CONTRACTOR (CM/GC) CONTRACTS

All parties included in the performance of work on the Contract shall comply with the terms of the CM/GC contract and the project's CM/GC Request for Proposal.

I. DEFINITIONS

B2GNow. Web based platform utilized by CDOT to track Civil Rights compliance (DBE/ESB participation) and prompt payment requirements on its contracts. The Contractor will use this platform to submit Utilization Plan(s), Subcontractor and Supplier/Vendor information on B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project and subsequent Change Orders.

B2GNow Master Contract. Overarching agreement in B2GNow between CDOT and the Contractor, whereby the Contractor will be compensated in exchange for providing Professional Services and ancillary services.

Civil Rights. The CDOT Civil Rights office handling the contract. This can be either in the region or headquarters.

Civil Rights and Business Resource Center. CDOT's Civil Rights office at Headquarters.

Commercially Useful Function (CUF). Responsibility for the execution of work by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work, as described in 49 CFR 26.55(c).

Commitment. A portion of B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project designated by the Contractor for participation by DBE firms. The DBE firm(s) are included in the proposal team for participation to meet the Contract Goal. Commitments must identify the work to be performed by the DBE and include the percentage of the contract committed to each DBE firm. Commitments are measured at the end of the contract and are calculated by the actual payments to a DBE firm divided by the total payments made under B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project.

Contract Goal Percentage. The percentage of B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project established by CDOT for reasonable participation by DBEs and stated in the CM/GC Request for Proposal for Contractor services.

Contractor. An individual, firm, corporation, or other legal entity with a direct contractual relationship with CDOT to render CM/GC Services and ancillary services.

Construction Manager/General Contract (CM/GC). The Alternative Delivery agreement between CDOT and the Contractor, whereby the Contractor will be compensated in exchange for providing CM/GC services.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE). A Colorado certified Disadvantaged Business Enterprise listed on the Colorado Unified Certification Program (UCP) DBE Directory at www.coloradodbe.org.

Emerging Small Business (ESB). A CDOT certified Emerging Small Business firm listed on the ESB Directory at www.coloradoesb.org.

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Good Faith Efforts (GFE). All necessary and reasonable steps to secure the necessary Commitments to meet the Contract Goal or other requirements of this contract, which by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective could reasonably be expected to fulfill the contract requirement. Guidance on Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal is provided in 49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A.

Professional Services. The practice of architecture, engineering, professional land surveying, landscape architecture, and industrial hygiene as defined in Colo. Rev. Stat. 24-30-1402.

Reduction. Reduction occurs when the Contractor reduces a Commitment to a DBE. A reduction is a partial Termination.

Subcontractor. An individual, firm, corporation or other legal entity to whom the Contractor sublets part of the contract. For purposes of these requirements, the term Subcontractor includes Suppliers/Vendors.

Substitution. Substitution occurs when a Contractor seeks to find another certified DBE firm to perform work on the contract as a result of a Reduction or Termination.

Termination. Termination occurs when a Contractor no longer intends to use a DBE firm for fulfillment of a Commitment. This includes, but is not limited to, instances in which a Contractor seeks to perform work originally designated for a DBE Subcontractor with its own forces or those of an affiliate, a nonDBE firm, or with another DBE firm.

Utilization Plan (UP). If using the B2GNow system, documentation of Subcontractor and Supplier/Vendor participation on the B2GNow Master Contract and in the CM/GC contract. The Utilization Plan details all Subcontractor and Suppliers/Vendors included as part of the proposal team and Commitments by percentage made by the Contractor. The Utilization Plan must be submitted by the Contractor in B2GNow within five (5) calendar days of receiving notice from CDOT to complete the Utilization Plan.

Vendor. Participant on a CDOT contract that is providing services not considered to be a Professional Services as defined in Colo. Rev. Stat. 24-30-1402.

Work Code. A code to identify the work that a DBE is certified to perform. A work code includes a six (6) digit North American Industry Classifications System (NAICS) code plus a descriptor. Work codes are listed on a firm's profile on the Colorado UCP DBE Directory. The Contractor may contact the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center (CRBRC) to receive guidance on whether a work code covers the work to be performed.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION AND SUBCONTRACTING REQUIREMENTS

The following requirements apply to all contracts and subcontracts.

A. Contractor Assurance. By submitting a proposal for this contract, the Contractor agrees to the following assurance: The Contractor, sub recipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this CM/GC Contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this Contract, which may result in the termination of this CM/GC Contract or such other remedy as CDOT deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to 1) withholding monthly progress payments 2) assessing sanctions 3) liquidated damages 4) disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

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B. *Prompt Payment*. Payments to all Subcontractors shall be made within seven (7) calendar days of receipt of payment from CDOT or no later than ninety (90) calendar days from the date of the submission of a complete invoice from the Subcontractor, whichever occurs first. If the Contractor has good cause to dispute an amount invoiced by a Subcontractor, the Contractor shall notify CDOT no later than the required date for payment. Such notification shall include the amount disputed and justification for the withholding. The Contractor shall maintain records of payment that show amounts paid to all Subcontractors. Good cause does not include failure to timely submit an invoice or to deposit payments made. The Contractor shall electronically submit prompt payment audit reports through B2GNow by the fifteenth (15th) of each month through the B2GNow software. If no payment has been made, the Contractor shall document this in the prompt payment audit report. CDOT will enforce the states Prompt Payment law, CRS 24-91-103(2).

C. Subcontract Terms. The assurance provided in subsection "A" and the prompt payment terms outlined in subsection "B" of this section shall be included in all subcontracts or other agreements for the performance of work on the contract.

III. B2GNOW MASTER CONTRACT AND CM/GC COMMITMENT

At the time of initial proposal, the Contractor must make a contractually binding guarantee to meet the Contract Goal in accordance with 49 CFR 26.53.

A. Affidavit of Small Business Participation. The Affidavit of Small Business Participation is the Contractor's contractually binding guarantee to meet the Contract Goal or make Good Faith Efforts to do so. CDOT's Affidavit of Small Business Participation form must be submitted with the Contractor's statement of interest proposal.

B. B2GNow Master Contract Utilization Plan (UP). Within five (5) calendar days of selection as the "most qualified" proposer, the Contractor will receive a notice from CDOT to complete and submit a Utilization Plan via B2GNow. In order to complete the Utilization Plan, the Contractor shall list all DBE, ESB, and nonDBE/ESB Subcontractors and Suppliers/Vendors included as part of its "most qualified" team. The Utilization Plan shall also include all Commitments by percentage. Requests for Change Orders under the Master Contract will not be submitted until there is a Master Contract Utilization Plan approved by CDOT in the B2GNow system.

C. Contractor Responsibility. The Contractor is solely responsible for ensuring that the Contract Goal is achieved upon completion of the work, expenditure of funds, and/or expiration of the Master and CM/GC Contract, whichever occurs first.

D. Master and CM/GC Contract Good Faith Effort Requirement. The Master and CM/GC Contract will not be approved by CDOT until the Contractor documents sufficient Commitments to meet the Contract Goal or demonstrates Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal even though it did not succeed in obtaining sufficient Commitments to do so.

- 1. Good Faith Efforts mean that the Contractor:
 - a. Documents it has obtained enough DBE participation to meet the Contract Goal, or
 - b. Documents that it made adequate good faith efforts to meet the Contract Goal, even though it did not succeed in obtaining enough DBE participation to do so

- 2. If the Contractor has not documented sufficient Commitments to meet the Contract Goal, the Contractor shall provide an explanation of its efforts to obtain Commitments by submitting the CDOT *Professional Services Good Faith Efforts Report* form and supporting documentation.
 - a. The Civil Rights and Business Resource Center will conduct a review to determine whether the Contractor has demonstrated Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal
 - b. The Civil Rights and Business Resource Center will approve B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project's Utilization Plan if it determines that the Contractor has made Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal
- 3. In conducting Good Faith Effort reviews, the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center will utilize the guidance found in Appendix A to 49 CFR Part 26, where applicable. The Civil Rights and Business Resource Center may also consider, but is not limited to, the following factors in evaluating the Contractor's Good Faith Efforts:
 - Performance of other contractors in meeting DBE goals on contracts that have a similar scope of work, contract amount, location, and time frame
 - b. Reason(s) for choosing a nonDBE subcontractor over an interested DBE
 - c. Documentation of DBEs solicited by the Contractor and verification from the DBEs that they were actually contacted by the Contractor, including DBE firms outside of the "most qualified" team in the event that DBE team members are unavailable or unwilling to participate
 - Past performance by the Contractor, including on prior Change Orders under the specific B2GNow Master Contract for the CM/GC project and other CDOT contracts
 - e. Any other factors that may be pertinent to the factual circumstances
- 4. If the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center determines that the Contractor has made Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal, the B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project's Utilization Plan will be approved.

E. Administrative Reconsideration. If the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center determines that the Contractor did not demonstrate Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal, the Contractor will be provided a written notice of its determination and an opportunity for administrative reconsideration by the Chief Engineer or a designee.

- 1. Administrative reconsideration will be conducted by the Chief Engineer or a designee.
 - a. The Contractor will have five (5) calendar days from the written notice to request administrative reconsideration of an adverse Good Faith Efforts determination
 - b. The request shall include the basis for reconsideration and any supporting documentation that the Contractor would like to be considered as part of the reconsideration
 - c. The reconsideration should also specify whether the Contractor is requesting an informal, in person or telephonic hearing with CDOT to address the issues in the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center's Good Faith Efforts determination
 - d. If a request for an informal hearing is not made, the Contractor will be deemed to have waived this opportunity
- 2. Upon a hearing request, the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center will establish a date and time for the hearing and send written notice via email to the Contractor at least two (2) business days in

advance of the hearing.

- a. If schedules permit, the parties may waive the two (2) business day requirement
- The Chief Engineer or designee may request additional documentation from the Contractor and/or the Civil Rights and Business Resource Center
- c. A copy of all requests and responses should be provided to the other party and the other party shall be given an opportunity to respond
- 3. The Chief Engineer or a designee shall issue the final determination as to whether the Contractor made Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal.
 - a. The determination will be in writing and explain the basis for the Chief Engineer's or designee's decision regarding whether or not the Contractor demonstrated Good Faith Efforts to meet the Contract Goal
 - b. The Good Faith Efforts determination of the Chief Engineer or designee is not appealable

IV. ELIGIBLE DBE PARTICIPATION

In order to count towards the Contract Goal, (1) the work performed by the DBE Contractor, Subcontractor, or Supplier/Vendor must be identified in an approved Commitment, and (2) the Contractor, Subcontractor, or Supplier/Vendor must be DBE certified in the committed work upon submission of the Commitment and approval of B2Now's Master Contract or Change Order. CDOT will evaluate whether the work it is committed to perform can reasonably be construed to fall within the work areas for which the DBE Contractor, Subcontractor, or Supplier/Vendor is certified.

A. If a Contractor, Subcontractor, or Supplier/Vendor is decertified as a DBE following the approval of the CM/GC Contract or a Change Order, its participation may continue to count as DBE participation. The Contractor, Subcontractor, or Supplier/Vendor may not continue to count as a DBE participant on any new Change Orders approved after it has been decertified as a DBE.

- B. Only work actually performed by the DBE will count towards the Contract Goal.
 - 1. The Contractor may count the entire amount of fees or commissions charged by a DBE firm for:
 - a. Providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, contractor, or managerial services
 - b. Providing assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials or supplies required for the performance on the CM/GC Contract or Change Order, provided that the fee or commission is determined by CDOT to be reasonable and not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services
 - 2. When a DBE subcontracts part of the work of its contract to another firm, individual, or entity, the value of the subcontracted work may only be counted if the subcontractor is also a DBE certified firm.
 - a. Work that a DBE subcontracts out to a non-certified firm will not count toward the goal
 - b. DBE firms may use an employee leasing company for the work
 - i. The participation of the leased employees will count only if the certified DBE firm maintains an employer-employee relationship with the leased employees
 - ii. This includes being responsible for hiring, firing, training, assigning, and otherwise

controlling the on the job activities of the leased employees, as well as ultimate responsibility for wage and tax obligations related to the employees

- c. Unless certified in the work to be performed, staffing agencies only count toward the Contract Goal for placement fees and any hourly fee beyond the temporary employee's actual rate of pay
- 3. When a DBE performs as a participant in a joint venture:
 - a. Only the portion of the total dollar value of the CM/GC Contract or Change Order equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the work that the DBE performs with its own forces may count toward the Contract Goal
 - b. In order to receive credit, the joint venture agreement must be submitted as an attachment in the Utilization Plan submitted through B2GNow for review and approval by CDOT

C. A DBE must be performing a Commercially Useful Function, as defined by 49 CFR 26.55(c), in order for its participation to count towards the Contract Goal.

- 1. To perform a Commercially Useful Function:
 - a. The DBE must be responsible for the execution of the work to be performed on the Contract and
 - b. Actually performing, managing, and supervising the work
- 2. In evaluating whether a DBE is performing a Commercially Useful Function, CDOT will consider factors, including but not limited to:
 - a. The amount of subcontracted work
 - b. Industry practices, and
 - Whether payment to the DBE is commensurate with the work for which the DBE is claiming credit, and any other relevant factors
- 3. A DBE does not perform a Commercially Useful Function if its role is limited to that of an extra participant:
 - a. In a transaction
 - b. Through which funds are passed in order to obtain the appearance of DBE participation
- 4. A DBE is presumed as not performing a Commercially Useful Function:
 - a. When it does not perform or exercise responsibility for at least thirty (30) percent of the total cost of the work it is contracted to perform with its own workforce
 - b. When the DBE subcontracts a greater portion of its work than would be expected based on normal industry practice for the type of work involved. In these circumstances, the DBE may present evidence to CDOT in order to rebut the presumption
- 5. CDOT's determinations regarding Commercially Useful Function matters are not appealable

V. UTILIZATION PLAN MODIFICATIONS

A. Reduction, Substitution, Termination. Reduction, Substitution, or Termination of Commitments during the

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life of the B2GNow's Master and CM/GC Contract shall only be permitted at the discretion of CDOT based upon a demonstration of Good Cause by the Contractor. The Contractor may not Reduce, Substitute, Terminate, or add Commitments without CDOT approval. Contractors may request modification approval by submitting to CDOT the *Professional Services DBE Participation Plan Modification Request* form.

- Notice to Subcontractor. Before requesting CDOT approval, the Contractor must give the DBE
 Subcontractor notice in writing of the Contractor's intent to Reduce, Substitute or Terminate the
 Subcontractor's work through the CDOT Professional Services DBE Participation Plan Modification
 Request form. Unless otherwise waived in writing by the DBE, the Contractor must give the DBE five
 (5) calendar days to respond to the Contractor's notice and advise CDOT of the reasons, if any, that it
 objects to the proposed Reduction, Substitution or Termination and why the Contractor's action should
 not be approved. If required as a matter of public necessity (e.g., safety), CDOT may waive or reduce
 the period to respond. The DBE firm may also voluntarily waive the response period.
- 2. Good Cause Requirement. A Contractor must demonstrate Good Cause before a request for Reduction, Substitution or Termination can be approved by CDOT. Good Cause does not exist if Reduction, Substitution or Termination of a DBE is sought solely so that the Contractor can self perform the work for which the DBE was engaged or so that the Contractor can substitute another firm to perform the work. In evaluating whether Good Cause exists, CDOT will consider, but is not limited to, the following factors:
 - a. Changes in the scope of work or scheduling that directly impacts the work committed to the DBE
 - b. Failure or refusal by the DBE to execute a written contract
 - c. Failure or refusal by the DBE to perform the work of its subcontract consistent with normal the industry standards, provided that such failure is not the result of bad faith or discriminatory actions of Contractor or one of its Subcontractors
 - d. The DBE fails to meet reasonable, nondiscriminatory insurance requirement
 - e. The DBE becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness
 - f. The DBE is ineligible to work because of suspension or debarment proceedings or other state law
 - g. The DBE is not a responsible Contractor
 - The listed DBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides to you written notice of its withdrawal
 - i. The listed DBE is ineligible to receive credit for its participation
 - j. The DBE owner dies or becomes disabled and the firm is unable to complete the work it is committed to perform
 - k. The DBE ceases business operations or otherwise dissolves
 - Other documented good cause reasons determined by CDOT to compel the termination of the DBE Subcontractor
- 3. Good Faith Effort Requirement. When a Commitment is Reduced or Terminated (including when a DBE withdraws), the Contractor shall make Good Faith Efforts to replace the DBE participation that has been Terminated or Reduced up to the Contract Goal. The replacement DBE(s) participation and amount does not have to be in the same type of work that was Terminated or Reduced.
 - a. Prior to making a DBE substitution, the Contractor must submit a CDOT Professional Services DBE Participation Plan Modification Request form and receive CDOT's approval for the substitution
 - b. An approval of the modification constitutes a modification of the Utilization Plan. A Project Cost

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Worksheet, or a Letter of Intent for Supplier/Vendor Subcontractor, must be submitted for each substitute DBE approved by CDOT.

B. Change Orders. Civil Rights will be notified when Change Orders change the scope of the CM/GC Contract. Contractors must obtain prior CDOT approval for the addition of Subcontractors and Suppliers/Vendors not previously included as part of the selected team. If the CM/GC Contract requires additional funds or needs a time extension a Change Order will be submitted to CDOT for approval. Civil Rights will input the Change Order information into the B2GNow system.

VI. ENFORCEMENT

It is the sole responsibility of the Contractor to ensure that Commitments are fulfilled or to request Utilization Plan modifications in a timely manner as described in Section V. Approval of Change Orders under the Master Contract is not an explicit or implicit approval by CDOT of any Commitment Terminations, Reductions, Substitutions, or any other waiver of B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project's DBE requirements.

A. CDOT may conduct reviews or investigations of participants as necessary. All participants on B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project and all subsequent Change Orders under that Master Contract, including, but not limited to, DBE Subcontractors or Suppliers/Vendors and applicants for DBE certification, ESB Subcontractors and applicants for ESB certification, complainants, and Contractors using Subcontractors to meet the Contract Goal are required to cooperate fully and promptly with compliance reviews, certification reviews, investigations, and other requests for information.

B. If CDOT determines that a Contractor, Subcontractor or Supplier/Vendor was a knowing and willing participant in any intended or actual subcontracting arrangement contrived to artificially inflate DBE participation or any other business arrangement determined by CDOT to be unallowable, or if the Contractor engages in repeated violations, falsification or misrepresentation, CDOT may:

- 1. Refuse to count any fraudulent or misrepresented DBE/ESB participation
- 2. Withhold progress payments to the Contractor commensurate with the violation
- 3. Reduce the Contractor's prequalification status
- Refer the matter to the Office of Inspector General of the US Department of Transportation for investigation
- 5. Seek any other available contractual remedy
- C. CDOT may seek reimbursement from the Contractor at project closing for failure to comply with these requirements.
- D. If the Contractor fails to fulfill any Commitments at the conclusion of the B2GNow's Master and CM/GC Contract, CDOT may seek reimbursement from the Contractor. The reimbursement will equal the difference between the total dollar amount of the Commitment and the total dollar amount of actual payments made to the committed DBE firm(s). The total dollar amount of a Commitment will be calculated by multiplying the percentage identified in the Commitment with the total dollar value of the actual payments made by CDOT to the Contractor on the Master Contract.
- E. CDOT will adjust the total reimbursement amount if the Contractor demonstrates that its failure to meet Commitments was approved by CDOT through the modification process described in Section V.
- F. For the purposes of evaluating the reimbursement amounts that CDOT will be seeking from the Contractor

for unfulfilled Commitments, CDOT shall consider, but is not limited to, the following:

- 1. The difference between the total of B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project amount awarded and the actual payments made by CDOT to the Contractor
- 2. Any material changes to the Master Contract, including the scope of the work, total amount, location, and scheduling
- Whether any of the work types associated with a Commitment was self performed by the Contractor or performed by another firm
- 4. Whether the Contractor was aware of any circumstances that would materially affect its ability to meet its Commitments and took timely and reasonable steps to address it
- 5. Circumstances outside of the Contractor's control
- 6. Any other relevant considerations

G. CDOT will provide written notice to the Contractor of any amounts for which it is seeking reimbursement. Contractors must reimburse CDOT within thirty (30) calendar business days of the written notice.

IV. CHANGE ORDER AND MASTER CONTRACT CLOSEOUT

CDOT will collect a completed CDOT *Professional Services Closeout Report* form upon completion of the work, expenditure of funds, and/or expiration of each Change Order and B2GNow's Master Contract for the CM/GC project. This form will report the final actual DBE participation on the Master Contract and any amounts for which CDOT will be seeking reimbursement due to the Contractor not meeting Commitments.